

XVIII YEAR.

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THE SEASIDE INN-Cor. First and Pacific Ave., east side Pacific Park. Select family hotel, unexcelled table board. Tel Main 46.—ISAAC W. HALL, Prop.

# MILES AWAY.

**TheCommandingGeneral** Has Sailed.

**Expedition for Porto Rico Leaves** for the Island.

Crushing Blow to Be Dealt the Waiting Spaniards.

BLOODLESS VICTORY LIKELY.

Big Difference as Against the Santiago Campaign.

No Convoys Needed for This Trip to Hostile Country.

Not a Spanish Warship in Sight to Offer Battle.

STRONG FORCE OF ARTILLERY.

Make-up of the Divisions - Gen and His Troops-Sa Juan to Be Bombarded-Watson' Squadron-Shafter's Guards.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 18 .- After three days' consultation between Secretary Alger and Gen. Brooke, during which there was frequent communication with Gen. Miles at Siboney, the details of the Porto Rican expedition were perfected and the expedition itself gotten under way. Gen. Miles, with some artillery and troops, is sailing today for Porto Rico on the converted cruiser Yale, to be followed quickly by an army of

about thirty thousand men.

There are some notable differences the plans for this expedition and for the stately naval pageant that sailed away from Tampa under Gen. Shafter's command to attack Santiago. First there will be practically no naval convoys; the Navy Department has declared that they are unnecesary; that here is not a Spanish warship in the West Indies that dare thrust its bow out of port. In the second place, the expedition does not start from one point, but will be divided among several ports, thus preventing the tremendous congestion that was encountered at Tampa in the effort to start the big fleet. Lastly, there will be no effort made to get the ships away together but the transports will be allowed to find their own way to their destination,

Gen. Miles leads the way. He has been promised by the President that he should go to Porto Rico, and the promtoday from Siboney for Porto Rico, 800 miles distant. Gen. Brooke will be the senior officer in Gen. Miles's command. bility for the execution of the details of his superior's plans. It is estimated that Gen. Miles should arrive by Wednesday night at the point selected for the landing, and that he will hoist the American flag at once over Porto Rican soil. The point chosen for the landing is kept secret, as the general will land before the full body of the expedition is at hand, and it is consequently not desirable that the enemy should be able to assemble a superior force to meet him.

The distance from Charleston, where the first body of troops for Gen. Miles's expedition was to start today, is more than double the distance from Santiago to Porto Rico, so that the transports which will sail from the former city can scarcely reach Gen. Miles before the early part of next week. These Charlestroops are to be the First Brigade of the First Division of the First Army corps, and are commanded by Brig. Gen. George H. Ernest. The brigade comprise the Second Wisconsin, Third Wisconsin and Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiments.

The purpose of Secretary Alger is to make the Porto Rican campaign a short one. An overwhelming force will be thrown upon the island, and it is possible that a bloodless victory will be achieved when the Spanish become convinced that they have no reasonable chance to resist successfully. The expedition is to comprise 30,000 men at the start, and it will be swelled soon to 40,000 men, and if necesary to 70,000, the equipment of the volunteer forces having now progressed so well as to warrant the statement that that number of men can be ready for service in Porto Rico within a very short time.

The entire body of troops at Tampa men and including a lot of heavy and Rodgers. The expedition will be particularly strong with artillery, and some of that at Santiago, commanded

by Gen. Randolph, is to be drawn upon The Tampa troops are known as the Fourth Corps under Maj.-Gen. Coppinger, comprising the Second Division, under Brig.-Gen. Simon Snyder, and made up of the First Brigade, Brig.-Gen. Schwan, Eleventh and Nineteenth United States Infantry; Second Brigade, Brig.-Gen. Carpenter, Second New York and Fifth Maryland; Third Brigade, Brig.-Gen.Hudson, Third Pennsylvania, One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Indiana and First Ohio; Third Division, Brig.-Gen. Kline commanding; First Brigade, Col. C. L. Kennan, Fifth Ohio, First Florida, and Thirty-second Michigan: Seocnd Brigade, Brig.-Gen Lincoln, Sixty-ninth New York, Third Ohio and Second Georgia; the provisional cavalry brigade, Col. Noyes, Fifth United States and detachments of the First, Second, Third, Sixth and Tenth United States Cavalry, and eight troops of Rough Riders; artillery brigade, Gen. Randolph, two light and ten heavy batteries. It is possible that all of the cavalry will not be called

Gen. Brooke will take with him from Chickamauga Park most of the First and Second brigades of his army corps, the First. These are, in addition to Gen. Ernest's brigade at Charleston: Second Brigade, First Division, Gen. Haines; Fourth Ohio, Third Illinois and Fourth Pennsylvania; Third Brigade, Col. J. S. Culver, First Kentucky, Third Kentucky and Fifth Illinois; Second Division, Col. L. S. Poland commanding, First Brigade, Brig.-Gen. C. T Rook, Thirty-first Michigan, First Georgia, Sixteenth Indiana, Second Brigade, Gen. McKee, Sixth Ohio, One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Indiana, First West Virginia; Third Brigade, Brig.-Gen. Rosser, Second Ohio, Fifth

Pennsylvania, Fourteenth Minnesota The part which the navy is to take in the assault against Porto Rico has been fully matured. The several transport fleets will have with them one or two auxiliary craft, carrying strong secondary batteries of 6 or 8-pounders. Sec-retary Long said this afternoon that no time had been fixed for the departure of Admiral Sampson's fleet for San Juan. As to the naval plans, he would only say that they would cooperate in every way with the movements of the army. The reports that three monitors are on their way from ized by the Secretary as unauthorized

It is the general understanding, how ever, that the navy will rely mainly on armored ships for the bombardmen of San Juan, as the big battleships and monitors afford the best properties of ofprotect them from such fire as the San Juan batteries can bring to bear. The fortifications there are much like those of Santiago, with a Moro Castle at the entrance of the harbor and a num ber of lesser fortifications leading up o the city. These, however, are viewed with less awe, since an examination of the batteries at Santiago has shown them to be antiquated and capable of little effective resistance. The movement of the ships from Santiago to their new field of action will begin at once, and it is probable that some o Admiral Sampson's ships were de tached today and proceeded with Gen. Miles with the expedition toward Porto Rico. They will be needed to cover the debarkation of the troops. others will follow as soon as the full army expedition is ready to make a landing, when the attack will begin

simultaneously from land and sea. Secretary Long said today that no apprehension whatever existed over the Spanish threat that Camara's squadren would be divided, part of the ships coming to this side to attack seaport cities. This is looked upon as a sheer bluff, and it will not have the effect of changing any of the navy plans or and upon him will fall the responsi- of withdrawing any ship for patrol service on the Atlantic Coast. Should the Spanish threat be made good, ships more than a match for any of Camara's vessels would be available at any At-

lantic port on short notice. No time has been set for the departure of Commodore Watson's squadron for Spain, although this move also is drawing near rapidly. Secretary Long said today that reported new lists of the ships of this squadron were inaccurate, as the list has not been finally made up.

It has been finally decided that non of the troops that participated in the actual fighting before Santiago shall be employed on the Porto Rican expedi-There are two reasons for this first, the men have suffered severely from hardships, the climate and from severe fevers, and are entitled to a bad practice to allow the soldiers who have been exposed to yellow fever to be brought in contact with those fresh from the United States.

There is also still another reason, a purely military one. Ten thousand Spanish troops are at Holguin, Manzanillo, and other points within striking distance of Santiago, and might not lose an opportunity to recover the ground lost at Santiago, if the place were left insufficiently protected. Therefore, Shafter's entire army is to be kept on guard on the high hills in the rear of the town until the men have stamped out the yellow fever. Then if they can be found, and it may be that Shafter's march will end at Havana. He will work as far from his base as possible after his army is thoroughly refreshed, hunting the en-

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 18.—The ques-ion of transports for the Porto Rico ex tion of transports for the Porto Rico ex-pedition and that of providing sub-

sistence for the army which is to go there was the topic which occupied the attention of the officials of the quartermasters' and the subsistence de-partments of the army during the en-tire afternoon. There are ample transports available, scatteed all along the ports available, scattered all along the Atlantic and gulf coasts, and at San-tiago, and these will be concentrated as rapidly as possible, at the emharking points. Subsistence stores also are abundant at some of the points from which the troops are to start, and these will be supplied by additional supplies as fast as they are needed. A vast quantity will be shipped from Newport News, and orders have been given for dispatching to that place 6,-200,000 pounds of these stores and 200,000 pounds of refrigerated beef.

It is suggested in some quarters that the army may land in Porto Rico on the southern coast, near the city of Ponce, to the southwest of San Juan. Ponce is situated on a plain about two miles from the seaboard, is the resi-dence of the military commander of the district, and is commercially the second city of importance on the island. A fine road leads to the port (Playa,) where is situated the customhouse, the office of the captain of the port, and all the consular officers. The port is spa-cious, and will hold vessels with 25 feet draught, an important considera-

tion in the landing. The city proper has no military de-fenses, but in the hills to the north of the town a series of earth entrench-ments have been constructed. West of Ponce, where the railroad and military road touch the shore, earthworks have been constructed to guard this strategic point. There are about thirty untain howitzers in Ponce available for the defense of the city and the rall-road. The army, if landed there, would be compelled to travel fifty or sixty miles across the mountainous country

to reach San Juan. There is, however, a main road, irregular and circuitous, connecting Ponce and San Juan. The northern coast of the island exends in an almost straight line from east to west, and is high and rugged.
The only harbors it has are the following: San Juan, surrounded by mangrove swamps and protected by the Cabras and the Cabritas Islands, and some very dangerous banks; the an-choring ground of Arecibo, somewhat unprotected, and which has been mentioned as a possible landing place; and the coves of Cangrejos and Con-dado. During the present season the ports on this coast are safe and commodious, unless visited by hurricanes.

PORTO RICAN TRADE. [A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 18 .- In view of the present war plans, a comprehensive statistical report on the trade of Porto Rico, just prepared under the direction of Frank H. Hitchcock, chief of the foreign markets section of the Agricultural Department; and approved by Secretary Wilson, is of unusual interest. It shows for the first time the foreign markets section of the Agricultural Department; and approved by Secretary Wilson, is of unusual interest. It shows for the first time the figures of the commerce for 1896, of Spain's easternmost West India Island. During the calendar year 1896, the foreign trade of Porto Rico, according to the official returns, attained a total value of \$36,624,120, exceeding all previous records and being a gain in the year of more than \$15,000,000. In 1892-96 the total imports and exports had an including the United States.

annual value of \$33,870,525, as against \$23,961,217 in 1887-91. Imports into Porto Rico generally have somewhat exceeded exports, but in 1896, for the first time in over a decade, the value of the mer-chandise shipped to foreign markets were slightly greater than that of the imported wares. The exports for 1896 Imported wares. The exports for 1896 had a value of \$18,341,439, decidedly the largest on record, while the imports for the same year, \$18,282,600, were surpassed only in 1894, when the foreign goods received amounted to \$19,986,436.

The foreign trade of Porto Rico is conducted, chiefly, with Spain, the

conducted chiefly with Spain, the United States, Cuba, Germany, the United Kingdom and France, having an average annual value of \$9.888.074, which was 28.80 per cent. of the total valuation placed upon the island's commerce. The United States ranged second: the value of the goods explayed.

ISSUED UD to Date. ond; the value of the goods exchanged average \$6,845,252 a year, or 19.04 per cent. of the total. Cuba's trade with Porto Rico amounted to 13.41 per cent. of the total, having an average yearly value of \$4,606,220. HAS ACTUALLY STARTED.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, July 18.—Secretary Alger, as he left the White House at midnight, announced that the vanguard of the Porto Rican expedition had started from Cuba. Orders were sentoday to Gen. Miles by Secretary Alger and to Admiral Sampson by Secretary Long, to start for Porto Rico as soon as possible. The Yale, carrying Gen. Miles and a part of the expedition, and other transports, carrying the re mainder of the troops of Gen. Shafter' command destined for Porto Rico, will proceed to the landing place agreed upon under convoy of Admiral Samp son's vessels. Upon their arrival a land ing will be effected under the guns o

the warships. Large forces will be hurried to Porto Rico from the United States troops at Charleston, which have been ready to leave for several days, are under orders to start late tonight or early tomorrow. Unless delays that are now unexpected should occur, all of the troops at Charleston will have embarked by sundown tomorrow. The regular troops now at Tampa will be hurried to Porto Rico as rapidly as ships can carry them. It is the ex-pectation of the Secretary of War that within ten days 40,000 American troops will be on Porto Rican soil.

CUSTOMS AT SANTIAGO. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 18.—The United States will take immediate steps to collect the customs revenue at Santiago as a war contribution, and it is not improbable that a government customs office will be opened there and be ready for business as early as tomorrow.
This action will be taken pending the
final settlement of the question of the
status of Cuba after the close of the

## Points of the News in Today's Times.

[THE BUDGET-This morning's fresh telegraphic budget, received since dark last night, includes the principal Associated Press (or night) report, many exclusive Times dispatches, making about 15 columns. In addition is a day report, not so voluminous or fresh, of about 9 columns—the whole making a mass of wired news aggregating the large volume of 24 colums. A large proportion of it relates to the existing war. A ummary of both telegraphic and local news follows:

Plans for running a city water plant- | incident ... Santiago campaign told Temporary injunction to restrain the League for Better City Government indorses the Council's action-Democratic indorsement-Populists declare for municipal ownership....Freeholders or-Regiment to Manila....George Vignolo's trial for murder ... Jackson, the alleged bunco man, arrested .... Council organizes as a Board of Equalization. Swearing patrolman .... A woman's attempt at suicide. Southern California-Page 13.

Harry Hanson's miraculous escape from death at San Bernardino-County Supervisors adjourn sine die-A new bank....Capt. Lippincott returns to Pasadena and tells of Co. I and the Seventh-City Council meets....Co. B to be recruited to its full strength at San Diego-"Babe" Smart played with dynamite and has one eye left .... Big crowd fishes at Coronado pier .... Catalina notes.... Murderous assault on a Chinaman in Orange county. General Eastern-Pages 1, 2, 3.

Paper issued by direction of the President providing for Cuba's government-First document of its kind ever issued by the United States Executive -Marks the formal establishment of a bia sealing eatch.... Cadets of the Cross new political power in Cuba .... Wishard's Mary Block equaled the world's record in a six-furlong run-Her speedy ancestry....Decision relating to duties on lead ores....Two deputy marshals killed in Oklahoma .... Kentucky negro hanged .... Penwell Mining Company's effort to resume, a complete failure ... Dynamite explosion in the St. Joseph iail....Pensions and postmasters.... Hawaiian Commission staff appointed. Creedon and Bonner to fight, August 11 at Coney Island ... Engineer and two tramps killed in Indiana. dy Cable-Pages 1, 2, 3.

Zola and Editor Perreux sentenced to pay a fine and a year's imprisonment. Minister Rockhill's wife dies in Athens. Prince of Wales's hard luck....Thirtythird round of chess in Vienna.

The City-Pages 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14.

Council declares for municipal own
Progress of the War-Pages 1, 2, 3, 4.

Advance on Manila started last week Advance on Manila started last week ership of the water plant-Kessler and -First California in the lead....Dewey

again....Troops thinning out at San city from seizing the water works- Francisco....Gen. Miles and expedition start for Porto Rico-San Juan to be bombarded-Bloodless victory expected. mass meeting repudiates the Kessler Strong force of artillery .... Porto Rican trade....Rush orders for preparations on Watson's fleet .... Lieut. Kemp dead. ganize to draft a charter....Appeal to the President to send the Seventh partments...Peace possibilities remote .... Notifying Spanish troops .... War Board confers .... Home for vera....Gen. Duffield's illness....Octroi duties....Defense works pushed in Spain... Aguinaldo's proposition . Augusti to join torces .... Army of about 25,000 men to go to Porto Rico.... Schley and party cruise about Santiago Harbor in a steam launch.... War tariff for Santiago signed .... Bryan busy ... Chickamauga Park notes....Camp Merritt's condition ... . Affairs in Madrid .... Riots in Andalusia .... Manzanillo bombarded and two Spanish gunboats burned.

Pacific Coast-Page 5.

De Vries interviewed on the Philippines and the Nicaragua Canal .... Santa Clara Board of Education being investigated .... Capt. Nevills improving .... A squatter killed near Monterey. Woodbridge Canal matter....North Ontariobank licensed .... British Columin camp at Santa Rosa.... Suicide with poison....Whaling crews imprisoned at Point Barrow reported in good condition .... Mrs. H. S. Carpenter strangled to death-Autopsy showed it .... Col. Randall explains about the St. Michael's landing places .... Passengers coming by boat .... Important gold discovery in Alaska .... Gain of 700 per cent. in the Puget Sound foreign business .... Alaskan news items ... semi-assay of fice .... Ex-cigar dealer's suicide. Financial and Commercial-Page 12.

New York shares and Money .... Chieago grain and provisions .... London financial market .... Boston stocks .... Liverpool grain .... Fruit at Chicago and New York .... Live stock at Chicago and Kansas City....Spanish 4s. San Francisco markets.

Rules for the Ruler of Eastern Cuba.

Issued Up to Date.

Foreign Power Established in Spain's Island.

cople of the Conquered Territory to Be Protected in Their Rights as Far as May Be-Treatment of Property and Revenues.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, July 18 .- A state aper that will be historic, as marking an epoch in American history, was issued tonight by direction of Presient McKinley. It provides in general terms for the government of the province of Santiago de Cuba, and is he first document of the kind ever pro-posed by a President of the United osed by a President of the United tates. By order of Secretary Alger, States. By order of Secretary Alger, Adjt.-Gen. Corbin tonight cabled the document to Gen. Shafter, in command of the military forces at Santiago. The paper is not only an autisorization and instruction of Gen. Shafter for the government of the captured territory, but also a proclamation to the people of the territory of the intentions of the United States regarding them and their interests. It marks the formal establishment new political power in the Island of Cuba, and insures to the people of the territory over which the power ex-tends absolute security in the exercise of their private rights and relations, as well as security to their persons and property. The full text of the document is as follows:

"ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, July 18, 1898.—Gen. Shafter, Santiago, Cuba: The following is sent you for your information and guidance. It will be published in such manner in both English and Spanish as will give it the widest circulation in the territory under your control:

"EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington (D. C...) July 18, 1898—To the Secretary of War—Sir: The capitula-tion of the Spanish forces in Santiago tion of the spanish forces in Santiago de Cuba and in the eastern part of the province of Santiago, and the oc-cupation of the territory by the forces of the United States, render it necessary to instruct the military commander of the United States as to the conduct which he is to observe during nilitary occupation.

"The first effect of the military occupation of the enemy's territory is the severance of the former political relations of the inhabitants and the es-tablishment of a new political power. Under the changed condition of things, the inhabitants, so long as they per-form their duties, are entitled to security in their persons and property, and in all their private rights and relations. It is my desire that the inhabitants of Cuba should be acquainted with the purpose of the United States to dis-charge to the fullest extent its obligations in this regard. It will therefore ership of the water plant—Kessler and all other leasing propositions tabled— jumps Diedrich hard about the Irene army of occupation to announce and proclaim in the most public that we come not to make war upon inhabitants of Cuba, nor upon any party or faction among them, but to protect them in their homes, in their employments, and in their personal and religious rights. All persons who, either by active aid or by honest submission, cooperate with the States in its efforts to give effect to this beneficent purpose, will receive the reward of its support and protection. Our occupation should be as free from severity as possible.

"Though the powers of the military occupation are absolute and supreme and immediately operate on the politi-cal condition of the inhabitants, the municipal laws of the conquered ter-ritory, such as affect private rights of persons and property and provided for the punishment of crime, are considered as continuing in force, so far as they are compatible with the new or-der of things, until they are suspended or superseded by the occupying bellig-erent, and in practice they are not erent, and in practice they are not usually abrogated, but are allowed to remain in force and to be administered by the ordinary tribunals substantially as they were before the occupation. This enlightened practice is, so far as possible, to be adhered to on the ent occasion. The judges and the other officials connected with the administration of justice may, if they accept the supremacy of the United States, con-tinue to adminster the ordinary law of the land, as between man and man, under the supervision of the American commander-in-chief. The native stabulary will, so far as may be prac-ticable, be preserved. The freedom of the people to pursue their accustor occupations will be abridged only when it may be necessary to do so.

"While the rule of conduct of the American commander-in-chief will be such as has just been defined, it will be his duty to adopt measures of different kind if, unfortunately course of the people should render such measures indispensable to the maintenance of law and order. He will then possess the power to replace or expel the native officials, in part or alto-gether; to substitute new courts of his own construction for those that now exist, or to create such new or supple-mentary tribunals as may be necessary. In the exercise of these high power the commander must be guided by

"One of the most important and most practical problems with which it will be necessary to deal is that of the treatment of property and the collection and administration of the revenues. It is conceded that all public funds and securities belonging to the funds and securities belonging to the funds and securities belonging to the government of the country in its own right, and all arms and supplies and other movable property of such government may be seized by the military occupant and converted to his own use. The real property of the State he may hald and administer, at the same time in the property of the State he may hald and administer, at the same time that the property but he was the property of the property but he was the property of the property but he was the property of the property of the property but he was the property of the property enjoying the revenues thereof, but he is not to destroy it save in the case of military necessity. All public means of transportation, such as telegraph lines, the State, may be appropriated to his use, but, unless in case of military necessity, they are not to be destroyed. All churches and gs devoted to religious worship and to the arts and sciences and all choolhouses are, so far as possible, to protected, and all destruction or in tentional defacement of such places, historical monuments or archives, or works of science or art, is prohibited, save when required by urgent military

Private property, whether belonging "Private property, whether becomes to individuals or corporations, is to be respected, and can be confiscated only as hereafter indicated. Means of transportation, such as telegraph lines and cables, railways and boats, may, although they belong to private individuals or corporations, be seized by the military occupant, but unless de-stroyed under military necessity are

not to be retained.
"While it is held to be the right of the conqueror to levy contributions upon the enemy in their seaports, towns of which may be in his military possession by conquest, and to apply the proceeds to defray the expenses of the war, this right is to be exercised within such limitations that it may not savor of confiscation. As the result of military occupation, the taxes and duties payable by the inhabitants to the former government become payable to the military occupant unless he sees fit to substitute for them other rates or modes of contribution to the expenses of the government. The moneys so collected are to be used for the nurpose of paying the expenses of govern-ment under the military occupation, such as the salaries of the judges and the police and for the payment of the

expenses of the army.

"Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when pos-sible in cash at a fair valuation, and when payment in cash is not possible. receipts are to be given. All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at

the time of the importation.
[Signed] "WILLIAM M'KINLEY. "By order of the Secretary of War.

[Signed] "H. C. CORBIN,

"Adjutant-general."

#### SANTIAGO CAMPAIGN.

IT WAS AMERICAN PLUCK AGAINST

Wilderness in Virginia not a Circumstance to the Awful Tangle of the San Juan Valley-One Body of Troops Lay Down.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.] EL PASO, near Santiago de Cuba July 8.-[Correspondence of the Associated Press.] Of most great fights in is probable true the nearer you are to the extreme front, the less general conyou can gain for the time of what is going on. The formation of the ground on which the battle of San Juan took place peculiarly illustrates this fact. The enemy, behind greenly-masked breastworks on the eastern verge of the plateau, could be located by the treasy who were miles. by the troops who were moving against him chiefly by the sound of his volley. in the summit of the hill at eft center, on which Grimes's battery was posted, and which afforded a fine general view of the whole field from the extreme left to the "stone fort" dominating Caney, it was not defeat and losses. Under such circumstances from the extreme left to the "stone fort" doinating Cancy. It was not easy to do the stand more than a small portion of the act was not easy to do the same as they advanced to the act tack were completely shut in for half the distance westward of the San June the distance who were the sales in the further aggressive whose fire was constant and deadly. In some of the regiments the majority of the cossulties took place here before consulties took place here before consulties took place here before consulties took place here before dinarily be termed "cover." (I say down in the regularly enough, some of the voluntees to them. A certain regiment, which had lain so the still the same until the official reports of the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in the road leading through the timbered place in the battle are accessible, lay down in th

## ATTACK ON MANZANILLO.

**2000000000000000000** 

Americans Bembard the City and Destroy Two of the Spanish Gunboats.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

LONDON, July to .- [Exclusive Dispatch.] Manzanillo has been bombarded. The guns aboard the steamers at Manzanillo were landed and used in defense against the Americans. The gunboats Delgado and Pereja were burned. Capt.-Gen. Blanco has telegraphed a congratulatory message to the commander at Manzanillo and ordered him to resist to the last.

#### Fighting Was Fierce.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, July 19.-A special dispatch from Hayana, dated Monday, says: "Seven American warships heavily bombarded Manzanillo this morning. Three steamers of Menendez line were set on fire. Several gunboats that were in the harbor issued forth to the defense of the town, but were stranded. The result of the hombardment is not yet known here."

# 1.000 CCC CCCC C CCCC CCCCC had struck and had exploded at or near its mark. A mist hung over the lower foothills, however, and only where a deper range of vapor floated over the edge of the valley could the line of our infantrymen me made out.

The firing continued heavier on the right throughout the whole of the first day than it was on the left. Nowhere

was better demonstrated the fact tha osition and defensive works were th position and defensive works were the chief relance of the enemy. This car-ried with it the corrollary that these two factors had been immensely under-estimated by our general officers. It was a marvel to every military man who surveyed the field, after we had secured possession of the whole Span-ish line, how we ever had been able ish line, how we ever had been able to do it. They all declared that with such positions, so covered by entrench ments, no army in the world equal to ours in numbers could have dislodged us, unless, indeed, it had a great pre-ponderance of artillery. One of the most striking facts of the campaign is that the Santiago expedi-

campaign is that the Santiago expedition was insufficiently equipped with field guns; but even had we three times as many field guns, it would still be true that we were absurdly wrong in our notion of the fighting capacity of the Spanish troops, and of the value of their preparations for defence. The reason for the Spanish indifference to our position, and also for the very feeble resistance which they made to our advance near Vevilla, is no longer fair to seek. They had chosen the decisive battleground, and there alone did they wish to fight. Their confidence in the strength of the San Juan position was entirely justified.

dence in the strength of the San Juan position was entirely justified.

The Wilderness in Virginia presented far lass difficulties to the invading northerners than did the San Juan Valley to Shafter's army. The greater part of it is densely covered with young timber undergrowth, interlaced with thorny vines or studded with natural abbattis of cacti, palmettos and brambles.

PEACE POSSIBILITIES REMOTE

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, July 18.—The possi w ASHINGTON, July 18.—The possibilities of peace are as remote as ever. No move in that direction has been made by any of the foreign officials here, and despite the pittable condition of Spain, her pride appears to restrain her from making any direct overtures. A Cabinet official, in speak-of the situation today, said that it was amazing that Spain seemed to lack all comprehension of her deplorable condition. Her best fleets have been wiped out, her hold on the Philippines is practically at an end, and now she has approved 'Gen. Toral's surrender of 5000 square miles of Cuban soil. And yet, he said, Spain seems to take no account of her misfortunes, to adopt no means to limit the extent of her defeat and losses. Under such circumstances, he said, the only thing left for this country to do is to press on unless Spain reaches come comprehension of her impotence. It is with this end in view that active steps are ollities of peace are as remote as ever

the full list of fever patients, mainly as a means of relieving the anxiety of those whose friends are not affected. It is thought such a list will be available in a day or so. In the mean time inquiries have brought definite information that Brig.-Gen. Duffield, whose condition has been open to much doubt, was down with a mild case of fever. It is giving the surgeons no apprehension, as the attack is yielding readily to treatment. NOTIFYING SPANISH TROOPS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] GUANTANAMO BAY, July 17, 9 p.r. The problem of notifying the Spanish troops of the Fourth Army Corps, outside of those which composed the garrison of Santiago de Cuba, of the surrender of Gen. Toral's forces, is likely to cause some trouble. The Spaniards at Guantanamo are evidently still ignorant of the surrender, and the Cubans under Gen. Perez, have daily skir-

under Gen. Perez, have daily skir-mishes with the defenders of the town

mishes with the defenders of the town, who are apparently trying to break through the lines and join the Spanish forces at Santiago de Cuba.

Gen. Miles, who arrived here on the Yale this afternoon, says that Gen. Toral will send officers to the different forts in the province notifying them of the surrender. The Spaniards in Guantanamo can be easily reached, and they will be ordered to come down the bay and surrender. Those inland, however, it will be more difficult to communicate with, and probably will be some time before the Spanish troops are notified.

PROTESTS AGAINST CAPITULA-PROTESTS AGAINST CAPITULA

TION.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, July 18.—The Journal's Key West dispatch says: "In protest against the act of capitulation signed by Toral at Santiago, the Spanish lighthouse keepers at Cape Maysi and Cape Lucrecea, Cuba, both within the district to be surrendered, have burned down their lighthouses. The Spanish garrison at Guantanamo City is reported to have spiked its cannon and blown up its magazines. The gunboat Machias, which left Guantanamo Bay July 14, arrived this morning. Her officers saw the Cape Maysi light and two other Spanish lighthouses on the eastern coast of Cuba on fire as they steamed by."

ALL FEVER-SMITTEN. NEW YORK, July 18 .- The Journal'

ALL FEVER-SMITTEN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW YORK, July 18.—The follow ng telegram was received today at Red Cross headquarters from Miss the Red Cross headquarters from Miss Clara Barton: "We will go in with the navy and then discharge the Texas im-mediately. All points are fever-smit-ten. Do not send immune persons for us to care for. Lesser and nurses are recovering. No possible cause for

recovering. As possible and alarm."

On the 15th inst. Miss Barton cabled from Playa del Este that Mr. and Mrs. Lesser and all their nurses were in a fever hospital and all were doing well. day, it would seem that the Mrs. Lesser and the nurses ha en down with yellow fever, which

YACHT RED CROSS CRIPPLED. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW YORK, July 18 .- The Evening World's Key West correspondent tele-graphs today: "The yacht Red Cross, rith doctors, nurses and a full supply f medicine, which left Saturday for

Santiago, has returned in a crippled condition. When seventy miles away ner tank burst. The supplies and loctors will be transferred to the first ransport leaving.' SENECA'S WOUNDED RESTRAINED

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEWPORT NEWS (Va.,) July 18.— quarantine officials have refused to pergarantine officials have refused to per-it the Seneca with wounded to land told Point for fear of yellow fever.

ONE HUNDRED WOUNDED.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] NEW YORK, July 18.—The 100 counded soldiers who were brought to the Marine Hospital in Clifton, S. I., to the Marine Hospital in Clifton, S. I., Saturday night by the hospital ship Dlivette, rested comfortably last night. All passed a good night, and notwithstanding their injuries, were cheerful today. Dr. Sloane of the naval hospital has at present but four surgeons under him, and today he wired to Washington for additional doctors. When the extra surgeons arrive, the necessary amputations will be commenced.

Many of the soldiers arrived almost CAPTURED SPANISH FLAG.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.1 WASHINGTON, July 18 .- The first panish battle flag captured in Cubs panish battle flag captured in Cuba y an American army reached the War repartment today. It was consigned to ten. Corbin, who displayed it to view in the back of a chair in his office. The flag is a small one, measuring only bout 2x4 feet, and is poorly contructed of cheap material. It was aptured by Co. B, First United States of the contract of th infantry, regulars. This company is part of the First Brigade, Second Division. Fifth Army Corps. The flag was captured at Juragua, June 23.

SIGNAL BOY'S VISION [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REI-ORT.] NEW YORK, July 18.—Joseph T Gaskin, signal boy on the Iowa, say that he was the first to discover the ported that the smoke he had ob minutes later he again reporte that the smoke was moved still closer "Then," says Gaskin, "of my own ac-cord I bent on the signal, "2-5-nothing,

SIGNED WAR TARIFF. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 18 .- The President has signed the war tariff for San-tiago, and it takes effect tomorrow. It adopts in general the privileged rates now given Spain, and makes that tariff uniform for all countries, including the United States

FILIBUSTER CHARGES DROPPED. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] BALTIMORE (Md.,) July 18.—By direction of the Attorney-General, the charges pending against Gen. Carlos Roloff and John T. Smith, who were under indictment charged with conspiring to violate the neutrality laws by conveying arms to Cuba, were nolle prossed today. Dr. José Luis was convicted of the charge, and served an eighteen months' sentence in the Baltimore jail. Smith was never located, and Roloff is supposed to have gone to Cuba. BALTIMORE (Md..) July 18 .- By di-

GOMEZ IN IGNORANCE. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 18.—Secretary Quesada of the Cuban junta called at the War Department today with Gen. Emilio Nunez of the Cuban army. Gen. Nunez has just returned from a visit to Gen. Gomez in his camp in the

interior of Cuba. He had a report to make to the Secretary of War, but Gen. Alger was not at the department when the Cubans called.

Gen. Nunez left the camp of Gen. Gomez on July 10. At that time Gen. Gomez had not heard of the fighting at Santlago, nor of the destruction of the Spanish squadron by the United States squadron. He says there is no means of communicating by which Gen. Gomez could receive the information. The Cubans declined to make any statement until Secretary Alger had received the communications from Gen. Gomez.

WAR BOARD CONFERS.

WAR BOARD CONFERS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, July 18.—The Nava War Board, consisting of Secretary Long, Admiral Sicard, Capt. Mahan and Commander Crowninshield, are in conference with the President. SAMPSON'S REPORT.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Admiral Sampson's report on the destruction of Cervera's squadron has not yet reached the Navy Department, although it is now more than two weeks since the famous naval fight occurred. The report is on its way, however, coming by way of an auxiliary craft, and will be on hand within a few days. PROVISIONS FOR SANTIAGO.

WASHINGTON, July 18.-The follow washing tolegram has been sent to the col-lectors along the Atlantic: "You may clear American or neutral vessels with supplies and provisions for Santiago de Cuba." The dispatch was sent by the Treasury Department.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
PORT TAMPA (Fla.,) July 18.—A
novement was started here today to present Admiral Cervera a home on Fampa Bay, in recognition of his hu-mane and chivalric treatment of Hobson and crew, and a desire to save should he return to Spain. THE TRANSPORTATION QUESTION.

HOME FOR CERVERA.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
WASHINGTON, July 18.—[Exclusiv WASHINGTON, July 18.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Collis P, Huntington was among the railroad men who saw Alger today on the question of transportation of soldiers from Camp Thomas and Camp Alger to the sea-

Bids have been asked for transpor-tation of troops from Chicamauga to New York and from Camp Alger to Newport News, Charleston and Jack-sonville. Mr. Huntington advocated Newport News as the point of depart-

NO MORE PHILIPINE TROOPS [BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
WASHINGTON, July 18.—[Exclusive

Dispatch.] Congressman James Ham ilton Lewis was informed today by sev eral high-government officials that ne more troops would be sent to the Philippines unless an emergency should arise there requiring an additional detail, and that was not looked for Lewis called at the War Department in the interests of the commands in the State of Washington. They have been mustered in and want active

service.

There is a report in circulation to the effect that the peace party is bringing strong pressure to bear to delay the departure of Watson's squad-

delay the departure of Watson's squadron until the return of the Spanish prisoners from Santiago to Spain has had its moral effect and the Spanish government has had an opportunity to sue for peace. Naval officers generally, however, favor sending the squadron to Spain and some profess to believe it may have started today.

The Navy Office has decided to curtail the cost of the Signal Service, which was enlarged at the beginning of the war. Only ten stations will be retained. It is believed that as the Spanish fleet is not likely to come to the United States coast the necessity for the other stations has ceased.

### SCHLEY'S LAUNCH PARTY

STEAMS INTO SANTIAGO HARBOR AND MAKES OBSERVATIONS.

More and Other Forts Mines are Exploded Under the Vixen's Supervision-A Graphic

[A. P. DAY REPORT. COPYRIGHT, 1898.1 UNDER MORO CASTLE, Harbor of Santiago de Cuba, July 17, 3 p.m., via Playa del Este. July 17 .- [Delayed in transmission.] At exactly 9 o'clock this morning, the Spanish flag was lowered from the staff crowning the heights upon which battered Moro Castle spreads half-way. The lowering o this emblem of the defunct sovereignty of Spain in this part of the world was witnessed by a few Spanish and Ameri-can troops on shore, and by the can troops on New York, Vixen and Vesuvius, lying within a few hundred yards of the harbor entrance. Almost immediately after the flag was hauled immediately after the hag was native down, steam launches commanded by Lieuts. Hobson and Palmer, entered the harbor, penetrating as far as the firing stations of the submarine mines. These mines were judged not to be so formidable as expected, and later in Inting stations of the submarine mines. These mines were judged not to be so formidable as expected, and later in the afternoon they were all exploded under the supervision of the Vixen. It was seen that two mines had been exploded at the time of the entrance of the Merrimac into the channel of Santiago Harbor, but it is not thought that any of them had anything to do with the sinking of the craft. Six or seven steamers in the harbor, fall as prisoners to the army and navy. The Spanish gunboat Alvarez had already been taken possession of by a prize crew from the New York. The other vessels lie at the other end of the harbor, at Santiago proper.

Soon after noon, Commodore Schley, with Capt. Cook of the Brooklyn, Lleut. J. H. Sears, the flag lieutenant; Lleut. B. Wells, the flag secretary, and three invited correspondents of the Associated Press went into the harbor on a steam launch which moved slowly in order to make close observations of the Spanish forts and batteries. Every one expressed satisfaction at the fact that Moro Castle was not demolished by the bombardment, Capt. Cook saying: "We need El Moro as an object lesson, and America is rather shy on ruins anyhow."

The old fort stands on the bluff, terrace fashion. From the water's edge to the cliff there are numerous caves formed by the action of the waves, and around the base and in the superstructure are not a few caves made by the navy's projectiles. It would appear, however, that only one bastion was knocked to pieces, while the queer little sentry boxes, dating back to the sixteenth century, escaped almost intact. Moro Castle is the only imposing fortification in the harbor, and it is only so in appearance, not a gun is mounted within or on the crumbled walls. In fact, all the batteries.

is only so in appearance, not a gun is mounted within or on the crumbled walls. In fact, all the batteries masked and open, dwindled in their terror-inspiring qualities as the inspection gray closer.

terror-inspiring quanties as the inspec-tion grew closer.

Crowning the hill on the west side of the entrance were the famous 6-inch rapid-fire guns from the Spanish crulser Reina Mercedes. These were ugly-looking and dangerous, while below, on big foundations on the western shore of the entrance, were some revolving

guns. These were the ones which poured such a bitter fire into the Merrimac Directly east of Moro Castle, on the crest of the plateau-like cliff, were six big guns, one or two of which were dismounted.

The Estrella battery and a small neighbor further in, showed no guns, while the famous Cayo Smith filled the islet with blue, white and yellow houses situated in groves of flowering trees. Some of the buildings looking as if they had been the resorts of pleasure-seekers, in happier times; others were humble enough in appearance for fishermen's houses. All were deserted, and, strange to say, not one apparently had been touched by a hostile projectile. On the inside of the slope and hill to the westward, some hastily-constructed but very comforting casemates were seen, into which the Spanish gunners were wont to retire when our ships opened fire. When the firing ceased, the gunners had a few steps only to climb to their 6-inch rapid-fire guns, which almost always fired a few spiteful farewell shots.

In Santiago there were four 6-inch guns, one above the other, neither protected by sand or earth. These commanded the harbor entrance pretty well, but they could have been silenced In Santiago there were four 6-inch guns, one above the other, neither protected by sand or earth. These commanded the harbor entrance pretty well, but they could have been silenced by one well directed heavy shell. Commodore Schley has over and again expressed the belief that our fleet probably could have entered the harbor without the loss of a single ship. The mines might have stopped ingress by sinking the leading ship, but this is the chance of war, and not so grave as many taken during the civil strife, nor as serious as would have been the situation had there been good batteries, properly manned, in the harbor. Commodore Schley's party first steamed around the wreck of the Reina Mercedes, which lies with her bow pointed toward the city. She had a list to starboard, and rested on a reef near the foot of Moro cliff. The cruiser was sunk to the upper deck, on which one 6-inch gun remained. One torpedo tube was loaded and the auxiliary battery seemed in place. Evidently the crew of the Mercedes left her in a hurry. This is less to be wondered at, when it is noted that there were great gapes in her sides, showing where two 12 and two 13-inch shells had struck her. The sea washed through the after cabin, which was decorated in old-fashioned

sea washed through the after cabin which was decorated in old-fashione style, and in the wind fluttered a sill curtain, which could be plainly seen ver an inner door, as the launch steaed by. About six hundred yards ahead of the Reina Mercedes, and al-most in line with her was the wreat ahead of the Reina Mercedes, and almost in line with her was the wreck of the Merrimac, lying in fully six fathoms of water on the very edge of the channel. Had not the current swung the doomed ship alongside instead of athwart the channel, the latter would have been well blocked. When Assistant Naval Constructor Hobson took the collier into the harbor, he was hunting for a four fathom spot and only missed by a few hundred yards.

At the firing station was the work of the mercedes and only missed by a few hundred wards.

the firing station on the west side At the firing station on the west side, which Commodore Schley inspected in person, the American party met a Spanish artillery captain, who was courteous but gloomy. Commodore Schley was his own interpreter, and advised the officer, with the few men under his command, to go up to the city and surrender as quickly as possible. When the Spanish captain was asked to point out the route to the asked to point out the route to the f-inch battery on the west hill, he said there was none and away.

sible. When the Spanish captain was asked to point out the route to the 6-inch battery on the west hill, he said there was none, and explained that the way to get there was over steep, rocky and difficult ground. It was learned later that this was not true, and it was surmised that the Spaniard was anxious to prevent the Americans from seeing the damage done by the bombardment.

Commodore Schley then said he was determined to have a glimpse of Santiago city, and the launch was headed along the west side of the channel, going slowly and sticking to the shallow water, lest some contact mine put an end, as the commodore remarked, "to our pleasure party." Skirting the broad, lake-like spot in the harbor where the Spanish fieet, destroyed two weeks ago today, used to lie during the bombardments, and noting the brilliantly-painted buoys which marked the shallows, Punta Gorda was rounded and distant about two miles, the city of Santiago shone out. The cathedral was especially well defined and the masts and funnels of not a few vessels showed at its wharves. At that distance Santiago did not show any traces of the destruction wrought by the 101 out of the 108 8-inch shells fired on the city last Monday.

Returning to the Brooylkn, Commodore Schley, accompanied by his staff, entered the harbor this morning, soon after the mines were exploded. Capt. Cook of the Brooklyn, is authority for the statement that the former Spanish flagship, the Infanta Maria. Teresa, has floated off the reef on which she stranded, and that her heavy armament is practically uninjured. The captain also says this cruiser will almost surely be saved and form an addition to the United States, a trophy of the glorious July 3.

# JOYFUL REUNION.

Again After Thirty-six Years. (BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.) SPRINGFIELD (O.,) July 18.-[Ex lusive Dispatch.] There was a joy ul reunion at Toledo today of the laughters of the late Capt. James Mc-Donald, after a separation of thirty-six years. James McDonald was captain of the schooner Three Bells, which was lost in midocean in 1862. He was ac-companied by his oldest daughter, a James McDonald was captain little girl, on this trip. It was sup-posed that the captain and daughter went down with the ship, but it was learned many years later that he was rescued by a ship bound for New Zealand, where he lived for many years. No tidings were heard of the little girl, as she had become separated from her father, and she was given

Capt. McDonald became mentally unbalanced as a result of that awful tragedy, but about ten years ago he went to Toledo and lived with one of his daughters, the youngest, until he His wife had died a few weeks after hearing of the supposed death of himself and little daughter. The twelve children then scattered. The younger children did not remember anything of Lizzie, who, it was supposed, had been lost.

It appears from her story that her bound her to some blocks of cork with ropes, so that she could not sink before his vessel went down. She drifted away, and was not picked until the evening of the second day after the loss of her father's ship. The captain of the vessel rescuing her and for Sydney, and he became at bound for Sydney, and he became at-tached to her and adopted her as his own daughter. She made a voyage of nearly two years, and landed at San Francisco, where she became one of his family, finally falling heir to his estate. She tried for a long time to scertain the whereabouts of her sisters by letter, but did not succeed. Finally she came on to Toledo and located her youngest sister, who she had not seen since that sister was a tiny baby three months old.

Through the younger sister, Miss Mc-Donald and the two other married sis-ters were brought together, and the four, all that are left of the twelve, met after a separation of thirty-six

# NEWS SINCE MIDNIGHT.

[Under this heading are printed the very latest exclusive dispatches, being the cream of the war news in the New York morning newspapers of today, which is wired from that city about 5 a.m., reaching The Los Angeles Times about 2 a.m.]

ADVANCE ON MANILA.

CALIFORNIA IN THE LEAD.

utpost Camp Established at Par anaque-No General Assault Unrives-More Incident. About That Irene

IRY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.1 CAVITE, July 14, via Hongkong, July 18.-[Exclusive Dispatch.] In conversation today, Dewey said the situation regarding the actions of the German warships had much improved, and vere now more satisfactory than since the annoyance began. After the Irene ncident at Subig Bay, there was some correspondence between Dewey and Admiral Diedrichs. The Germans deny they interfered with the insurzents; they say they refused to answer the insurgents' signals while the insurgent flag flew from the Philippine

Gen. Anderson is making preparalons for the arrival of the other American brigades, which are expected shortly. He has caused the ountry immediately south of Manila o be examined to learn if it is suitable for an encampment. Tomorrow ne will send a battalion of California roops under Col. Dubose to encamp above Baranaque, in order that they nay get in some experience in field ife, and be near enough to the Spanards to hear some shooting.

It is likely that more troops will join hem when the next expedition arrives. The insurgents had a hard fight outh of Manila the night of July 10. They succeeded in driving the Spanlards into their last trench before Malate, which is the last outpost southward of Manila. A party of Gen. Anderson's men started today to reconnoiter behind Manila, moving around from the south to the north.

CORTES AND ARMY. TRY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.1 NEW YORK, July 19 .- [Exclusive Dispatch.] There is a black spot on the horizon in the possible refusal of the Cortes to ratify the terms agreed on by the government. Then the imbroglio would indeed be complete. Probably within a few days, if the negotiations are unsuccessful, the resignation of Prime Minister Sagasta will be officially announced. In that case

the new Cabinet is ready.

The army would be against the conlusion of a humiliating peace, because it does not consider it was vanquished by the destruction of Cervera's squadron, but it would not be hostile to peace if the terms were "honorable." Moreover, opinion in the barracks is very

KEIFER OR M'KIBBEN.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] WASHINGTON, July 19 .- [Exclusive Dispatch.] Gen. J. Warren Keifer of Ohio may be appointed military Governor of Santiago as soon as the de tails of the surrender are carried out. Gen. McKibben was only appointed temporarily.

BEGGING FOR LOYALTY.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES. MADRID, July 19.-[Exclusive Disatch.] The Queen gave audiences to omero Robledo and Gen. Weyler expressly to obtain their neutrality if no consent, to negotiations of peace and to persuade them to prevail upon the generals to answer for the loyalty of the army in Spain.

It is believed France, Austria, Russia and Germany have again told the Queen and her Ministers that it is indispensable to secure an early peace, which alone can save Spain from financial and commercial ruin.

DEWEY JUMPS DIEDRICH.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] NEW YORK. July 19.- [Exclusive Dispatch. | A Journal special from Cavite, Manila Bay, July 14, via Hong kong, July 18, says that of course there is apt to be fighting any day now. There are certain positions which Gen. Anderson wants, and these may be ordered taken before any more troops come, so that there need be no delay in a general assault, when the commander thinks his force sufficient. Undoubtedly, however, Gen. Merritt will be on the ground before anything like a general action is in vited.

Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, has his headquarters at Bayoor, having removed from Cavite. There seems to be no friction between Aguinaldo, and either Admiral Dewey or Gen. Ander son. The health of the American troops is remarkably good. There is no sign of epidemic of any kind,

John Barrett, former Minister to the Siam Islands, writes the New York Journal from Manila, July 14, that a a high German naval officer told him concerning the Irene incident in Subig Bay that the cruiser did not prevent the insurgents from attacking the Spaniards. When the steamer Filippinas was captured by the insurgent from the Spaniards, the steamer was near the Irene, and she was flying the insurgent flag, and signalled the German cruiser, using the naval code. The Irene refused to answer her signals, and also refused to recognize the flag. Such recognition was impossible, because no nation has yet recognized the belligerency of the insurgents.

But, at the same time, the captain of the Irene told the captain of the Filippinas, that if he would lower the insurgent flag and hoist a white one, the Irene would answer the signals.

More than this the German officer says the only communication the Irene had with the Spanish was for the purpose of taking away and feeding the women, children and priests.

This statement, says Barrett, is far rom conclusive and it is still generally believed here that the Irene was sent to Subig Bay at the special request of the Spaniards, and for the purpose of relieving the garrison at Isla Grande. In fact it is the unanimous opinion in both our army and navy that the German movements are provoking in the extreme. No other nation's ships would act in the way the Irene did, and no other squadron acts as the German quadron does.

According to the World's correspon lent at Cavite, a tart correspondence has taken place between Dewey and the German admiral, Von Diedrich. Dewey sent a messenger to the German admiral to inquire whether America and Germany are at peace or war. If they are at peace he demanded that the German warships here pursue a different course. If they are at war he wanted to know it, so he could govern himself accordingly. Von Diedrich returned a verbal answer in apologetic tone, and it was satisfactory. Afterward he sent Dewey a note stating that he objected to the Americans stopping the German ships which have been in the bay once ,and visited.

Dewey replied that Manila is a blockaded port, and he would continue to have all ships communicated with when he desired, whether on the first or the hundredth time of entering the bay. The German admiral responded, still objecting, and saying he would submit the question to the senior officers of his other warships.

SLAPPED SHAFTER'S FACE. [BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, July 19.-[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Herald's Santiago special, giving details of the surrender of that city Sunday , explains the trouble between Gen. Shafter and Sylvester Scovel, the correspondent of the World. This was the only incident that marred

When the time came to raise the flag scovel attempted to make his way to the roof of the palace with the intention of participating in some way in the ceremony. He was ordered down by the guard. Immediately after the ceremony Scovel pushed his way to Gen. Shafter and slapped the general's face. He was promptly arrested and

CUBAN THREATS. [BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SANTIAGO, July 17.-[Exclusive Dispatch.] Cubans resent the occupation of Santiago by the Americans. They think Garcia should be made Governor. General of Santiago, and threaten to make trouble if ignored.

GOT IT DOWN PAT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] LONDON, July 19.-[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Madrid dispatch says Gen. Chinchilla, captain-general of Madrid, in the course of a long interview stated:

"Spain must reckon on nobody, because nobody is disposed to come to her help. I am thoroughly convinced that Europe would not stir, though the Americans were to land in Spain and march as conquerors through the streets of Madrid.

"I believe peace negotiations are far dvanced, but not proceeding smoothly. The American conditions are not acceptable, so much so that a successful conclusion seems to me to be far off unless the intermediary powers succeed n overcoming the difficulty. stand that Great Britain, in an unof-States behind the scenes, and Austria is acting similarly for Spain. statement will not effect my opinion that Spain is unable to count on the friendship of Great Britain."

> SHAFTER AND SCOVEL. IBY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES. 1

FRONT OF SANTIAGO, July 18 .-[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is reported that during the ceremonies accompany tnat during the ceremonies accompany-ing the surrender, Gen. Shafter and Sylvester Scovel, correspondent of a New York newspaper, became involved in an altercation in which blows were struck, and that Scovel is under ar-

HOTEL DEL CORONADO



Comfort-

And the only ones having Grass Greens in the State. FISHING—The following catch was made off hotel July 11 1898. 

Boats, Bait and Tackle at Hotel Pier. E. S. BABCOCK, Manager. Reduced summer rates now in effect.
Inquire at CORONADO AGENOY,
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Los Angeles. Strictly First-class. Low Spe-

cial Summer Rates. American and European Plans. The high standard of house will be fully maintained.

## CAMP GROWS SMALL.

TROOPS RAPIDLY THINNING OUT AT SAN FRANCISCO.

First Montana Regiment and Recruits for the First California Go Aboard the Pennsylvania

STEAMER TO SAIL TODAY

EFFORTS BEING MADE IN BEHALF OF THE SEVENTH.

The Transport Seneca Brings Many unded-Rush at Fort Omaha. Wagon Trains Ordered to Charleston.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.1

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18 .- Camp Merritt is gradually growing smaller Today 1500 men, representing the First Montana Regiment, and 300 recruits for the First California Volunteers, broke camp and marched to the trans-port steamer Pennsylvania, which will convey them to Manila via Honolulu.

The farewell given the soldiers was like all of its predecessors. Thousands of people lined the streets and cheered the passing soldiers, and showered them with flowers and passed them ripe fruits with which to moisten their parched lips, for the sun was very hot.

At the Pacific-street wharf, where the Pennsylvania was docked to receive them, the soldiers had to go through a most trying ordeal, espe-cially the California boys. Here hun-dreds of mothers and friends gathered to say their last good-bys, but owing to the stern command of some officer, many of the farewells and godspeeds were left unsaid, as a strict order had been issued to keep women off the docks; nevertheless many of the offi-cers received their friends inside the

docks; nevertheless many of the onicers received their friends inside the
dock gates. Many a poor mother and
sister lingered around the dock for
hours, hoping that the order would be
rescinded, but very few of them passed
the guards to get a last word with
sons and brothers.

The Pennsylvania moved out into
the stream this evening, and will sall
for Manila via Honolulu at 9:30 o'clock
tomorrow, unless orders to the contrary
are received from Washington.

The Rio de Janeiro is now scheduled
to leave Thursday. The St. Paul,
which arrived from Alaska yesterday,
went into the dry dock at the Union
Iron Works tonight, and will be ready
for service as a transport within a
few days. The Scandia is also in dock,
but will be able to receive stores before the end of the week. It is quite
possible that this vessel, the purchase possible that this vessel, the purchase of which by the government will be completed tomorrow, will be turned over to the Red Cross to be used as

hospital ship at Manila.

It was learned tonight that the Rus-

It was learned tonight that the Russia, a sister ship to the Scanda, now at Nagasaki, Japan, has been contracted for by the government, and will soon arrive here in ballast, when her purchase will be consummated.

A strong effort is being made to induce the war authorities to assign the Saventh California Regiment to active servee either in Cuba or the Philippines. There is a possibility that the Eighth California may be sent to Honolulu to do garrison duty after the departure from there of the First New York Volunteers.

On account of the unsanitary condi-

k Volunteers.

a account of the unsanitary condiof Camp Merritt, the troops now
e are to be removed to the Presidio

there are to be removed to the Presidio reservation.

No further troops have been designated for future Manila expeditions, and it now seems possible that some of the troops here will be sent East and thence to join the invading army at Porto Rico. Among those who hope to be included in such a destination are the two batteries of California heavy artillery encamped at the Presidio. This command has worked untiringly at the most arduous drills and are ready for any kind of hard field service, and have been led to the hope that their long waiting has not been in vain.

In the meanwhile, the matter of getting off the remaining vessels of this expedition is consuming the energies of the forces at army headquarters in the Phelan building. Maj. George Ruhlin, chief quartermaster, is packing up his effects preparatory to sailing on the Rio de Janeiro Thursday or Friday. The work of loading her is progressing rapidly. The six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' and the six months' medical supplies and the two additional months' and the six months' and th

rapidly. The six months medical sup-plies and the two additional months' supplies for the voyage are being put on today. This vessel will also carry

an X-ray apparatus.

Eight brigade hospitals of fifty beds each, have been sent to Manila already.

ed

Eight brigade hospitals of fifty beds sach, have been sent to Manila already. Fifteen hundred more are to be sent for thorough equipment of the government hospital at Manila.

Maj. W. H. Corbusier, medical purveyor of the expeditionary forces, hopes to go on the St. Paul with the main medical supplies for the whole expedition. Special filters are being taken for use in the hospitals. Some alarm is felt at the number of men reported sick at Manila. Dr. Shiels, brigade surgeon, and Dr. Page, assistant surgeon, U.S.A., will sail on the Rio de Jameiro.

The First South Dakota Regiment is ready to strike camp when the order to do so shall arrive. Although nothing very definite has been officially announced, it is probable that two battalions will embark Thursday on the Rio de Janeiro. The recruits for the First and Second battalions of the Eighteenth Infantry will go on the same transport. The remaining battalion of the South Dakota Regiment, the Colorado and Minnesota recruits and a detachment from the Signal Corps, will go to Manila on the St. Paul, which will be ready next week.

CAMP MERRITIT'S CONDITION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CAMP MERRITT'S CONDITION. CAMP MERRITTS CONDITION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Col. J. V. D. Johnson, chief surgeon of the Department of California, U.S.A., has presented a report to Gen. Merriam on the sanitary condition of Camp Merritt, in which he recommends that the camp be immediately removed. The frainage is bad, he says; the dust and wind are particularly unpleasant, and in any event a camp should not be relained in any one place more than a month, as the ground becomes impure. Gen. Merriam is thoroughly in actord with this report and with the feeling of the people that Camp Merritt has become unsanitary. The camp will be abandoned as quickly as events make it possible. No general orders calling for a general move have been ssued as yet, but as soon as the troops for the Rio de Janeiro and St. Paul get off and water facilities can be arranged at the Presidio the troops at Camp Merritt will march over to the government reservation.

COMPANY M'S MEN. (ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

ber will be increased before the men leave for the Presidio tomorrow morning. The former lieutenant, Grant Marden, enlisted today. Of the men who came back from Oakland, twenty-five are now in a Nevada company, thirty-five have joined in San Francisco, and with these recruited here today, less than a dozen are now out of the army.

ARIZONA SHARPSHOOTERS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

TUCSON (Ariz..) July 18.—Capt. K. H. Hart has about completed the enlistment of his company of sharpshoot listment of his company of sharpshooters composed, of the finest rifle shots of Arizona, mountains and plains. The company was christened the Nelson A. Miles Arizona Range Riflemen. Many of them are experienced Indian fighters. Capt. Hart will offer the riflement to the President for immediate service under Gen. Miles.

BRYAN VERY BUSY.

PASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

BRYAN VERY BUSY.

SOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

OMAHA (Neb.,) July 18.—There has been a rush and push at Fort Omaha all day. Orders were issued by Col. Bryan to the soldiers of the Third Nebraska Volunteer Infantry to be ready to move in thirty minutes' notice, and all the men collected their belongings and discarded all unnecessary luggage. Traveling rations were issued to the men, and the reserve supplies which the regiment is to carry are being hauled to the cars as rapidly as possible.

Col. Bryan was an extremely busy man throughout the entire morning. Many things of importance concerning the transportation of the regiment and the arrangement for the feeding of the troops and the caring for them on the trip, and after their arrival at Jacksonville demanded his attention. Few visitors were at the fort, and the officers were all so busy that they had no time to see any one. The regiment goes from here in three battalions, one each via the Missouri Pacific, the Rock Island and the Burlington. Col. Bryan and his staff go over the Burlington. and his staff go over the Burlington, and will reach Chicago tomorrow.

BRYAN PULLS OUT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] OMAHA (Neb.,) July 18.-It was long after 7 o'clock-tonight when the last of the trains bearing Col. William J. Bryan and his regiment, the Third Nebraska Volunteers, pulled away from the switch near Fort Omaha. Col. Bryan and his staff, with two battailons, go by way of Chicago, over the Rock Island and Burlington roads. The Missouri Facific carries the Third Battailon by way of Kansas City and St. Louis. The regiment will be reunited at Nashville and will go from there to Jacksonville in a body.

WAGON TRAINS TO MOVE.
[ISSOCIATEP FIERS DAY REFORT.] after 7 o'clocks tonight when the last

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL MILI-TARY PARK, July 18 .- An order from TARY FARR, July 18.—An order from headquarters has been isued to Col. Fred Bennett of the Third Illinois Infantry, commanding the Second Brigade of the First Division, First Corps, to forward the wagon trains of his brigade to Charleston at once. Quartermaster Lee has arranged for the railroad transportation, and the wagons and mules will be shipped tonight and tomorrow. It is said that at least half the regiments of the First Corps are on waiting orders, and will move at an early date, though no moving orders have as yet been given out. Col. Bennett's brigade was under orders to move to Charleston, but was held back pending the arrival of transports. It is said now that this brigade will be moved at once. The railroad companies were instructed to have cars ready to be loaded with troops by tonight, but they will not go before tomorrow night at the earliest. headquarters has been isued to Col.

were instructed to have cars ready to be loaded with troops by tonight, but they will not go before tomorrow night, at the earliest.

Everything indicates that a forward movement will be made immediately. Gen. Grant is planning for a sham battle, to be executed tomorrow. The headquarters of Gen. Grant are being beautified, and during the past few days a force of men have been at work constructing gravel walks all over the teamp.

From present indications all the batteries composing the artillery brigades at the park will be only four gun batteries. The talk has been current at the park for some time that the batteries would be reduced to four guns, and it now appears that the box will go to the front with only that number.

WOUNDED FROM SANTIAGO.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEWPORT NEWS (Va.,) July 18,—

The United States transport Seneca arrived in Hampton Roads this afternoon with ninety-nine sick and wounded soldiers from Santiago. In view of the prevalence of yellow fever at Santiago, Dr. Pettus, the United States quarantine officer, refused to be landed, It is understood they will be taken to New York. Dr. Pettus says no yellow fever has developed among the patients aboard, but it is understood there are three suspicious cases on the vessel.

The following officers are on the Seneca: Col. J. J. Van Horn, Lieut.-Col. H. C. Egbett, Maj. A. W. Corliss, Maj.

among the patients aboard, but it is cases on the vessel.

The following officers are on the Seneca: Col. J. J. Van Horn, Lieut.-Col. H. C. Eghert, Maj. A. W. Corliss, Maj. F. G. Lathmayd, Capt. W. I. Joyce, Capt. Dowdy, Capt. English, Capt. William Wright, Lieut. Gross, Lieut. Barnum, Lieuts. E. H. Martin, Burdy, Seyburn, W. Hall and Lawless. Private D. J. Dooling of Troop A, United States Cavalry, died of fever at the hospital at Fort Monroe yesterday. This is the only death that has occurred at the hospital since the first of the sick and wounded soldier sarrived.

STEAMER ARIZONA SAILS.

STEAMER ARIZONA SAILS. (ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.1

SEATTLE (Wash.,) July 18.—The steamer Arizona, which was recently purchased at Tacoma by the govern-ment for a transport, sailed for San Francisco this evening.

Hawaiian Commission Staff.

Hawaiian Commission Staff.

WASHINGTON. July 18.—Senator
Cullom, chairman of the Hawaiian
commission, will leave Washington today with his family for Chicago,
whence he expects to make a short tour
over the State before going to Hawaii.
The appointments to the staff of the
commission have been made, and it is
composed largely of employes of the
Senate and House of Representatives.
The purpose of this was to reduce expenditures, none of those which accompany the party receiving any compenpenditures, none of those which accompany the party receiving any compensation, except the official stenographer. The Senator will sail from San Francisbo about August 10, and it is expected that the party will remain in Hawaii until about the time Congress convenes.

Pensions and Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Pensions were granted Californians today as follows: Alonzo B. Swartout, St. Helena, \$6; Joshua Stewart, dead, San José, \$8 to \$12; Emma M. Stewart, San José, \$8; minors of Anderson Carr, Los Angeles, \$10; John S. Harrison, Veterans' Home, Napa, \$8; Charles Anderson, Santa Barbara, \$17; Howard L. James, Madera, \$8 to \$12; Mrs. Ellen Zent was today appointed postmistress at Goodwin, Yavpai county, Ariz., vice Sarah E. Randolph, resigned.

postmistress at Goodwin, Yavapai founty, Ariz., vice Sarah E. Randolph, resigned.

COMPANY M'S MEN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WOODLAND, July 18.—The ex-members of Co. M., who returned from Camp Barrett were today given a chance to enlist in the heavy artillery by Lieut. D. M. Skerrett of the Third Artillery, U.S.A. Many men applied this morning, and twenty-one, who have gone in pursuit of the murderer.

postmistress at Goodwin, Yavapai county, Ariz., vice Sarah E. Randolph, resigned.

KIIIed Two Deputy Marshals.

SOUTH M'ALESTER (Okla., July 18.—Great excitement was created last night. St. Joseph (Mo.,) July 18.—Great excitement was created last night by Jail, the act of a number of desperate characters awaiting transfer to the spinoson of dynamite in the condition of the ships' bottoms scraped and considerable overshard transfer to the spinoson of dynamite in the condition of the ships' bottoms scraped and considerable overshard this morning, and twenty-one, who have gone in pursuit of the murderer.

COMPLETE FAILURE. MUTINOUS MADRID. ell Company Tried to Resume

but No Miners Appeared.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] PANA (Ill.,) July 18.-An attempt today to resume operations by the Penwell Mining Company with non-union workers, was a complete failure, not a miner appearing for work. The Penwell company had given notice that it EDITORIAL SENSATION.

Military Governor Chinchilla Has would resume with non-union miners from Hillsboro. A large force of deputies and extra police were on hand to protect any men who might attempt to enter the mine.

The Penwell premises, and streets leading thereto, were crowded with several hundred union miners and their wives. The deputies and police tried vainly to disperse the crowds and a large number of arrests were made. A second attempt will be made tomorrow to operate the property, by patrolling the streets and entrances to the mine, and conveying non-union miners to work in carriages. Serious trouble is vould resume with non-union miners Some Interviews of His Own With "Brain Departments."

HOPES THEY'LL NOT FEEL SORE.

FILLS THEM WITH WRATH. Ministers Declare Peace Impossible

IA. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.1

WOULD JOIN FORCES. Audalusia-Pushing the Defense Works.

LONDON, July 18 .- [By Atlantic Ca ble.] A special dispatch from Madrid says: "The appearance here Friday night of several newspapers with blank Captain-General to Make Terms With the Insurgents-American Forces Were to Be Asked to columns representing portions of news suppressed by the censor, caused a sen-sation. The following day, however, Lieut.-Gen. J. Chincilla, military governor of the city, had interviews with [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] the leading editors and managers and discussed the situation. He expressed MANILA, July 13, via Hongkong, desire to apply the new regulations

and conveying non-union miners to work in carriages. Serious trouble is expected.

PROPOSITION MADE TO AUGUSTI BY

him the native, who is a paroled prisoner.

The natives inside the city say they received, a fortnight ago, a concerted signal to prepare for storming the walls. A second signal fixing the date of the assault has not yet been issued, and they are tired of waiting and are losing faith in Aguinaldo. The latter, it is alleged, finds it extremely difficult to acpture the town's fortifications. His previous successes, it is pointed out, were easy because of the nature of the country, which suited his skirmishers. It is further alleged that the principal points captured by the insurgents were obtained possession of through treachery.

ALL QUIET AT MANILA [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT

HONGKONG, July 18 .- The Germa

DISHONORABLY DISCHARGED.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Privat

DEWEY AND VON DIEDRICHS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, July 19.—The Hongkons

July 18.—[By Asiatic Cable.] An important interview has just been held between Aguinaldo's secretary, Legarda, and a prominent native white man and the Spanish commander, Capt. a desire to apply the new regulations with the least possible rigor, but the result is that a bitter feeling prevails, and, as one effect of the censorship of the papers insinuate, they know more than they dare assert.

El Nacional suggests that the entire press should cease to appear until the censorship is abolished. El Liberal significantly reminds the government that the last time the newspapers appeared with blank spaces was the eve of the September revolution, when the revolutionists were headed by Señor Sagasta, Queen Isabella's implacable enemy. Some papers publish distressing accounts of the condition of Admiral Camara's squadron. The battleship Pelayo and the armored cruiser Emperador Carlos V are in good condition, but the others are mere show vessels.

Ministers, in their statements to the Augusti, concerning the surender of the city, they asserting that 50,000 insur-gents surrounded Manila, and were able to enter it at any moment. Thus far, they argued, the insurgents had been restrained with difficulty, but if the Spaniards continue stubborn the result would be that the insurgents would be compelled to bombard the city "with the inevitable slaughter, unparalleled in history, because in the excitement of in history, because in the excitement of the battle they cannot discriminate."

Continuing, the captain-general's visitors advised him to disregard the official fictions regarding alleged Spanish victories in Cuba and reinforcements coming to the Philippines, and proposed a reconciliation between the Spaniards in the Philippines under a republican flag and a joint endeavor to persuade the Americans to abandon hostilities in the Philippine Islands. Finally, the representatives of the insurgents proposed an appeal to the powers to recognize the independence of the Philippine Islands. The captain-general replied that he must fight, however, hopeless the Spanish cause. Legarda then returned to Cavite, taking with him the native, who is a paroled prisoner.

dition, but the others are mere snow vessels.

Ministers, in their statements to the newspapers, continue to declare that peace is impossible on the conditions America imposes. Though Spain appears reconciled to the loss of Cuba, there is much ill feeling at England's supposed territorial designs on Gibraltar. The rise in the price of necessaries is causing effervenscence in Taragona, Valencia, Seville and elsewhere.

THAT "FREE HAND."

THAT "FREE HAND." LONDON, July 16-The Madrid cor-

LONDON, July 16—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says:

"Capt.-Gen. Blanco and Gen. Toral were given a free hand in the surrender of Santiago, as the government did not desire to expose itself to such a criticism as followed the destruction of Admiral Cerevera's squadron, when it was alleged that the government ordered Admiral Cerevera to quit the bay. The necessity of making peace is now universally admitted, but the necessity of making it quickly is less generally realized, and partly owing to Señor Sagasta,'s indecision. Apparently nothing definite is being done by the government, which seems in no hurry to make proposals."

WHAT THEY THINK. [A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] LONDON, July 18.—The Madrid corespondent of the Times says: public here is in a painful state of un-certainty regarding Santiago. The American dispatches are contradictory, and there is almost no information from Spanish sources. One thing is certain. The Cabinet at Washington seems more exacting about conditions than Gen. Shafter, and this is re-garded as indicating anything but a conciliatory disposition on the part of the President of the United States at this present moment. public here is in a painful state of unthis present moment.

"In any peace negotiations, says the private friends of the ministers here, private friends of the ministers here, the point of departure ought to be the publicly avowed object of the war, namely, the emancipation of Cuba from Spanish rule. If President McKiniey restricts himself to that object there will be no serious difficulties in coming to an agreement. If, on the other hand, a war undertaken for the specific pura war undertaken for the specific pur-pose of liberating Cuba develops into a war of ruthless conquest and annexa-tion, the Spanish government and peo-people will defend themselves to the utmost."

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] LONDON, July 18.-The Madrid cor espondent of the Daily Telegraph, elegraphing Sunday, says riots have proken out at Huelva, capital of the province of Huelva in Andalusia The inhabitants marched to the municipal buildings, shouting for cheap bread. Rioters to the number of 4000 sacked many private houses. They were fin-ally dispersed by the military, and energetic measures will be taken to prevent a renewal of the disturbances.

HONGKONG, July 18.—The German cruiser Cormoran, from Manila, July 15, has arrived here. She reports that all was quiet at the capital of the Philippines when she left there. The insurgents had not advanced, the second American contingent had not arrived, and all the ships of the American fleet were at Cavite.

It was reported at Manila, previous to the departure of the Cormoran, that Gen. Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, had been accorded an interview with Capt.—Gen. Augusti at Manila, the result of which was not known.

DISHONORABLY DISCHARGED. OCTROI DUTIES.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] MADRID, July 18, 3 p.m.—The increase in the octroi rates or duties on produce taken in the towns is causing turbulence in the rural districts of Spain. The people of the province of Huelva have rebelled against the im-Huelva have rebelled against the imports of corn and flour, and attacked and set fire to a number of public buildings. The troops had to be called on to repress the disorder.

The Pals, organ of the Republicans, advocates a military dictatorship, and the Republicans are endeavoring to secure the support of the army and navy for this purpose. Albert Wilbur of Battery A, First Bat talion, heavy artillery, having been found guilty of desertion, has been sen tenced to be dishonorably discharged to forfeit all pay, and to be confined for two years at hard labor on Alcatraz Island.

WATSON'S FLEET.

correspondent of the Daily Mail says:
"United States Consul Wildman informs me that as the German cruiser Positive Orders for Preparaforms me that as the German crulser Irene was passing Mariveles, off Manila, the other day, the United States gunobat Hugh McCulloch was sent after her to ask her to stop. She refused to obey, and a shell was sent across her how. A small boat went out to discover what she was doing. The German admiral protested, and insted that German ships had a right to enter the horbor without being searched, a claim which Admiral Dewey declined to recognize. tions to Close at Once.

WASHINGTON, July 18 .- The plans for sending Commodore Watson's east-ern squadron to Spain have reached a point where naval officials are considering the exact day of departure, and it is said that positive orders have been given that preparations must be brought to a close at once with a

view of having everything in readiness by the end of this week. Two of the colliers which are to ac-company the expedition are at Norfolk searched, a claim which Admiral Dewey declined to recognize.

"It is reported Admiral von Diedrichs, who is in command of the German squadron at Manila, interviewed Capt. Chichester of the British cruiser Immortalite as to what he would do if the Germans interfered with the bombardment of Manila. Capt. Chichester replied that only Admiral Dewey and himself knew that." for the purpose of putting light bat-teries on them. The officer in charge of the work has estimated that it would take two weeks more to get the bat-

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addiction.

by the end of the week, or soon there-

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] MADRID, July 18, noon.—The de-fense works are being actively pushed at all the Spanish ports, the newspaat all the Spanish ports, the newspa-pers here assert that the United States intends to demand an enormous in-demnity "in order to have the pretext to seize the Philippines as a guaran-iee." The supposed American peace terms are greatly exciting the public, and the opinion is exercised among the people that war to the death would be preferable to the ruin of Spain.

BALEARIC ISLANDS DARK. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] ALGIERS, July 18.—The Spanish au-horities in the Balearic Islands have extinguished, until further orders, all

CONCENTRATING FORCES. [ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] TANGIER, July 18.-The Suitan of Morocco is concentrating considerable in the vicinity of Ceuta and Melila, in order to guard the frontier and preserve neutrality.

COPPERHEAD PROFESSOR.

Thurles Elliott Norton Calls the War Needless and Criminal. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] BOSTON, July 18.—Prof. Charles El-iott Norton formerly of Harvard College, in reply to Senator Hoar, who at-tacked the professor in an address re-cently at the opening of the Clark Uniersity Summer School, made public to versity Summer School, made public to-day a statement in which he said that Senator Hoar's criticism was based on garbled sentences from an account in a western newspaper of an interview with Prof. Norton, dishonorably ob-tained and incorrectly reported. Prof. Norton added:

tained and incorrectly reported. Prof. Norton added:

"I did say to the youth of this university that this war with Spain was 'inglorious,' and as it was for the accomplishment of ends unnecessary to as a nation, it was 'needless' and consequently 'criminal;' that all Americans held their lives at the service of their country, but that they should carefully consider whether the best use they could make of themselves in her services was to enlist in such a war. I see no reason to change these opinions and this advice."

SENATOR HOAR RETORTS.

SENATOR HOAR RETORTS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WORCESTER (Mass.,) July 18.—
Upon receipt of a reply from Prof.
Charles Elliott Norton to his recent
criticisms of Prof. Norton's utterances
before Harvard University students in
regard to the war. Senator Hoar today
made 'public a letter in which he says
to Prof. Norton:
"Whether they are literally presented
or not, they are in general accord, I am
sorry to say, with the sentiments I am
constantly in the habit of hearing of as
coming from you, both in public utterance and private speech, and a style
with which I used to be not unfamiliar
when I occasionally met you. All lov-WORCESTER (Mass.,) July 18,-

with which I used to be not unfamiliar when I occasionally met you. All lovers of Harvard and all lovers of the country have felt for a long time that your relations to the university made your influence bad for the college and bad for the youth of the country. "It was high time that somebody should say what I have said. I could easily from my own memory and from the report of persons who have met you on social coexists."

should say what I have said. I could easily from my own memory and from the report of persons who have met you on social occasions point out many utterances quite as deserving of severe reproof as those to which I have adverted. I am afraid that the habit of bitter and sneering speech about persons and public affairs has so grown upon you that you do not yourself know always what to say. I should be sorry to do you any injustice. Indeed, it is not in anybody's power to do you Injustice but yourself."

DRAWBACK ALLOWED. nteresting Decision Relating to Duties on Lead Ores.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, July 18.—In the case of the Selby Smelting and Lead Company of San Francisco, the Attorney-General has decided that drawback of the duties paid on imported lead refined in a bonded establishment and subsequently withdrawn on payment of duties for domestic consumption, as provided for by the act of July 24, 1897, should be allowed upon the expiration of the articles manufactured wholly from such lead, under section 30 of the same act.

The ore imported by this company was a fluxing one, composed largely of lead, and was melted as the process required, along with a domestic refractory ore, containing incidentally a small percentage of lead. But under section 29 it is held that as the law authorizes the withdrawal of 90 per cent. of the refined product for domestic consumption only upon the payment of the duties. This sufficiently identifies the 90 per cent. as foreign ore, and as such is entitled to a drawback on reexportation.

This opinion modifies that of Decem-

as such is entitled to a drawback occupancy of the exportation.

This opinion modifies that of December 28, 1894, which held in a similar case that no drawback could be allowed because the quantity of measure for the domestic lead could not be ascertained be chemical analysis or other means.

At New York Hotels

NEW YORK, July 18.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] J. P. Trafton is at the Astor; K. T. Bridges at the Continental; Miss C. Hayman and Mrs. C. K. Hay-man at the St. Denis. TAKEN ALONG TO THE PHILIPPINES.

TAKEN ALONG TO THE PHILLIPPINES.

Those who have relatives and friends in the several expeditions to the Philippine Islands will be pleased to know that a good supply of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Dierrhoea Remedy has been taken along, and more will be procured from the agency in Hongkong as required. The great success of this remedy in the treatment of bowel complaints has made it standard over the greater part of the civilized world. During the epidemic of cholera in Honolulu it proved more successful than any other treatment.—Adv.

Let's Go To Hale's.

# Closing out Lace Curtains.

We've laid to one side a great batch of these pretty flimsy house draperies that we are going to part with today. Come get your share.

There are the well-known and old stand-by Nottingham sort in ecru or white, full size and patterned as to the newest and latest ideas. The only fault with them is the lots are broken. Prices now are this wise:

The \$1.00 kind at 77c per pair The \$1.25 kind at 87c per pair The \$1.50 kind at \$1.07 per pair

The \$2.00 kind at \$1.27 per pair The \$2.50 kind at \$1.47 per pair The \$3.00 kind at \$1.87 per pair The \$1.75 kind at \$1.17 per pair The \$3 50 kind at \$2.07 per pair

# S At Private Sale...

More than 1500 pieces were ! sold during our public auction of Rugs. Something over 200 which have taken prizes at the of the very finest specimens re- art exhibitions in the old world, main to be sold. The prices will be a great deal less than they would bring at auction.

It is the opportunity of the century to secure a fine Turkish or Persian Rug at small cost. Do not let it pass with- longer.

Our lease expired July 15,

You are cordially invited to

inspect the art pieces, many of

as the store was rented to J.

## H. SARAFIAN & CO., 313 South Broadway

ontinues.

A dispatch from Gleiwitz, Prussian Silesia, says twenty-four persons have been killed by a cage accident at the Paulus colliery, near Morgenret.

The London Times declares there is no foundation for the reports that a decision is imminent in the Delagoa. Bay arbitration with an award of 22,500,000. It says the case will not be settled for at least three months.

months.

Samuel H. Taylor, the traveling salesman who Saturday night shot and killed, at St. Louis, Benjamin J. Sandys, whom he charged with the abduction of his child, has been acquitted, the coroner's jury returning a verdict of "justifiable homicide."

A Columbus (0.) dispatch says active opposition has developed to the plan proposition has developed to the plan proposed for the organization of the C. S. and H. Kailroad, general mortgage bondholders to the amount of \$3,000,000 having signed an agreement to resist. The North American Trust Company of New York has been asked to act as trustee for them.

An Albany (N. Y.) dispatch says former

Trust Company of New York has been asked to act as trustee for them.

An Albany (N. Y.) dispatch says former Gov. D. B. Hill, speaking of the metropolitan election law, just passed by the New York Logislature, says it is "A measure of a most extraordinary and dangerous character, violating every principle of orderly legislation, conceded to be especial in its nature, and attempted to be insulting as they are false."

A ruling of importance to the members of the New York Stock Exchange was received esterday by Collector Treat of the Second

leally ceased to carry on business. The as-lets of the Central Transportation Company ire said to amount to about \$1.599,600.

The prevalence of typhoid fever is the prin-cipal subject now engaging the attention of Camp Aiger. There are fifty-one cases at the

yesterday that the fault less principally with the men. If they would observe the camp rules and drink nothing but boiled and artesian well water, he said, there would not be much typhold.

The second trial of M. Zola and M. Perreux, publisher of the Aurore, on the charges of the brought against them by the officers of the Esterhazy court-martial, adjourned from May 23, was resumed at Paris yesterday in the Assize Court. M. Laborie raised several objections to the trial proceeding, which the court overruled. The public prosecutor charged Zola with shunning the trial, to which his counsel repiled, "We will not shun the trial if we are allowed to bring our proofs." This led to a great uproar in court.

Several dispatches from Gen, Shafter were received at the War Department yesterday, but Secretary Aiger said, as he left his office for lunch, that they related to details of matters coming up constantly for consideration. There was no change in the general situation at Santiago, he said, in reply inquiries. He hoped, now that the surrender had taken place, that affairs would move along smoothly. Gen. Shafter evidently has not communicated to the department the appointment of Gen. McKibben to be military governor of Santiago, as Secretary Aiger said he had not heard of it. Prof. A. H. Beale, who was killed by falling through a steamer's hatchway at Seattle. Wash., lived at Brookline, where his wife and children are at the present time. Prof. Beale was well known in education circles and especially in the South. He came to Boston about three years ago to accept a position in the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association, but the changes in the management of the association soon after his arrival led to his establishment of a correspondence school. Last March Beale went to Seattle, which was the home of his father-in-law, and was elected to the chair of philosophy and education in the State University of Washington.

The Italian men-of-war Dogli and Plemonts prived at Gibraitar yesterday, the Plemonts proceeding almost at once en route for the lanaries. The Spaniards have erected new patteries armed with 6-inch guns at Ceutand Tariffa.

and Tariffa.

At Wilmington, Del., yesterday, the defense rested its case in the trial of Kenney, and the government began testimony in rebuttal. William N. Boggs was called, and testified to discrepancies in the statement of Senator Kenney as to Boggs's resources in 1896.

A. St. Thomas, D. W. I., cablegram says the American auxiliary cruiser Yosemite has sailed for Key West. The Danish government refused to allow her to tow out the steamer refused to allow her to two out the steamer southard, whose carge of coal, it is claimed, was purchased prior to the declaratin of war between Spain and the United States, and is therefore not subject to neutrality laws.

One of the few telegrams which came to the One of the few telegrams which came to the War Department yesterdsy from the front was one from an officer of the Signal Corps to Gen. Greely in reference to the grave of

Brown, music dealer, of North Spring street, but we have secured the store for a few days

Microbe Killer

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Day Dispatches Condensed.

A dispatch to the London Daily Chronicle from Brussels says the Spanish pretender, Don Carlos, is still there.

Yesterday's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: A valiable cash balance, \$219,336,902; gold reserve, \$181,483,183.

The conference of coal-owners and miners at Cardiff falled to reach any agreement. The Welsh coal miners' strike, therefore, continues.

SUICIDE HER MOTIVE.

Mrs. Lillian Frey, a woman of doubt-ful reputation, is lying at the point of death at the Receiving Hospital. Early ast night she swallowed thirty grains

of morphine, enough to kill six per-sons. It is hardly possible that she will recover.

About 8:30 o'clock last night she went About 8:30 o'clock last night she went in to the lunch counter at No. 251 East First street and asked permission of the proprietor to sit down. She sat in the corner of the room for several minutes, and then staggered to the door. It was thought that she was merely drunk. When a policeman passed by she asked him to take her to her room, in a lodging-house on Court street. The officer sent her to the Receiving Hospital instead. Here it was again thought that she was only drunk, though a bottle which had contained sixty grains of morphine was found on her person, the bottle half empty.

When Dr. Hagan arrived he promptly applied the stomach pump to her, and relieved her of the mixture of poison and beer and alcohol that was in her stomach. The operation weakened her. Everything possible was done for her.

Everything possible was done for her, Dr. Hagan and his assistant, Dr. Stinchfield, remaining with her until late this morning.

Little is known of the woman at her lodging-house. She is about 38 years old, and is said to have an almost grown son in the city. She has not lived with her husband for some time. The cause of her attempt to end her life is not known.

Last of Vinegar

GEORGETOWN (Ky.) July 18.— Clarence Vinegar, colored, twice con-victed and sentenced to hang for kill-ing his wife in this county, fifteen months ago, was hanged here today.



Her Life Saved By Consumption's

or

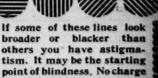
Bacilli.

Conqueror.

"My niece says Microbe
Killer saved her life after doctors gave her
up with consumption ""-G. M. Taber. Pasadens. Cal. Hundreds of others. Drugs and
poison fail. M. K. never tails. Freight
paid to points without agent. Call or write. Destroys Radam's Germs Sample



Free.



for thorough examination, Rimless Eye Glasses with best quality lenses

Geneva Watch & Optical Co., 353 S. Spring St.

T-----

## COAST RECORDS STRUCK AN OIL TANK.

AT LONG BEACH.

Tank Was on Trucks and Was Standing on the Main Track Op-posite Pine Street.

LOCOMOTIVE BADLY WRECKED.

SECTION MAN'S RIBS BROKEN AND ENGINEER'S ANKLE SPRAINED.

Sawmill Employe Takes Poison-An Ex-Cigar Dealer Kills Himself. Fragments from Klondike. The Imprisoned Whalers.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] LONG BEACH, July 18 .- A special train on the Terminal road en route to Terminal Island from Los Angeles ran into an oil-tank car standing on the track opposite Pine street, Long The engineer, on seeing the obstruc-

tion reversed his engine and jumped.

A section man on the train had several ribs broken, and Engineer Cross sustained a badly sprained ankle.

Men are at work trying to get the

tank car back on the trucks. The tank contains a hundred barrels of oil. The enigne was badly wrecked. The oil tank was driven thirty feet from the

#### ALASKAN NEWS ITEMS.

Steamer Connemanch and Other

[A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, July 18 .- It was reported at St. Michaels on July 7, when the St. Paul sailed for this city, that Connemaugh from Seattle was overtaken in the Bering by a hurricane, and her tow, a river steamer laden with stores, was lost. Steamer and cango were valued at \$60,000. Two

cargo were valued at \$60,000. Two barges, towed by the Alaska Commercial Company's Portland, were lost in the same storm. They cost about \$20,-000. A similar fate overtook a new river boat towed by the National City. The loss in the last case was \$50,000. Only four river steamers had come down the Yukon at the date-of-the St. Paul's departure. The May West left Dawson June 19 and arrived at St. Michaels June 26, with 176 passengers. The Alaska Commercial Company's Belle left Dawson June 26 and arrived at St. Michaels July 3, with 225 passengers. The American Trading and Transpertation Company's steamer Hamilton left Dawson June 24, and the P. B. Weare, June 25. They arrived at St. Michaels July 5, the Hamilton being in tow of the Weare, having broken her chains coming down the river. The Hamilton had 109 passengers and the Weare about seventy-five.

Weare about seventy-five.

The Yukon River is unusually low this season, and boats that are not already at St. Michaels have slight chance of reaching Dawson. When the Bele came down she passed three river steamers stuck in the mud at Fort Yukon. The water in the river is not deeper than three feet in many places.

A SEMI-ASSAY OFFICE. A SEMI-ASSAY OFFICE.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18 .- A letter o the Chronicle from Dawson City, ated June 26, says the Canadian government, through special privileges granted to banking institutions, has established a semi-assay office; that is to say, the banks assay the gold dust and then purchase it at a discount of 2 per cent. The banks thus far have paid \$14 per ounce, and for outside ex-change charged an additional 2 per

cent.

Last winter the standard rate of wages was \$15 a day, but with thousands of penniless men in the country, and the determination of the large mine-owners to close down their properties pending an appeal to the Dominion government for a modification of the royalty laws, it is certain that wages will be less than \$5 a day before the next seasoff closes.

wages will be less than to a day before the next seasoff closes.

There is not to exceed twelve or fif-teen miles of real good and proven pla-cer claims in the Klondike district, and this ground is principally on Eldorado this ground is principally on Eldorado and Bonanza creeks. Alexander Mc-Donald, the mining king, will realize about \$1,250,000 this season, though he had expected to clean up more than twice as much. Many other miners are also greatly disappointed.

#### BEACHES TO BURN. Col. Randall Explains About the St.

Michaels Landing Places.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Reports have reached this city from St. Mich-sels that the only suitable landing beach at St. Michaels is controlled by two transportation companies, and that els wishing to land at St. Michaels are taxed heavily for the privilege, the companies having fenced off four miles of the best beach for their own

When seen this morning by an Associated Press representative, Col. Randall, who was in command of the soldiers at St. Michaels, and who returned on the steamer St. Paul last night, said that up to the time of his departure not a single vessel had paid for landing privileges on beaches other than that controlled by the Alaska Commercial Company, and the North American Trading and Transportation Company. Col. Randall said that the companies had surveyed this stretch of beach several years ago, and that the question of ownership had been referred to the authorities at Washington many months ago, but that up to the time of his departure no decision in the matter had been received from Washington. This ignding place is the most convenient and, safest around St. Michaels, but there are several other beaches comparatively safe and convenient, which have been used by vessels other than those owned by the twe companies. When seen this morning by an Asso-

TEN MILLIONS OUTPUT. BAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—The officials of the Alaska Commercial Company, whose steamer St. Paul arrived
inst night from St. Michaels, stated that
the gold output of the Klondike region
will be \$10,000,000. The Alaska Commercial Company has exceptional facilties for making a close estimate of the
gold yield, as it ships most of the gold
for the miners, and has agents all
through the Klondike country.

TMPORTANT COAL DISCOVERY.

IMPORTANT COAL DISCOVERY. A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.] BAN FRANCISCO, July 18 .- A letter BAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—A letter from St. Michaels, Alaska, says an immense deposit of coal has been discovered 400 miles up the Koyukok, and a competent English authority on coal pronounces it equal to the best anthractic of Pennsylvania. The Koyukok, between the deposit and the junction of the Yukon, is navigable by steamers such as ply the latter stream, so that the besting of the discovery on the

cost of mining in the Klondike may prove exceedingly important.

CONGRESSMEN DE VRIES. Future of the Philippines and the

Nicaragua Canal.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SACRAMENTO, July 18 .- Marion de FERMINAL TRAIN KNOCKED OUT Vries, Congressman from the Second District, has returned from Washing-ton. He was interviewed by a Bee re-porter, and in answer to a question as to what seemed to be the sentiment in Congress regarding the Philippine

lands, he said:
"The prevailing sentiment is not to "The prevailing sentiment is not to center upon a decisive policy until the close of the war, unless it is made necessary by an earlier development. The reason for this is that the attitude assumed by the United States toward the Philippines will be determined by our final treaty with Spain. The position of every man in Congress on this question will undoubtedly be influenced to a very great extent by the strong feeling in the country, reflected by the press, and through Conflection. flected by the press, and through Congressmen who reflect more or less the views of their constituents. There is a sentiment among the a sentiment among the American peo-ple that where the American flag is once raised it should never come down."

When asked if the war should hasten the building of the Nicaragua Canal, Congressman de Vries replied: "It un-doubtedly will. I look for the prelimi-nary work on this matter during the short session. Construction of the canal will be entered upon during the fifty-sixth session undoubtedly."
"What will be the effect of the Clay-

on-Bulwer treaty?" was asked.
"Oh, the general impression is that that offers no obstacle, none that is insurmountable at least. The truth is that I have not heard that discussed much in connection with the canal England would, I feel certain, be very glad to see us build the canal, and we would never want to close it to her unless at war with her, which I trust will never be. England's attitude to-ward us during our war with Spain has been such that we cannot help but feel friendly toward her."

#### STRANGLED TO DEATH.

What Has Been Found in Mrs. Car

penter's Case.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.-Mrs. H. S. Carpenter, the woman who was found dead early Sunday morning in the Hubbard House on Fourth street, was strangled to death. This has been definitely determined as the result of the autopsy performed at the morgue today by Dr. John Gallagher.

been due to asphyxia by strangulation. been due to asphyxia by strangulation. The lungs of the deceased were congested, and the larynx considerably injured. On the outer skin of the neck were visible marks or abrasions. The result of Dr. Gallagher's autopsy does not definitely prove that Mrs. Carpenter was murdered, but the theory advanced to a certain extent by the police that the woman committed suicide seems to be scarcely tenable.

There is no reliable clew to the murderer, and the only evidence against Luchner, the man held on suspicion, is that his room adjoined that of the mur-dered woman.

## PUGET SOUND BUSINESS Seven Hundred Per Cent. Gain in Volume in Five Years. [A. P. EARLY MORNING REPORT.]

TACOMA (Wash.,) July 18 .- The Ta coma Chamber of Commerce has just completed the compilation from customhouse returns of a table showing the business of the Puget Sound collec-tion district for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898. The table shows a gain of 700 per cent, in volume of foreign business since 1893, and gives Tacoma first rank among the shipping ports of the district, her proportion being

of the district, her proportion being 51,76 per-cent. of the total. Exports and imports for the year aggregate \$23,008,991, the principal articles of export being \$,023,912 bushels of wheat, 615,155 barrels of flour, 130,168,000 feet of lumber, and miscellaneous merchandise shipped principally to China and Japan, valued at \$7,852,046. There were 1624 entrances and 1868 clearances in the district, with a total tonnage of 2,233,552 tons. Exports increased 41 per cent. over last year, while imports decreased 20 per cent.

Santa Clara Board of Education Conducted Business Loosely.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN JOSE, July 18 .- The Board of Supervisors today began an investiga-tion of the affairs of the County Board of Education as regards the bills filed or services at board sessions during the past few months. The legality of the sessions of the board are questioned because, as the members testified, there were seldom or never any formal roll calls or other formalities in the meet

County Superingendent Chipman was closely questioned as to a bill of \$120 as secretary of the board. He pleaded ignorance of the law at that time, his excuse for charging the county for seven days' services when the board was engaged in the examinations and he was not actually present. Chipman has been Superintendent of Schools of Santa Clara county for over twenty years. The investigation will be resumed next Monday.

#### THOSE IMPRISONED WHALERS. Crews Reported in Good Condition Relief Reaches Point Barrow.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, July 18 .- The Call prints the news that the crews of the whaling vessels at Point Barrow, to whose relief an expedition was sent on whose relief an expedition was sent on the revenue cutter Bear, are in good condition, and at no time were they in danger of famine. Lieuts. Jarvis, Ber-tholf and Dr. Call of the Bear, reached Point Barrow by dog teams. and W. T. Lopp, a school teacher at Cape Prince of Wales, drove a herd of 400 reindeer a distance of 550 miles to Point Bar-row.

row.

Mr. Lopp reached Point Barrow on March 30 and found that the imprisoned whalers had plenty of provisions. The whalers undoubtedly owe their lives to the efforts of Charles Brower, agent at Point Barrow for the Liebes Trading Company, who sent natives out to shoot wild reindeer. The natives killed 700 deer and food was plentiful all winter.

BARRRICADED AMONG POWDER. Crazy Chinaman With a Pistol

Causes a Scare. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] OAKLAND, July 18 .- Sung Leon, s Chinese, today attempted to kill Quon Chung at the works of the California Fuse Company at Melrose. He made his escape to the powder magazine of the company, where he has barricaded himself, and with a loaded revolved in his hand threatened to kill any one who attempts his capture. It is feared

hatchet and then shot him, inflicting a probably fatal wound.

ALASKAN SHIPPING DISASTERS.

Way to Dawson Strewn With Bone of Unlucky Crafts. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SAN FRANCISCO, July 18 .- A re ort regarding disasters to shipping in laskan waters has been received from E. Anders, Collector of Customs at t. Michaels. He says that only two Michaels. He says that only two the Louise and the Leale—are likely reach Dawson this year. Besides the

way to St. Michaels, the bark Rufus E. Wood lost her river steamer overboard, the old tug Gov. Stoneman lost a barge with a large quantity of freight when the river broke up, and the twelve steamers sent out from Seattle June 2 by the Moran Bros. were counted among the missing on July 7.

The steamers that composed the Moran fleet (each vessel manned by a full crew) were as follows: Pilgrim, Capt. Harry K. Struvel; J. H. Light, Capt. Frank Grounds; D. R. Campbell, Capt. C. D. Brownfield; F. K. Gustin, Capt. W. D. Gobbins; St. Michaels, Capt. J. L. Fisher; Seattle, Capt. R. McFarland; Victoria, Capt. C. F. Gilmore; Oil City, Capt. S. Wheeler; Robert Kerr. Capt. Beecher; Western Star, Capt. S. Capt. S. Hodgeson; Tacoma, Capt. J. E. Driscoe, and Mary Elirath, Sapt. E. E. Stanoford.

These vessels were all alike, and

lary Elrath, Sapt. E. E. Stanoford. These vessels were all alike, and ach cost \$50,000. In length they were 5 feet, beam 35 feet, and depth 6.5 et. These boats are intended for leasure and freight purposes, having capacity for 250 passengers and 400 ms of freight. Their ocean convoys ere the tugs Resolute, Capt. Tom illton, and Richard Holyoke, Capt. Linger, and the steam schooner South loast. Richard Holyoke had in tow five The Richard Holyoke had in tow five ig river barges, each of which had 150 ons of coal aboard. The South Coast was loaded with coal. At Dutch Harror, it,was the intention to pick up the bur boats that the Morans built there or the North American Trading and ransportation Company. They are the C. Barr, Klondike, Power and Cunhy.

The James Eva. which went to pieces to have taken a party of miners who left here on the Dirigo, up the Yukon. The old steamer Mare Island has been condemned at St. Michaels. Beside losing her tow, the Connamaugh had sev-eral river boats in sections swept from

TWO HUNDRED DESTITUTE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SEATTLE, July 18. An official let-er from Capt. Abercrombie, U.S.A., now at Copper River, Alaska, contains the statement that there are 200 destitute men there. Capt. Abercomble says he has fed 500 persons thus far, and that if means are not devised to relieve the country of those who have failed to get to the Yukon, who have lost their outfits in trying to ascend the Copper River and the tributary streams, there will be actual starving this fail. Capt. Abercomble says, in conclusion that the transportation companies refuse to carry the stranded miners without compensation.

COMMISSIONER'S ESTIMATE.

[ASSOCIATED PIESS NIGHT REFORT.] low at Copper River, Alaska, contains

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] VANCOUVER (B. C.,) July 18. Letters received here from the managers of Canadian banks at Dawson agers of Canadian banks at Dawson say the gold commissioner estimates the production of gold at \$7,000,000. It would have been more but for the number of men having to leave last winter on account of the anticipated shortage of provisions, and the consequent scarcity of labor at the mines. MORE TREASURE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
SEATTLE (Wash.,) July 18.—The SEATTLE (Wash...) July 18.—The chooner Samoa arrived tonight from it. Michaels, Alaska, with thirty-six Klondikers, who brought with them rom \$40,000 to \$300,000 in gold dust. The Samoa left St. Michaels July 6. Among her passengers was Thomas C. Austin of New Whatcom, Wash. Mr. Austin states that the clean-up on Eldorado. Bonanza and Hunger Creeks in the Klondike district this season will not exceed \$10,000,000. This, together with about \$5,000,000 of last season's mutput, will all be shipped out this rear. He confirms previous reports have been made. The steamer Roanoke was os sail for Seattle with a large crowd of passengers and a large amount of cold, estimated by the Samoa's passengers all the way from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

Coming by Boat. SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—The steamer Pomona sailed today with the following passengers: For Redando— Redondo—

A. James and F. I. Goodenough, hter, Mrs. Goodenough, Lughes, Mrs. H. L. Thomas, H. Lughes, Mrs. E. H. Colster and daughter, Sherry, J. Brown. Breer, F. Wagner, . Christie, . Kiesling, Turnk, Bayha, . Bayha,
. Zona,
. Zona,
diss S. Livingsten,
. Gollman,
. Gollmer,
. Haynard,
F. Mayrin,
W. L. Sanborn,
C. G. Crawson,
Mrs. Patrick and r
F. H. Cass,
Mrs. Cass,
J. Backs, Mrs. Cass,
J. Backs,
P. L. Wilson,
G. Edmonds,
W. T. Shea,
A. Meadows,
G. A. Whiteford. or Santa Barbara-

Woodbridge Canal Matter. Woodbridge Canal Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—The
Woodbridge Canal matter came before
Master in Chancery Heacock today.
Only two offers for the property were
received, one of \$11,000 by Franklin Davis and one of \$23,500 by E. C. Chapman, the receiver. The conditions of
Chapman's bid are that payments shall
be made as follows: Claims as receiver,
\$12,105: claims of Fox & Gray, attorneys, \$9040; cash, \$2355. The report will
be submitted to Justice Beatty next
Monday for confirmation.

British Columbia Sealing Catch. British Columbia Sealing Catch.
VICTORIA (B. C.,) July 18.—H.M.S.
Pheasant and Icarius left this morning
for Bering Sea patrol sealing grounds.
They will be followed this evenig by
H.M.S. Amphion. There are twentynine vessels engaged in sealing this
year in Bering ea. The total figures
of the coast catch, officially computed
by customs authorities, are 10,581 skins,
being the total catch of thirty vessels.
This is more than twice as large as
that of last year, when 5035 skins were
taken by thirty schooners.

Ex-Cigar Dealer's Suicide.

Ex-Cigar Dealer's Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Frank
R. Lyon, formerly a cigar dealer, committed sulcide last night by turning on
the gas in his room. His body was
found today. Lyon was a native of
Athens, Pa., and 40 years of age. He
had a wife and two children, supposed to be in Washington or Oregon. A letter shows that Lyon was a
brother of C. D. Lyon, publisher of a
newspaper at Milo, Iowa.

miles south of this place, this morning, the trouble arising over a disputed land claim. Escobar had taken up government land on which Manjares had squatted and on refusing to leave was threatened by Manjares. Escobar came to Monterey and gave himself up, claiming that the deed was committed in self-defense. He is now in jail, awaiting the result of the Coroner's inqueut. Joe Andrante, who was a witness to the affair, corroborates Escobar's story.

Federal Bankruptey Act Prevails. SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Presiding Judge Beloher of the Superior Court has decided that the Federal Bankruptcy Act has superseded the State law in regard to insolvent debt. ors, and no further insolvency proceedings will be had in the Superior Court of this city. This does not apply to cases that were begun before the national statute took effect.

Cadets of the Cross.

SANTA ROSA, July 18.—Today many visitors have visited the League of the Cross Cadets camp in Grace Bros.' Park. Over four hundred cadets are in camp here now. This afternoon a dress parade in McDonald avenue was witnessed by crowds of spectators. Tonight the cadets gave a reception and dance in the pavilion.

Suicide With Poison. DUTCH FLAT STATION, July 18.

H. H. Schofield, employed at the Dercek sawmill of Towle Bros. Contany, committed suicide last night with morphine or laudanum. He left a note saying he was tired of life, bidding his friends good-by and instructions for his burial. He was single, aged 40.

North Ontario Bank Licensed. SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—The Bank Commissioners today issued a license to the Commercial Bank of North Ontario, San Bernardino county, to do a general banking business. The capital stock of the new corporation is \$25,000, all of which has been subscribed and one-half paid in. James L. Paul is president and M. F. Palmer cashier.

Only One Dissatisfied Taxpayer. SANTA ROSA, July 18.—The County Soard of Equalization adjourned today after a remarkable session. Only one man in Sonoma county applied for a reduction of assessment.

The Bennington's Whereshouts. PORT TOWNSEND (Wash...) July 18. The gunboat Bennington arrived here from San Francisco today.

MILLIONAIRE COAL-HEAVERS Strange Conditions That Prevail in

the American Navy.
[New York Press:] Our Naval Re-erves are working like beavers, and, be it to their credit, they complain little in spite of the constant hard work. Some poor fellows have broken down under the incessant toil, and in one nstance, the surgeon of the ship had o write to the boy's parents to have to write to the boy's parents to have him taken off at once, as he could not possibly live. After great difficulty a discharge was obtained for him, but the plucky fellow was nearly heartbroken over his failure, and would not leave until told he could never be well if he did not.

The coaling is the hard work, and some of the big ships, like the Minneapolis, seem as though they never could get coal enough.

One young boy who enlisted before the mast, and who was brought up to every luxury, says every time the Minneapolis pushes forward she opens a great hungry maw that can never

a great hungry maw that can never be satisfied. He works four hours at a time, then rests four; again to work, and so on through all the whole twenty-

four hours.
Some of the Western Reserves lead a strange life. On one of the big ships (name with held for good reason) the crew is composed almost entirely of millionaries. The officers are all regumillionaries. The officers are all regu-lars in the navy—men who have seen hard service, and who believe that every man should do his duty—and they put their crew through all the daily routine of washing down the decks, and every conceivable kind of menial duty. However, the officers have nothing but praise for the men. But the amusing part of it all is that when the men are at mess they have all the champagne they want—the men. all the champagne they want—the men, not the officers, be it understood. It seems like a scene from comic operathat this should be allowed, but these marines said they would provide it for themselves, and that the officers could not give them any code to prove that champagne was prohibited. And they were right. There is a law that whisky and brandy should not be measured out to the crew, but surely never before was there a crew who furnished their

own champagne.

The Western Reserves are said to be a superb-looking lot of men, strong physically and mentally, who find no fault with any orders given them, and fighters.

Ocean steamships, with their cabins de luxe given over to naval officers, and manned by millionaries, are a fea-ture of modern warfare that savors of the picturesque, but the millionaire middies intend to show what they can do, and we will await results.

### A Blackguard Thrashed.

For the past ten days it has been mpossible for ladies living in that sec-ion of the city bounded by Tenth and impossible for ladies living in that section of the city bounded by Tenth and Twelfth streets along Pearl and Figueroa, to leave their homes in the evening and walk along these streets without being insulted by a fellow who always made sure that no man was in sight. Reports have been made to police headquarters, but the fellow was too wary to be caught by the men detailed on the case, and the ladies who had been insulted refused to make complaint because the trial would necessitate their attendance at the Police Court.

tate their attendance at the Police Court.

Finally, the reports became so numerous, and refusals to prosecute accompanied each report, that when two young gentlemen called on Tuesday with another complaint, they were told that unless the lady would swear to a charge, the only way left was for their friends to constitute themselves judge, jury and executioner, and take the law into their own hands. It was not until Thursday night, however, that the miscreant was given his dose.

Even then, it was necessary to resort to a trick to catch shim. The young men dressed themselves in women's clothing and started for a stroll down Pearl street. At the corner of Elev-

men dressed themselves in women's clothing and started for a stroll down Pearl street. At the corner of Eleventh street they met a young man, well-dressed, and apparently about 23 years of age. Just as the two "ladies" came up, he stepped out from beneath some trees, and addressing them with an insulting remark, started to pass. When the fellow came to his senses in about fifteen minutes afterward, he was unable to say what had struck him. He found one optic closed and the other nearly so; his nose was broken and covered the greater part of the face; some of his teeth were on the walk beside him, while others hung by shreds in his mouth. Taken all together, he was 'prettly badly bunged up. After collecting his senses the fellow was seen to hobble away, going in the direction of Main street along Eleventh.

who attempts his capture. It is feared that he may become desperate and blow up the magazine, if he does not cause an accidental explosion. All efforts to induce him to surrender have been unsuccessful. His crime was the result of a quarrel over lottery tickets. He against Quong Chung with a posed to be in Washington or Oregon. A letter shows that Lyon was a brother of C. D. Lyon, publisher of a newspaper at Milo, Iowa.

A Squatter K.lled.

MONTERY, July 18.—Vicemte Escoptes in the same accidents that fall to the lot of common mortals. Wilhelmina of Holland fell into a lake the other day and was rescued in a drenched, dragging, limp condition, with her hair all out of curl—though the report of the affair was not se written.

SPORTING RECORD.

# MARY'SLITTLESHOOT

LEGGED IT TO THE FRONT IN DOUBLE QUICK TIME.

Horse Race at Washington Parl Which Made Everything Look Black for Awhile.

ONE OF A SPEEDY TRINITY

SIX FURLONGS AS FAST AS AN

incinnati, Baltimore and Brookly Win-Washington and Clevelad Play a Twelve-inning Tie-A Match for Creedon.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHICAGO, July 18.-Mary Black, E illy, ran six furlongs today at Wash ington Park in 1:12%, equalling the world's record for the distance, on a circular track. The record is now held ointly by three, O'Connell, with 12 ounds up, running the distance at Oak ley, July 18, 1895, in that time, and Flora Louise, with 88 pounds up, turn-ing the same trick at Harlam, Septem-

per 30 of last year. The fractional time was 0:23½, 0:46¾ and 1:124. There was nothing to the race, Mary Black shooting out in front and staying there all the time.

#### EASTERN BASEBALL.

Cleveland and Washington Play

Twelve Innings at Washington.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, July 18.—T,welve in-Washington, July 18.—1 we've in nings, tie game. Score:
Washington, 2; base hits, 8; errors, 3 Cleveland, 2; base hits, 11; errors, 3 Batterles—Dinneen, Mercer and McGuire; Kinslow, Young and Zimmer.

CINCINNATI-PHILADELPHIA. PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—Score: Cincinnati, 5; base hits, 11; errors, 1 Philadelphia, 4; base hits, 8; errors, 4 Batterles—Breitenstein and Peitz.

onahue and Murphy BALTIMORE-CHICAGO. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] BALTIMORE, July 18.—Score: Balti DALTIMORE, July 18.—Score: Batti-nore, 9; base hits, 13; errors, 3. Chicago, 3; base hits, 7; errors, 5. Batteries—Hughes and Clarke; Kil-ov, Thornton and Chance.

BROOKLYN-ST. LOUIS. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, July 18.—Score: Brook-yn, 7; base hits, 12; errors, 3. St. Louis, 6; base hits, 11; errors, 5. Batterles—Kennedy and Ryan; Sud-noff and Clements.

NEW YORK-LOUISVILLE NEW YORK, July 18.—Score: New ork, 5; base hits, 8; errors, 2. Louisville, 1; base hits, 1; errors, 3 Batteries—Seymour and Grady; Fra er and Kittredge.

BOSTON-PITTSBURGH. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] BOSTON, July 18.—Score: Boston, base hits, 12; errors, 0. Pittsburgh, 2; base hits, 7; errors, 1. Batteries—Willis and Bergen; Raines and Schriver.

DETROIT (Mich.) July 18.—Three great pacers, Frank Bogash, Ruben-stein and Bumps finished the opening day of the grand circuit season, each day of the grand circuit season, with two heats to his credit. The will be firished tomorrow.
The 2:27 trotting, purse \$2500: gelina won in straight heats; best time 2:12¼. Mountaineer second, Miss Be-atrice third. All Day and Viola B also

The 2:19 pace, purse \$2500: Evangeline won first, third and fourth heats; best time 2:10½. Ed B. Young won second heat in 2:12½. Little Pete, Engarita and Scapegoat also started.

The 2:04 pacing, purse \$2000 (unfinished:) Rubenstein won third and seventh heats; time 2:06%, 2:12½. Frank Bogash won fifth and sixth heats; time 2:07¼, 2:10. Bumps won first and second heats; time 2:07½, 2:07. Chehalis distanced in fifth heat, won fourth heat in 2:06¼, and Frank Agan also started.

VIENNA, July 18.—The thirty-third ound of the International Chess Masround of the International Chess Mas-ters' Tournament was begun here to-day. The results up to the hour of ad-Journment were: Lipke beat Halprin and Janowski beat Schiffers, Alapin, Trenchard and Schlechter held winning positions, while the other games were even. Yesterday Schlechter beat Wal-brodt in a game not finished Saturday. In the second sitting Caro and Ma-In the second sitting Caro and Ma-roczy drew, Baird lost to Steinitz, Trenchard beat Marco, Burn was beaten by Schlechter, Walbrodt by Showalter, Alapin worsted Blackburn and Tarrasch downed Pillsbury.

Washington Park Results. CHICAGO, July 18.—The weather was clear and the track fast. Results, at Washington Park: One mile and thirty yards: Roger B. won, Necedah second, Dorothy third; time 1:45. Five furlongs: Fontainbleau won, Frank Bell second, Batten third; time

1:01.
Mile and seventy yards: Bernardillo
won. Tuetonia second, J. C. Clark won, Tuetonia second, J. C. Clark third; time 1:44%. Six furlongs: Mary Black won, Afa-made second, Lady Ellorlie third; time 1:12%.

Mile and three-sixteenths: Friar John won, Muskalonge second, Treachery third; time 2:00.

Mile and three-sixteenths: Forte won, George Kratz second, Don Orsino third; time 1:58½.

BUTTE (Mont..) July 18.—The weather was blustering; track fast. Seven furlongs: Imbred won, Joe Levy second, Encino third; time 1:31.
Five furlongs: Owyhee won, Occorona second, Chilcoot Pass third; time 1:04%. Bluster at Butte.

1:044.
Five and one-half furlongs: Dorah Wood won, Imp. Black Cap second, Bill Howard third; time 1:08.
Mile and one-sixteench: Lady Hurst won. Barracan second, Flashlight third; time 1:504.
Seven furlongs: Montallade won. William O'B. second, Twinkle Twink third; time 1:294.
Six furlongs: Saucy Eyes won, La Fontiers second, May Boy third; time 1:17.

Brighton Beach Business. NEW YORK, July 18.—One mile: Tinge won, Gleninne second, Juno third; time 1:42%. Five furlongs: High Priest won, Fair-indale second, Julius Caesar third; time

indale second, Julius Caesar third; time 1:02½.

Five furlongs: Effervescent won, La Cheviot second, Tut Tut third; time 1:00‰.

One mile and a sixteenth: Peep O'Day won, Bannock second, Dr 'atlett third; time 1:48.

Five furlongs: Whiplash won, Mark Miles second, Jack Point third: time Miles second, Jack 10:1:02%.
Mile and a sixteenth: Latson won,
Free Lance second, Komurasaki third;
time 1:48.

At St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, July 18.—Five furlongs: Mountain Dew won, Bolerie second, Lily Paxton third; time 1:05. One mile: Lady of the West won, Chiquita II second, Miss Lizzie third;

Chiquita II second, Miss Lizzie taird; time 1:44.

Mile and a sixteenth: Judge Stead-man won, Basquil second, Sir Rolla third; time 1:50.

Six furlongs: Gibraltar won, Miss Verne second, Purity third; time 1:15.

Six and a half furlongs: Horseshoe Tobacco won, Siddubia second, Count Fonso third; time 1:21½.

Creedon to Slug Bonner. NEW YORK, July 18.—Dan Creedon of Australia and Jack Bonner of Summit Hill, Pa., have signed articles to meet in a twenty-five-round bout before the Greater New York Athletic Club, Coney Island, August 11. The men have agreed to box at the middleweight limit, 158 pounds. The club has guaranteed a purse of \$3000.

DON'T WRITE TO HER.

MISS SCHENCK STARTED AN "END LESS CHAIN" AND REGRETS IT.

Her Plan to Raise Red Cross Funds Flooded the Little Postoffice at Babylon, L. I., With Twenty Times Its Usual Mail—Letters Did not All Contain Money.

[New York Sun:] Four weeks ago Miss Natalie Schenck of Babylon, L. I., started an "endless chain" of letters to raise money for the ice plant auxiliary of the National Red Cross Society. As a result Postmaster Dowden and Chief of Police Weeks of that village are in despair, and Miss Schenck and her mother have asked the Sun to announce that they wish the chain broken and the influx of letters and money to cease.

ease.
Miss Schenck is 17 years old. She Miss Schenck is 17 years old. She took a great interest in the war and decided to help the Red Cross movement. Her mother is a cousin of Mrs. August Belmont, and during the summer they live with Mrs. Schenck's brother, Matthew Morgam It was from Mr. Morgan's house that Miss Schenck wrote a number of her friends asking each of them to send her 10 cents and to write to four of their friends with the same request. The letter sent out was as follows:

them to send her 10 cents and to write to four of their friends with the same request. The letter sent out was as follows:

"The lce plant auxiliary in connection with the National Red Cross, being in need of money to supply the ambulance ships, a chain has been formed to collect some, and if you, on receiving this, will make four copies and send them to-four of your friends you will greatly help the wounded soldiers. When you have made four copies, please return this letter to Miss Natalie Schenck, Babylon, Long Island, with 10 cents inclosed. The number starts at one and ends at one hundred, so that the person receiving the latter number will send 10 cents to Miss Schenck, same address, without making copies. Please number the head of each copy and make them exactly like this one, only number the next highest number and sign your name and address to each copy. Please make no delay in sending out copies, and, above all, do not break the chain that means so much to our brave soldiers on land and sea."

Within three days Miss Schenck had received three or four answers. The next day the number was slightly increased. Within a week Postmaster Dowden noticed that she was getting a hundred letters a day.

"That's a good many," said Postmaster Dowden noticed that she was getting a hundred letters a day.

"That's a good many," said Postmaster Dowden yesterday, "but all of a sudden things took a big jump. The postoffice was swamped by Miss Schenck's letters. I had to hire an extra clerk, and this morning over 3500 letters came to her in the one mail. If this thing doesn't stop I'll have to hire a lot more clerks, and there is no telling how far it will go."

Then Postmaster Dowden began receiving letters of inquiry asking if Miss Schenck was really collecting money for the Red Cross, or if it was a swindle.

"They inclosed stamps," said the postmaster, mournfully, "so I had to

"They inclosed stamps," said the

They inclosed stamps," said the postmaster, mournfully, "so I had to answer them. I am not obliged to answer thirty letters of inquiry, but if I don't, then some kicker writes to Washington that I am keeping their stamps. Why, I've sent hundreds of answers to inquiries, simply taking their letters and indorsing them This is O.K."

When Chief of Police Weeks gets angry he shows it as he walks through the streets by switching viciously with his light rattan cane at every weed he passes. There's hardly a weed left in Babylon. Chief Weeks has been working overtime answering letters about Miss Schneck's "chain" until his patience is exhausted. The Sun has also received a number of letters, of which the following is a sample:

"BOSTON, July \$, 1898.

"To the Editor of the Sun—Sir: I inclose a copy of a chain letter which is flooding the country. Please inform me if this letter is what it represents it. self to be, namely, a help to our soldiers, or if it is only another bunco game.

But these are as nothing to what Miss Schenck received. More than 15,000 letters have been carried to her home. Some contained money, some contained advice, some contained excuses, and some contained money, some contained advice, some contained excuses, and some contained noney, some contained advice, some contained wrome. In hear from you by next Tuesday, telling me everything is all right to my satisfaction, I will advertise your game in the newspapers and expose you."

Of the letters received more than 2000 contained no money. The excuses were many and varied. Many of the satisfaction, I will advertise your game in the newspapers and expose you."

Of the letters received, hut she approved of the scheme. She failed to inclose 10 cents, however.

All leterts were not like these. The majority contained dimes, but several had dollar bills, and a number sent checks. The postmarks showed that the chain had reached to every State in the Union, to Canada, to Mexico and even to Cuba. A letter containing a dime came from Mrs. James A. Garfield,

## Awfully Crowded.

But the Sensational Prices Will Soon Relieve the Pressure of Pianos at Fisher's Music House, 437 South Broadway-Many Happy Purchasers Yesterday.

Such a stock of beautiful new Upright Pianos as are on exhibition at Fisher's Music House, 437 South Broadway, has never been seen before in Los Angeles. And, although every foot of the floor space is taken up, the draymen are con-tinuing to bring more up from the freight depot hourly as orders were received on Saturday to remove them. In this congested condition of affairs the firm has been compelled to mark down the prices on the pianos so low as to absolutely compel people to purchase. Such bargains have never been offered before! Think of a magnificat high grade Upright Piano, with all modern improvements, beautiful in design and rich in tone, with polished hardwood stool and rich scarf, all for \$198.

Every piano guaranteed for 5

years.
It's a great opportunity and will last only a few days, until the big stock is reduced.

To accommodate those who cannot call in the daytime the warerooms will be open evenings until .30 o'clock.

Remember the number, 437 South Broadway. Catalina Hotel Building

and if the Sun will print our desire, I believe that we will cease to be overwhelmed, as we now are, by the flood of letters."

Mr. Morgan thinks that Pastmaster Dowden deserves great credit. "The daily mail in this village," said Mr. Morgan, "does not average over 300 letters a day. Here it jumps to nearly twenty times as much. I think the government ought to stand the extra expense Postmaster Dowden is put to, and if it don't I will."

The following table will show just how far an "endless chain" will go when the multiplier is four and the series is continued only to twenty:



### NATURE'S RUM SHOP.

Known to Naturalists.

[Lippincott's:] Nature has her rum shops, her saloons, She produces plants which devote themselves to the man-ufacture and sale of intoxicants. The which devote themselves to the manufacture and sale of intoxicants. The South American toddy tree is well known to naturalists. It is well known to naturalists. It is well known also to the South American beetles, the Oryctes hercules. When the latter goes on a spree he never goes it alone, after the unneighborly habit of the human drunkard. He collects his friends and acquaintances to the number of thirty or forty; the whole crowd run their short horns through the bark of the toddy tree, revel in the outflowing juices, and, while inebriated, are easily caught by the human natives.

The toddy tree parts with its liquor free of charge. There are other plants which are less generous. They exact no less a penalty than the death of the unfortunate drunkard. And what do they do with the body? Strange as it may seem, they eat it. In this manner they obtain the food which nourishes them and sustains their healthful existence. At the end of each of their long green leaves these plants have a pitcher-shaped receptacle. We might style this the growler, but it never long green leaves these plants have a pitcher-shaped receptacle. We might style this the growler, but it never needs to be rushed. It is always full of what, with special appropriateness, might be called bug julce—a watery liquor, sweet to the taste and inebriating to the senses. Only in fine weather is the growler open for business. On rainy days it is firmly shut up to keep out the rain that would dilute and spoil the contents. Nature's saloon keepers do not water their street. do not water their stock.

Capt. Nevills Improving. SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Capt. Nevills, the capitalist, who is seriously ill at the Palace Hotel, was resting easily late tonight. His physicians believe that his condition has slightly improved. His wife reached his bedside today.

Trial Treatment Free. After more than seventeen years' successful practice in treating the most dangerous and complicated diseases and weakness of men, Dr. Meyers & Co, have perfected a restorative for complete or partial loss of vital force which robs nervous debility of its old-time terror.



ESTABLISHED SIXTEEN YEARS.
This marvelous discovery is destined to supersade all other methods symptoms of treatment and remedies for restoring youthful vigor and perfect manhood. Dr. Meyers & Co. have such unlimited faith in the emitted that the such their discovery that they will for a limited period, give a free virial treatment to all who apply. You now have the opportunity of testing to your own satisfaction a restorative which is marvelous but harmless in effects. If you are tired of experimenting with incompetent doctors, remedies and catch-penny schemes, come to the old reliable physicians for relief. It will cost you nothing, but you will be expected to speak to a few friends about the results. Possibly a trial may be all your case requires. 218 South Broadway. Take elevator. Private entrance room its ESTABLISHED SIXTEEN YEARS.

Dr. Meyers & Co.

## FOOD FOR THE GODS.

COCOANUT AND PINEAPPLE ON THEIR NATIVE SOIL.

Two More Neglected Cuban Indus tries That Promise Wealth to American Horticulturists.

THE TRUE FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH

FOUND IN LIQUID FROM FRESHLY. GATHERED COCOANUTS.

Baracoa and Its Romantic Legends. Apparition of the Martyred Cacique—Productveness of Eastern Cuba.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.] WASHINGTON, July 12 .- Next to the banana the most important prod-uct of Eastern Cuba is the cocoanut. The trees grow rapidly without cultiva-tion, and every man's field is fringed with them. Fruiterers buy the nuts at the rate of \$8 a thousand, and they are hulled on the island, ground in primi-tive mills and pressed for oil. Or, cortive mills and pressed for oil. Or, cor-rectly speaking, we should put it in the past tense and say this was done, up to a few weeks ago. Now every indus-try, however simple, is paralyzed. Spanish soldiers, almost as hungry as the starving people, occupy every vil-lage and hamlet and prey like locusts on the devastated land. The Cuban process of extracting oil

The Cuban process of extracting oil from the cocoanut resembles that by which Texans make oil from cotton-seed. The "cake" of solid residue is fed to the pigs—about the only "live stock" every successfully raised in eastern Cuba—and the shells are used for fuel in the sugar factories. So far, the oil has been locally employed only as a lubricator for sugar-making machinery—a wicked waste of valuable material, it seems to those who are familiar with the splendid posibilities of the product. Here is an unequalled opening for the manufacturer of palm-oil soap, cocoafiber mats, hats, etc., to say nothing of the hundred other uses to which parts of the tree, its fruits and fibres, may be put.

The saving goes that a cocoa tree.

seed. The "cake" of solid residue is stock" every successfully raised in east stock" every successfully raised in east stock every such that such expenditures the spending of the hundred other uses to which and the hundred other uses to have been different to hundred other uses to hundred other uses to have been different to hundred other uses to have been different to hundred other uses to hundred other

the conditions of soil and climate bring "the golden apples of Hesperdes" by the soil and service of the tropics would disdain to teat such windfalls—and so they are shipped to the Nowhre on the globe do pine apples thrive as in Fasicro Cuba, where the conditions of soil and climate bring "the golden apples of Hesperdes" to absolute perfection; yet the pine-apple industry has never had much attention in this section. Here is another chance for the enterprising Yankee. A tract of unoccupied land, extending far as one can see, may be bought for a few dollars, and turned into a fruit farm, the virgin soil of unparallelar richness being capable of producing every tropical growth. Shipping facilities are already established at Baracoa, and several small ports, and if the land touches the Yumiri or some other river, so much the better, for its owner. Until one has seen the golden glory of a pine-apple plantation, he can think of no more attractive sight than a sugarcane field, glistening pale yellow under the torrid sun and billowing in the gentle breeze like a wind-swept sea. But even more fascinating is a field of plines, each great "apple" guarded by a circle of glittering, sharp-edged bayonets. Ln Florida the pine-apple leaf is so sharply serrated that the thought of getting around among them suggests a field of torture. Evolution seems to have progressed farther in Cuba, for in the older and more carefully-culit vated plantations, the saw-teeth that edge the long, pointed leaves have mainly disappeared.

Before the party holding are of the party holding aloft a paim leaf for shade. The roads are of his cow, run a cord through to own a horse and in the hard the farmer who list not rive a sheapled is ready, and as good as that used by most of his neight for a few dollars, and tilmy held the will have been don't have been don'

suburb of Habana, and there drive through an estate which had \$0,000 pine-apple plants in full bearing. Over in Nassau they call the pine plantations "groves" and "orchards," as if they were trees. Whether groves or fields, the plants are about the same, producing one of the most lucious and popular fruits known to man, for which there is constant and ample demand. Like most things worth having, in this troubled life, the golden pines are not easy to get at. A very short stroll among the stinging leaves will lead you to sympathize with the New Yorker who, after a visit to Marianao, said: "You do not mind the first 2000 or 3000 sticks and prods from the needle-points of the bayonet leaves, as you tortured cutis can endure no more, and

points or the bayoner leaves, as you cross a field; but after a while your tortured cutis can endure no more, and your remarks about the pine-apple crop are likely to be prejudiced by present soreness. How much nicer it would be if the apples really did grow in orchards, and you could send a colored boy up the trees to shake down a few, and then you could sit down in the shade and eat them."

A plant produces only one pine at a time. The fruit thrusts itself upward in the middle of a mass of long, narrow and sharp-arched leaves, spreading forth from a central stalk, precisely like those of the Agave Americana, or century plant, with which everybody is familiar. The stem is perhaps eighteen inches to two feet in height.

The same plant produces a second apple, and a third, and so on through several bearings; after which a new plant must be started from the "slip." Nothing is easier of cultivation, or requires less capital and previous experience, and few crops bring in greater, or more certain returns.

Baracoa, the port and village on the eastern tip of Cuba, a few miles north of Maisi light, has a population of about 3000. It was once of considerable importance, when the Cubans had a fruit trade, as the shipping place of large quantities of pineapples, bananas and cocoanuts, and at certain seasons its small bay was crowded with fast sailing fruit ships seeking their cargoes. There is no hotel in the village, only the usual wretched "Fonda y Posada," fit for neither man nor beast. The port is surrounded by an abrupt range of hills—part of the Sierra Nisse chain. At the summit of the mountain a few miles from town, is ia huge volcanic cavity of great depth, in the form of a crater, but in which sieurally avoices in the carging from two, is is huge volcanic cavity of great depth, in the form of a crater, but in which sieurally avoices in the carging from the form of a crater, but in which sieurally avoices in the carging from the form of a crater, but in which sieurally avoices in the carging from the form of a c

the animal from horns to tail, one member of the party holding aloft a paimleaf for shade. The roads are often too heavy for carts and the farmer who is not rich enough to own a horse and volante, or a mule, has only to throw a sheepskin on the back of his cow, run a cord through her nostrils, and the family vehicle is ready, and as good as that used by most of his neighbors.

FANNIE BRIGHAM WARD.

## STOREHOUSE OF NAVAL FACTS.

THE BUREAU WHICH SUPPLIES KNOWLEDGE OF SPAIN'S FORCES.

Special Correspondence of The Times.

WASHINGTON, July 13.
HEN the war with Spain threatened, and before the TO REPORT SPANISH WAR. actual beginning of hostilities, the Secretary of the Navy was able to learn from his subordinates on a few minutes' notice just what on a few minutes' notice just what the strength of the Spanish navy was. the character of the vessels, the style of their armament—in fact, every par-ticle of information necessary to a comparison of the navies of the two countries, and a forecast of the prob-able result of an encounter between them. He found out the character and extent of the permanent defenses of Cuba and Porto Rico, and the Philippines. In fact, he was able to assemble facts, the knowledge of which enable him to take in the whole situation at a glance.

The information about the Spanish navy, on which Secretary Long was able to call, and which he is now using every day, is locked up, with facts about all the navies of the world, in the secret archives of the department kept by the Office of Naval Intelli-This office is an attachment of for sixteen years, and in all that time, until this year, it has never had an official status. The clerks employed in it hitherto have been assigned from

COLLECTING FACTS FOR YEARS The office was established in Secretary Chandler's time. Its business was to collect all the information obtainable concerning foreign navies, with a view to utilizing it in the building of the new Amercan navy, which was being planned. Uncle Sam has been a pioneer in invention, but seldom in experiment in naval matters. He has chosen to go slowly and surely forward, waiting until the costly experiments of other nations had developed the value of a device before adopting it.

In pursuance of this policy naval attachés were sent to most of the foreign courts with instructions to send in information about foreign navies. At the time the war with Spain began, there were naval representatives at Paris. Vienna, London, Rome, St. Petersburg and Madrid, Most of these have since been recalled for active service. collect all the information obtain

ervice. These naval attachés sent to the department printed reports, as well as written observations of naval operations and experiments. The written retions and experiments. The written re-ports were always secret and they can-not be seen today without an order from Secretary Long. They cannot be seen at all except by some officer of the department having the Secretary's au-

thority. FROM MANY SOURCES.

Another source of information was the intelligence officer aboard ships. Every captain of an American vessel on foreign station designated one of his junior officers to make observations and report to the department and the other officers were asked to give him the benefit of any information they might pick up. Even the petty officer and the sailor contributed to the reports what they saw or heard of the methods of foreign navies. No subject was too small for observation, from a gasket to a 16-inch gun. In addition to this special information, all sorts of published information was asquired—clippings from newpapers, articles from magazines, photographs of foreign ships and pictures of foreign guns and fortifications. The Intelligence Bureau contains the only complete set of pictures of the Spanish navy in the United States.

WARSHIP BIOGRAPHIES. Another source of information was he intelligence officer aboard ships

WARSHIP BIOGRAPHIES.

This accumulation of written and pic tured facts fills six large rooms. It is arranged in cases against the walls of navy, who is in charge of it, explained the arrangement to the correspondent the other day. He pulled out a file case which was one of a group marked "Ships." This one was labelled "Eng-lish ships." The classification of these was marked with red cards, standing upright in the case, and each individual ship was named on a blue card which was held by a rubber string to a number of white cards. On each white card was a reference to the files of the bureau. In the case which Capt. Bartlett chose for illustration, immediately behind the blue card was a card telling of the launching of the ship; the next card referred to a complete description of this particular ship; the next, to a test of her guns; the next, to an inquiry in Parliament concerning her armament; then came a card referring to a report of an accident to her. And so the record went, until it comprehended every incident in the history of that particular ship—a detailed biography, as complete as could be obtained in the case of a well-known public man.

The report on this ship is not every was marked with red cards, standing

lic man.

The report on this ship is not exceptional. Every British ship has a like record in the Intelligence Bureau. So has every Spanish ship. The Navy Department has felt no anxiety at any time about Camara's fleet, because it knew all along how incapable were its ships.

Ships.

INFORMATION ON TAP.

When the Secretary of the Navy wants facts about the Spanish navy, he notifies his intelligence officer, and in three minutes the index cards marked "Spain" are on his desk. On these cards he finds a reference to every Spanish subject in the library or in the secret archives in the department. If he wants to know anything about armored cruisers he can send for the cards on "Cruisers" and he will find the whole subject completely covered by reference. Of course, so much of the "Cruiser" reference as refers to Spanish cruisers, will be entered also under the head of "Spain;" and it is

by reference. Of course, so much of the "Cruiser" reference as refers to Spanish cruisers, will be entered also under the head of "Spain;" and it is chiefly this cross-indexing of subjects which keeps six clerks busy in the Intersons one always meets at Red on the head of "Spain;" and it is chiefly this cross-indexing of subjects which keeps six clerks busy in the Intersons one always meets at Red on the property of the reports of naval officers who have observed foreign wars are put out in book form. In 1885 the bureau published a report by Lieutenant-Commander Goodrich on the operations of the English in Egypt and the bombardment of Alexandria. More than one officer present on our ships at the time of the bombardment contributed to this report. In fact on a coasion of this kind every officer becomes an avenue of intelligence for in the department. The bureau also issued in 1885 a report on the French of the navies of Chile Peru and Bolivia in the war between Chile and the allied republics.

Lieut James H. Sears and Ensign B. H. Wells, Jr., prepared a report on the maval operations in the Chilean revolution. A report on the Brazilian revolution followed and then came a very complete report of the operations in the war between Lapan and China, the first taste of international naval warfare

The next report to be published be on the operations of the navy in war with Spain. There are several intelligence officers with Dewey's fleet, and more with Sampson's. They will issue a technical account of the work of the United States battleships, as soon as the excitement is over and peace reigns once more in the Caribbean.

The reports of the war with Spain will doubtless be printed in large edition for general distribution. The other reports have been printed in limited edition for the use of the navy, for exchange with other nations and for liwar with Spain. There are several in

change with other nations and for li-braries. The demand for them has far exceeded the supply and the early pub-lications are worth a large price today. R. S. W.

THE STAFF AND ITS DUTIES.

What the Officers of the Ten Departments Do for the Army.

[Pittsburgh Dispatch:] The appointments of civilians to staff offices has caused much inquiry as to the functions of these departments, which shows that civilians have only an im-perfect idea of the duties of the mer who have gone from their desks, their stores law offices and counting-rooms to the front, and who have exchanged Uncle Sam.

Therea re ten staff departments. The heads of these are known as adjutant-general, inspector-general, quartermaster-general, judge-advocate-general ter-general, Judge-advocate-general, paymaster-general, chief of ordnance, chief of engineer corps and chief of signal corps. These heads all have the rank of brigadier-general, and each de-partment has deputies and assistants partment has deputies and assistants with ranks ranging from colonel to second-lieutenant. There are in all 487 officers in the staff departments of the United States army, of whom the largest number, 168 are captains, and the smallest number, 10, brigadier-gen-

erals.

The pay of thes taff officers for a \$1,487,000, divided as

ollows:	60 41,101,00	o, divi	ueu a	
		Y	Yearly	
			regate	
10 brigadier	S		\$ 55,00	
30 colonels .				
52 lieutenan	t-colonels		208,00	
136 majors			476,00	
168 captains	3		423,36	
81 first-lieut	enants		170,00	
10 second-lie	eutenants		19,5	

Aggregate \$1,487,020
As to the functions of these offices
the adjutant-general and his assistants
take the places of secretaries to the
commanders under whom they may ..... \$1,487,020

commanders under whom they may serve.

The inspector-general is the bureau of information. The condition of the troops and everything pertaining to their food, clothing and arms are investigated by his department for the benefit of the commander-in-chief.

The judge-advocate is the soldier-lawyer. Military criminals are prosecuted by him, and he is the one who decides all legal questions.

The commissary department buys all the food for the army and works with the quartermaster's department, through which thea rmy receives its clothing and shelter. The quartermaster's department also takes care of the troops in transit, provides for all transportation, furnishes horses, supplies the quarters, and men who become efficient in this department must have much business capacity.

much busi ness capacity

departments explain the function ach.

The engineer's department is one of the most important in the service. It has charge of all building and con-

The ordnance department furnishes thear rmy with all its fighting material. All ammunition, cannon and firearms are passed upon and selected by this department

arms are passed upon and selected by
this department.

The Signal Corps has charge of all
army telegraphs and telephones, and
members of the corps are attached to
every body of troops for signal or communication purposes.

Many of the men who have been
name to staff positions in the commissary and quartermaster's departments
will doubtiess prove efficient officers,
although they have had no military
training. Thee hief requisites in those
departments are business capacity and
such general knowledge as would commend a man to a large business conmend a man to a large business con mend a man to a large business con-cern. In the medical and law depart-ments also military training is not essential, and the paymaster is just as welcome in camp if he is appointed to the place from a bank as though he comes by way of West Point.

WONDERFUL HELEN KELLAR. the Quotes Greek, Plays Checkers of

Rows a Boat With Fallity.
[New York Tribune:] Dr. E. E.
Hale recently spent two or three days Hale recently spent two or three days at Wrentham, for entire rest and quiet, and was the guest of an old friend and parisbloner. He seemed de-lighted with the town, its trees, and its beautiful lakes. He has been called the Grand Old Man of Massachusetts, but there are those who say he is ever more than that, with his wonder-

\$------

# Broadway Department Store

We are right in the midst of the most stupendous bargain event in the history of bargain offering and at a time of the year counted by most merchants as the dullest—a strange coincident—a demonstration of the Broadway's enterprise. To be sure, with ordinary prices and ordinary efforts, these would be duil days, but we do things a little out of the ordinary down here. Just such times as this that our buyers, with ready cash, can pick up bargains as at no other time. Watch this paper and our windows for daily snaps. These for today's excitement:

# Every-day Domestics---Never so Cheap

3 c for 5c Indigo Blue Calico-more than a hundred full pleers to start with in all the starple patterns. Ginghams that are standard world-wide goods. Five cases to begin the excitement with

for 6c Unbleached Muslin, the favorite "Utica C" kind that's a yard wide-firm, strong quality.

3c for a 6c Crash Towel

33c for 61/4c Scotch Ging-

5c for 71/2c Dress Prints that come in fancy figures, stripes and plaids and in a fine percale finish.

5c for Fine Quality Muslin that's grass bleached and 36 inches wide, a firm, close weave.

61c for icc Percales

3c for 5c Apron Check

31c for 61/4c Madras Cloth

33c for 5c Shirting Percales that come in stripes or singures and light shades—an eviday standard quality.

# THE EXPECTED HAS HAPPENED.

at our office are proof positive that the new Times' Standard War Atlas came just in time to meet

SUCCESS FROM THE START. We knew that the Atlas would please our readers. The large, clear maps are beau-

# THE MAP OF CUBA

is particularly fine. An enlarged section of Havana Harbor shows the Spanish fortifications and point where the Maine was destroyed.

THE LARGE MAP OF THE WORLD collection, though it is difficult to choose between them. The courses of steamship vessels are indicated, the distances in nautical miles given, and cable and telagraph lines plainly marked. It is a bird-eye view of the entire world.

# This is a Full List of the Maps.

Cuba and Havana Harbor......14x21 inches Enlarged sections showing Ports Matanzas, Santiago de Cuba, and Cienfuegos, Cardenas and Santa Clara Bays. The World......aix28 inches Showing course of steam vessels, cable and telegraph lines. West Indies (Port San Juan)......14x21 inches Showing cable lines. South America.....14x21 inches Philippine Islands and Manila Harbor ..... Hawaiian Islands......11x14 inches Spain and Portugal......14x21 inches Oceanica (and Caroline Islands)......21x28 inches

# You Need the Times' Standard War Atlas

Tampa-You can follow the invading army into Cuba-And watch their movements on land and sea-THE TIMES' STANDARD WAR ATLAS is NOT for sale by any store in Los Angeles. HOW TO GET IT-City subscribers may call at the Times Office. Out-of-town readers may order

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

PRICE, 40 CENTS.

PRICE, 40 CENTS.

that she has never heard any bad English.

Helen is interested in all the sports and many of the games for young

and many of the games for young people.

Besides working a typewriter with wonderful facility, she plays a remarkable game at checkers, she swims, rows aboat, can climb a tree, and is learning to ride the beautiful double wheel, lately given her by the Pope Manufacturing Company. Every movement she makes is graceful, and her table manners are faultless.

Added to all these accomplishments her disposition is most lovely and her heart pure. Her affection for Miss Sullivan—who, by the way, is almost as much of a wonder as Helen herself—is tender and charming to behold. They both enjoy to the utmost the freedom of country life, and live in the open air, happy as the birds around them.

How to Tell an Oyster's Age. [Pearson's Weekly:] It is just as asy to tell thea ge of an oyster by ooking at its shell as it is to ascer-

easy to tell thea ge of an oyster by looking at its shell as it is to ascertain the age of a horse by examining its teeth, or a tree by inspecting the circles revealed by the axe or saw when it is laid low. When the oyster is six months old it is as big as a sixpence, when one year old it will cover a two-shilling plece, and when two years old will be about the circumference of a four-shilling plece.

The oyster, unliket he crab, is not obliged to seek new quarters or build a new house every time he grows appreciably. The extensions that he puts on to his house are clearly marked by a well-defined ridge.

Oysters are esteemed to be at their best when between four and five years of age, and the planters endeavor to protect the beds for that length of time. Conscientious oytermen—that is, men who are not inclined to kill the goose that lays the golden egg—always return to the bed oysters that are too young, but in case a patriarch is brought up, over whose shell thet ides of from eightt o twelve winters and summers have ebbed and flowed, he is sent to market, where he is put at the bottom of the heap and sold with his younger and more luscious companions.

# Nerve Energy.



That is what you lack when you feel tired, languid, dull and stupid when all seems to be full of life about you.

### It is Electricity

If you charge your nerves with electric life every night from Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt, it will awaken your dormant powers and fill you with sparks of life.

### Another Grand Cure.

DR. A. T. SANDEN-Dear Sir: Your Belt has cured me of muscular rheumatism, after many dollars spent in drugs and two years of pain and suffering. It is a grand remedy and worthy of praise.

ARTHUR MILLER,

It is grand to feel strong, humiliating to be weak. If you are weak, get the booklet, "Three Classes of Men." It helps manhood. It can be had free upon request, either by mail or at the office.

Dr. A. T. Sanden, 204 S. Broadway. Office Hours—8 to 6; evenings, 7 to 8: Sundays, 10 to 1 Dr. Sanden's Electric Truss Cures

NOT IN DRUG STORES
Dr. Sanden's Electric
Helt is never sold in
drug stores nor by
traveling agents,
Only at our office.

THE TIMES-3 44 Weekly Circulation Statement. ANGELES, SS. onally appeared before me. Harry onally appeared before me. Harry onally appeared manager who, being

July, 1898.

THOMAS L. CHAPIN,
Public in and for the County of Louises, State of California.

NOTE. - THE TIMES is a seven-day paper.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the MET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time; and it furthermore guarantees that the circulation of THE TIMES regularly exceeds the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily newspapers.
THE TIMES MIRROR COMPANY.

#### NOTICE TO PATRONS.

"Liner" advertisements for The "liner" advertisements for the Times left at the following places will receive prompt attention. Rate: one cent a word each insertion. Minimum charge for any advertisement,

15 cents: F. D. Owen's Drug Store, Belmont Boyle Heights Drug Store, 1952

East First street.
William H. Harmon, Ph. G., 765
Pasadena avenue, junction Daly

street.
Chicago Pharmacy, F. J. Krnell,
Ph. G., proprietor, Central avenue and Twelfth street.
T. W. Brown, Jr., druggist, Hoover,

mum charge of 50 cents "liner" advertisements by telephone, but will not guarantee accuracy.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS. For Congress,

Sixth Congressional District, R. J. WATERS.

Subject to the action of the Republican Congressional Convention.

For County Assessor,

F. E. GRAY, Alhambra,

Subject to decision of Fepublican County

# Liners

## SPECIAL NOTICES-

MEAD & TAIT HAVE RESIGNED THE agency of the Royal Insurance Company and taken the agency of the Home Insurance Company of New York. The Home has \$11,000,000 assets, over \$3,000,000 more than the American assets of the largest foreign company. The renewal of our policies or any indorsements or changes will receive promits attention. MEAD & TAIT, 121½ S. Broadway.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLD-INVEAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHULES ers of the Metropolitan Loan Association of Los Angeles will be held in the office of the association, 107 E. Second st. on Tuesday, July 18, 1888, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of electing 5 directors to serve for 2 years, and for transacting such other business as may come before them. ISAAC NORTON, sec-

. A. STEAM CARPET ULEANING CU. WILL clean your carpets at 20 per yard; will clean and lay at 4c. We guarantee all our work. 229 E. Second. Tel. main 74. Refitting a specialty. R. F. BENNETT, proprietor. MISSING - SINCE TUESDAY MORNING,

YOU CAN'T EXPECT TO BE COMPORT-able in improperly laundered underciothing. We do this work as it should be done. Tile EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY. 'Phone 367.

at your own home by an experienced lady. Drop a postal to 2021/2 S. BROADWAY, room 305. GENUINE MOCHA AND JAVA, 35c; FRESH roasted daily at our store. J. D. LEE & CO., 130 W. Fifth st., bet. Spring and Main.

PARTIES WANTING EXCELLENT MILE at reasonable retail prices, address D. A PRATT, city.

BEN. T. GOVE, CANDIDATE CORONER, L. A. county, subject Republican Convention SCREEN DOORS, 85e; SCREENS, 35e; PANEL doors, \$1.50, 742 S. MAIN. Tel. R. 1048. FOR WINDOW SHADES, GO TO THE FAC-tory, 222 W. SIXTH ST. Prices right.

JUST OPENED, A FIRST-CLASS LOW-land pasture near city. 822 S. MAIN.

JEAVE YOUR PICTURES FRAMED AT the factory. 366 S. BROADWAY. 20

WANTED—
WANTED—3 MEN IN LOS ANGELES AND one man in each unoccupied town in California and adjoining States, to take orders at 5.5 mert made to 500; pants \$1.50 to \$0.00 mert made by beginners without experience made by beginners without experience to the control of the contro

WANTED—A MAN AND TEAM, STEADY ranch work at good wages; the man will b required to take 10 acres of improved land price low, pay cash \$300, balance worked out; will pay some cash monthly. 21 BYRNE BLDG.

BYRNE BLDG.

WANTED-2 SALESMEN, OFFICE MAN, Jantor, stableman, nurse, hotel man, milker, porter, pantry man, elevator man; coachman, all kinds positions. RELIABLE-BMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 242½ S. Broad-way.

WANTED-FURNITURE SALESMAN, COL-lector; baker, porter, camp cook; real es-tate office man; rancher, teamster, shoe-maker, \$40; wood chopper, others. ED-WARD NITTINGER, 226 S. Spring. 20 WANTED—A RUSTLER TO SOLICIT MEM-bers for Los Angeles Tent, No. 2, Knights of the Maccabes: present membership 770; must have 1000 by January 1. Inquire of E. M. GUTHRIE, Phillips Block.

## W ANTED-

HUMMEL BROS. & CO. EMPLOYMENT AGENTS. A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished.
Your orders solicited.

\$00-302 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., ex-

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Milker, \$25; ranch hand, \$1; stable chore man, \$25; laborers and teamsters. road, \$1.75 and \$25 etc.; man and wife. r and cook, \$46; chore man, \$75; chore is \$12; ranch hands, \$17.50; glass beveler. \$12; ranch hands, \$17.50; glass beveler. \$12; ranch hands, \$17.50; glass beveler. \$35; boy for ranch, \$7.50; mir \$3; boy for ranch, \$7.50.

MEN'S HOTEL DEPARTMENT.
Engineer and washer, \$1.50 day; first-head waiter; bootblack, \$40, Italian; secook, \$36; silver man, \$6; all-around ha \$10; cake baker, \$12; second cook, \$30; taurant cook, \$9 week; house man, month; wa'ter, Bakersheld, \$25; pastry c'se ond cook, \$35; laundry finisher and ire \$12; cond cook, \$35; \$22; contibuts boy, \$20.

omnibus boy, \$29.
HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.
usegirl, Ontario, \$20; housekeeperry, can take child, \$10; housegirls, it LADIES HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Waffresses, San Bernardino, Redianti danta Monica, \$20; one \$18; cook, \$25; rst-class waitresses, city, \$25; restauran raitress, \$6 week. HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

class dry-goods salesman for country store must have good references and be a steady sober man. Call between 1 and 2 o'clock 152 S. MAIN ST. 19 WANTED-2 YOUNG MEN OF GOOD AD dross to salled and a steady

WANTED-A YOUNG MAN TO SOLICIT ON

MANTED-SALESMEN TO SELL TOILET soap to dealers; \$100 per month salary and expenses; experience unnecessary. LOUIS ERNST CO., St. Louis, Mo. ERNST CO., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED — A GOOD BARBER TO TAKE charge Hotel Arcadia barber shop. Santa Monica; good opportunity to right man. Apply at the HOTEL.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN TO HELP ON bread baking; must have some experience, Apply between 2 and 4 p.m., 1824 S. MAIN, ST.

ST. 21

WANTED - OFFICE MAN; MUST HAVE \$500; can clear \$100 month. SNOVER & MY-ERS, 404 S. Broadway. 19

WANTED—SALESLADY, OFFICE LADY, 5001 storegiri, housekeeper, nurse, second giri; copyist, dressmaker, collector, solicitor, laundress, housework; positions of all kinds. RELIABLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2424 S. Broadway.

WANTED—A DINING-ROOM WAITRESS, first-class, 86 a week; cook for private family, easy place, nice home, \$20. The lady matron of THE CLERKS' EXCHANGE, California Bank Bidg., room 13.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LADY STEngrapher for merçantile office; references required; no novices need apply; telegraph WANTED-HOTEL COOK, COUNTRY, \$30;

ily laundress, country, \$25; nursegirl, \$15; general housework, \$15, \$18, \$25 S. SCOTT & MISS M'CARTHY, 107½ S adway. Breadway. 19

WANTED — TRAVELING COMPANION, skirt maker, shop seamstress, 86 week; assistant housework, hotel waitress, \$20, EDWARD NITTINGER, 226 S, Spring, 2

EDWARD ATTINGER, 226 S, SPIRIB. 20
WANTED — EXPERIENCED OPERATORS
on shirts and overalls; a few inexperienced
hands taught. BROWNSTEIN, NEWMARK
& LOUIS, 344-6 N. Main st. 24
WANTED — COMPETENT AND EXPERI-

enced woman for matron of college boarding-hall. LOCK BOX 12, Claremont. 21

WANTED - WAITRESSES; HOUSESGIRLS

girls to assist; chamber girls, cooks.
REID'S AGENCY, 126 W. First st. 19

WANTED — STORE SEAMSTRESS. SKIRT
finisher, \$6 per week; room 205 STOWELI
BLOCK, 226 S. Spring st. 19

WANTED - YOUNG GIRL TO CARE FOR child and do light housework. 232 E. FOURTH, upstairs. 19 WANTED - WHITE GIRL FOR HOUSE-work; wages \$3. MRS. R. HARRISON, Santa Monica.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-work; must be good cook. Call at 743 S. UNION AVE.

WANTED - A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 802 W. SEVENTH ST. 19

WANTED — SITUATION BY JAPANESE man and wife; man is good cook; woman is well educated, good seamstress, waitress, or lady's mald; useful in any way; best refer-ence, city or country. F., room 16, 239½ E. FIRST ST.

FIRST ST. 19

WANTED — EMPLOYMENT BY STEADY boy, aged 16, living with parents; prefer position with chance of advancement in wholesale house. Address N, box 40, TIMES OFFICE. OFFICE.

WANTED-SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced Japanese cook, city or country, \$39
or more. Address N, box 34, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED-SITUATION BY JAPANESE AS cook in city or country, have good refer-ence. Address GEORGE O., 416 S. Spring st. 19

Situations, Female. WANTED-BY YOUNG GIRL, SITUATION in private family as second work or cham-berwork, city or beach. Call Tuesday, 318 W. 20TH ST. PANTED-BY A COMPETENT, MIDDLE-aged woman, position as companion; refer-ence given. Address II, box SS, TIMES OF-FICE, city.

WANTED-SITUATION; GENERAL HOUSE work in family adults by reliable middle-aged lady. 412 W. SECOND ST. 19 WANTED-A WOMAN TO WORK BY THE day, house-cleaning and sweeping. Address C. JENSEN, 136 W. Jefferson st. 19

Situations, Male and Female. WANTED-MAN AND WIFE WANT WORK Reheral ranch woman to cook for men; man Reheral ranch work; best references. 125 E. THIRD ST., room 21.

## W ANTED

To Purchase.

WANTED - TO PURCHASE PURNITURE.
safes; planes and anything in the household
line, if it is cheap. L. A. BARGAIN CO.,
418 S. Broadway. Tel. red 1884. 19-21-22 WANTED-WE HAVE BUYER FOR COT-tage and lot, Pico Heights; also house and lot southwest. TAYLOR, 101 Broadway. 21 WANTED-TO PURCHASE OROCERY OR husbass, for city or country property. WANTED-SAFE, FIRE-PROOF, ABOUT 3 feet high. Address N, box 41, TIMES OF. FICE.

Partners.

WANTED-PARTNER TO TAKE 16 INTERest in steam laundry in a good town. Address N. box 36, TIMES OFFICE. 24

WANTED-PARTN WITH SMALL StuM OF money to develop a good-paying proposition, money to develop a good-paying proposition, 19. SEE MORGAN & CO. FOR GOOD ASSAY.

Inc. etc. 25 years' experience, 260-263 WILL SON BLOCK, cor. First and Spring sta

#### W ANTED-To Rent.

WANTED - HOUSE OF 15 TO 30 ROOMS Address, with full particulars, 118 W SIXTH ST. 19 WANTED-TO RENT DESK ROOM, SUIT-able for builder. Address L, box 70, TIMES OFFICE.

## W ANTED-

Agents and Solicitors. WANTED—315 TO \$50 WEEKLY AND EXpenses paid salesmen to sell cigars to dealers on time; experience unnecessary, C.
C. HISHOP & CO., St. Louis.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL CASKA, the
great blood and nerve tonic. 360 S.
BROADWAY. 23

## WANTED-

WANTED-IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING TO soil\_cheap, call on us. L. A. HARGAIN -CO., 419 S. Broadway. Tel. red 138i, 19-21-22 WANTED — A SECOND-HAND BILLIARD table in good shape, 4x8, for cash. Address box 52, 4HUENEME, Cal. 22
WANTED—THE CARE OF 2 OR 3 SMALL children. For particulars address 241 WINSTON. 21

## FOR SALE-

City Lots and Lands. FOR SALE—6 LOTS, 50x150, CORNER WITH fruit trees; a story and a half California house, newly papered; a good well of water, windmill and 5000-gallon tank (cost of well and outfit \$760.) 2 chicken-houses, large incubator and wire fencing, etc., etc.; all for \$900 cash; close to city and clear. C. H. PARKER, care Barker Bros, corner Third and Spring.

FOR SALE—SANTA MONICA, COTS, 25x100, E0x190 on Nevada ave., best in town. Address N, box 46, TIMES OFFICE. FOR SALE-CHOICE LOTS AT GARVANZA and Highland Park, cheap; easy terms. I. H. PRESTON, 217 New High st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE: CHOICE CITY and suburban property, all parts. I. H. PRESTON, 217 New High st. FOR SALE-OIL WELL, LARGE LOT, 200 B. oil. Owner, 122 JOHNSON ST., city, 19

#### FOR SALE-Country Property.

FOR SALE-FRUIT LANDS IN RIVERSIDE county and at Redlands; bearing orange and deciduous-fruit orchards; choice unimproved lands; good-paying income can be derived from these lands the first year. Address HEMET LAND CO., 103 S. Broadway, L. A. HEMET LAND CO., 103 S. Broadway, L. A. FOR SALE—COMPLETE COUNTRY HOME; near city; annual income \$2000; will sell at low price and on easy terms. Address F, bex 48, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR SALE—TO DISSOLVE A PARTNER-ship, 57 acres of alfalfa land at Fullerton, Call or address A. PHILLIPS, 120 W. Second.

#### FOR SALE Houses.

OR SALE — MODERN-BUILT 5-ROOM cottage, almost new, 3 lots, corner, wides street in city; cement walks; nice 2-story barn; the grounds are all nicely laid out and planted to choice fruits and flowers; this is offered at a bargain as owner desires to leave city. See owner on premiss 1154 E. 28TH ST. 21 1154 E. 28TH ST.

POR SALE—ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN
a 5-room new house on E. 14th St., only
\$1159; if you are thinking of buying a
home let us show you this place, tems \$159
cash, ballance monthly payments. W. I,
HOLLINGSWORTH & CO., 343 Wilcox Bleg.

# FOR SALE

Business Property.

Business Property.

FOR SALE-FINELY LOCATED LOTS FOR suburban homes, near railroads, schools, churches and stores; beach drive of 14 miles; grand view of occau, islands and mountains; best of boating, fishing, bathing and hunting; large lots at small price. Address ALAMITOS LAND CO., G. C. Filmt, secretary, Long Beach, or E. B. CUSHMAN agent, 308 W. First st.

## FOR SALE-

FOR SALE—MINERAL COLLECTION, INcluding many hydred choice specimen of
crystallized metals, free gold, native sile

FOR SALE — REMINGTON STANDARD typewriters; the latest improved machines, rented and repaired; send for circular, WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 211

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN FINE PIANOS; large selection of slightly-used planos at prices from \$150 up at the SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MUSIC CO., 216-218 W. Third.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND RUBBER belting, 49 feet long; 6 inches wide; will seil cheap. A. A. BAILEY, 300 S. Los Angleichen, 19 geles st.

FOR SALE-TYPEWRITERS, ALL MAKES, slightly used, cheap; rent \$4 mo, ALEXAN-DER & CO., set. Smith-Premier. \$01 S. B'dwy.

FOR SALE-5-HORSE POWER GAS OR gasoline engine and deduce pump, MANN & JOHNSON, 1009 N. Main st.

FOR SALE — PARTIES WANTING TRICY cle for lady or invalid please call on MRS RUSSELL, 722 S. Hill. 20 FOR SALE—COUNTERS, SHELVING, TA bles, show cases; we buy and sell, 216 E FOURTH ST.

FOURTH ST. 23

FOR SALE-FURNITURE OF A 6-ROOM house, Call MRS. M. SELMAN, 546 S. Broadway. 19

FOR SALE - GOOD, STRONG OAK BARRIES, Apply at TIMES BUSINESS OFFICE, FOR SALE - LADY'S WHEEL VERY LIT- tile used, 342 S. BROADWAY, 19,

LOST-COCKER SPANIEL BLACK DOG. 5
months old; bob tail; had Maltere cross tag
and collar; lost about 4 p.m. yesterday (Sunday.) 7-18. If found, call at 1218 Ionia at
and receive reward. J. M. DONLEY. 19
POUND-SAN DIEGO BOTTLED AND KEG
beer. Family trade supplied with a super
benge at HEIM'S BOTTLING
WORKS, 446 o 456 Central ave., near Union
Depot. Tel. main 250.

Depot. 1et. main 200.
LOST-ONE DAY LAST WEEK, A SHABBY pocketbook, containing a few gold coina. Will the finder inform N, hox 43, TIMES OFFICE, where the owner can meet him? 19 OFFICE. Where the owner can meet min? 19
LOST — POCKETBOOK CONTAINING PAIR
ruby ear-rings, 5 silver dollars and some
papers at Redondo Beach; finder return to
315 W. SZCOND ST. and get reward. 19
FOUND — JULY 18, ON BOYLE HEIGHTS
car, lady's set ring. Owner can have same
by calling at 221 W. First st. HAMMELL.

LOST — ON SUNDAY, EYEGLASSES, BE-tween Fourth and 23d sts. Return to 117 s. LOS ANGELES ST. for reward. 19 FOUND — TAKEN UP, BAY HORSE WITH halter on; 1 white hind foot. Inquire at west end of VERNON AVE. 19

### FOR EXCHANGE-

FOR EXCHANGE—
The fluest 10-acre alfalfa ranch in the county on electric car line; solid to alfalfa; small house, large barn; for sale cheap on easy terms, or will exchange for

cheap on easy terms, or will exchange for city property.

8 lots, 2 choice corners, 10-room house, grounds covered with fruit and rare flow-ers; a fine home in Pasadena, for city property; Boyle Heights preferred.

Choice corner partly improved, close in; for sale cheap, or will take a residence as part pay; time on the difference.

7 well-located lots, covered with fruit, in the city; clear, for cottage in this city or Pasadena. Pasadenn.
A cholee fruit orchard at Alhambra for sale or will take cottage in city as part pay.
A 6-room house in East Los Angeles for a cottage at the beach, want to trade quick.
A 60-acre well-improved ranch for city property; will pay cash difference.
I have all kinds of property for sale and exchange; come in and look over the list.
J. A. MORLAN, 17-19
Room 342 Byrne Bldg. choice fruit orchard at Alhambra fo or will take cottage in city as par

17-19 Room 342 Byrne Bldg.

FOR EXCHANGE—
\$2500-28\frac{1}{2}\text{-acre ranch} at Escondido, 10 acres in fruits, 5-room house, barn, wind-mill, tank, chicken houses, in finest climate of Southern California, for house, eastern or foothill ranch.

\$500-Lot on San Julian near Seventh; also 100 lots near Pasadena ave. and 46th st. for foothill ranch, houses or eastern 42500-15\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\text{-acre farm, rented, in Eastern Kansas, for house or ranch in California.

\$3000-100 lots in Anglessea, N. J., for Pasadena, or Altadena, or foothill ranch; also 15 acres near Palmdale for eastern or San Diego.

15 acres near Palmdale for eastern of Diego.
Diego.
Wanted—1 to 20 acres in Pasadena, Altadena, Sierra Madre or Monrovia; will give good trade and cash; mining stocks listed on exchange for California or eastern.
\$10,000–13-room Philadelphia house, Income property, for income or good close-in ranch. Address OWNER, 106 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—
FOR CALIFORNIA OR EASTERN.
\$10.400-3 good Kansas farms.
\$6000—Los Angeles home.
\$5000—Los Angeles home.
\$2000—Eastern farm for Chicago.
\$2500—Los Angeles improved.
\$2000—Eastern farm mortgage.
\$1000—Mortgage on eastern property.
\$1500—Camden, N. J., lots.
\$500—St. Joe, Mo., lot.
R. D. LIST, 226 Wilcox Block.
FOR EXCHANGE—

FOR EXCHANGE—
\$30,000—No. lot.
\$30,000—Unimproved realty, clear, for Los Angeles residences, will assume or pay cash; would trade part for a California ranch, small or large improvements.

M. R. HAYNES.

B Room 324, Stimson Block.

FOR EXCHANGE—\$1200; MODERN 5-ROOM cottage in East Los Angeles; mortgage \$75; for vacant lot or country or eastern property. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 3.8 Wilcox Block.

21

FOR EXCHANGE WILLS. OR EXCHANGE—WHAT HAVE YOU FOR

\$250 equity in 5-room modern cottage, 29th, st. near car, southwest, incumbrance \$1450; at \$16 monthly. Field & SMITH, 152-153 Wilson Bidg., First and Spring, 19 FOR EXCHANGE-2½ ACRES 6-YEAR-OLD navels; house, barn, etc., in Pasadena, for equity in, 6 or 7-room cottage, C. E. REIT-ER, 118 Hellman Building, Second and Broadway.

Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—NEW HOUSE IN BEAUtiful Wilshire tract, \$6000; accept one-halt
in clear ranch or smaller house. W. N.
HOLWAY, 308 Henne Bldg.
FOR EXCHANGE—27 ACRES IN SANTA
Monica, suitable for subdivision, for lots
in Los Angeles. Address K, box 26, TIMES
OFFICE. OFFICE.

FOR EXCHANGE-50 ACRES OF ALFALfa land for house and lot in city. Address 3025 S. MAIN.

19

## All Sorts, Big and Little.

FOR EXCHANGE — PIANOS, REFRIGER-ators and furniture, for what have you? Bargains for cash or installments. L. A. BARGAIN CO., 419 S. Broadway. 19-21-22

## R USINESS CHANCES-

Miscellaneous. THE ADVERTISER IS ENGAGED IN AN enterprise which requires \$3000 additional capital; not all leash down, but deferred amount available as required; investor not required to give any time to the business, but a bright, and active representative would be appreciated and could be fairly remunerated; investor's capital returned from the first gross receipts, after which equal division; guarantee investor to be "on velvet" by January 1, and that for several succeeding years his income from this source will exceed the interest on \$100,000 government bonds, or the dividends on \$100,000 bank stock; principals only. Address J, box 16, TIMES OFFICE.

Address J. Dox 18, TIMES OFFICE. 19
HIGHLY REMUNERATIVE CITY BUSIness, having monthly large profits; no
previous experience required; will exchange for unincumbered real estate any
description; fullest investigation. Apply J,
box 3, TIMES OFFICE. 19

box 3, TIMES OFFICE. 19
FOR SALE—STATIONERY BUSINESS ON
Spring st. near Third; with good will and
lease: any one with \$800 can secure this
bargain and have a steady income. C. A.
SUMNER & CO., 134 S. Broadway. 21
FOR SALE—ICE CREAM PARLOR, DELicockies candies, etc. on invoice, account

FOR SALE—ICE CREAM PARLOR, DELIcacies, candies, etc.; on invoice, account
of sickness; good location; rent, with living-rooms, very cheap. 622 STEVENSON
AVE., near Third st.

FOR SALE—GR TO LET—FACTORY PLANT
and premises, now occupied by the Dinmore Soap Company, 1844 N. Main st. For
particulars apply to SAM B. DEWEY, 202-3
Lankershim Block.

FOR SALE—GOOD-PAYING RETAIL BUSIness on Broadway, owner must leave

ness on Broadway, owner must leave town: \$500 price. Address M, box 94, TIMES OFFICE. BLACKSMITH SHOP, TOOLS AND STOCK, for sale at cost; good business; best location in Southern California. Address K, bex 15, TIMES OFFICE.

FOR EXCHANGE—FINE SAN FRANCISCO business property for Los Augeles prop-erty. Address N. box 46, TIMES OFFICE.

sell bakery and delicacy store at best offer. Address N, box 39, TIMES OFFICE 19 FOR SALE—FINEST MEAT MARKET IN
Los Angeles and the best location, \$500.

19 1. D. BARNARD, 112 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE—FRUIT, CHGARS AND LIGHT
grocery: rent only \$10; living-rooms; \$75.

19 1. D. BARNARD, 112 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE—A STEAM LAUNDRY PLANT,
is paying clear \$25 per week; price \$200.

19 1. D. BARNARD, 112 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE—LIGHT GROCERIES. FRUIT
and clear store; very central; bargain; \$250.

19 1. D. BARNARD, 112 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE—A BLANKET AND CURTAIN
laundry an old stand, making money, \$150,
19 1. D. BARNARD, 112 S. Broadway.
FOR SALE—A SALONA AND CLUBHOUSE. FOR SALE-LEASE AND CROP OF SMALL ranch near city; good place for poultry. E. W. REID, 126 W. First st. 19 FOR SALE - CREAMERY NEAR BALSY, Cal., in a good locality, neither wet nor dry, L. E. TALBERT.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS MILK ROUTE, \$325 income per month. E. W. REID, 126 W. First st. FIRST ST.

I SELL OUT ALL KINDS OF BUSINESS
I. D. BARNARD, 112 S. Broadway. 19

## To LET-

TO LET—A LARGE, AIRY, NICELY-FUR-nished room, with board, for the month of August, at Terminal Island. Address aS, box 80, TIMES OFFICE. 19 ELEGANT FURNISHED FRONT ith board; private family; with or plano. 759 S. HOPE ST. 19 TO LET-LARGE COOL ROOM ON FIRST floer; small family; good table, 940 S. BROADWAY. 19

TO LET - CHEAP: 435% TEMPLE ST. choice 4-room modern flat, one block from Courthouse. Apply at house. 23

#### TO LET-Pasturage.

TO LET - PASTURE, HORSES, \$2 PER month: good feed and flowing wells. E. F. GAINES, Clearwater, Cal.

TO LET-FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENtlemen, \$5 and up per month; also house-keeping rooms, reasonable; all outside rooms; use of hot baths, fine location. 827½ S. SPRING ST., Mackenzie House. 23 TO LET-PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT rooms, close in; doctor's family; housekeep-ing privileges; rent moderate. S19 S. HILL.

TO LET-BRIGHT'S SPECIAL DELIVERY.
One trunk 35c; round trip, 50c, Tel. main
49. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BLDG, 49. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BLDG.
TO LET—3 ROOMS COMPLETELY FURnished for housekeeping: screen porch;
separate entrance. 530 S. FLOWER. 19
TO LET—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS: IN
modern flat; bath, electricity; summer
rates; references. 122 S. OLIVE. 19
TO LET—2 CONNECTING ROOMS, WITH
separate entrance; gas, bath, closet, china
closet, grates. 1047 S. MAIN ST. 19

TO LET-2 SUNNY UNFURNISHED ROOMS, TO LET-PLEASANT FRONT ROOMS ON the corner of Sixth and Spring sts. Entrance 125 W. SIXTH ST. 20 TO LET-UNFURNISHED ROOMS, CEN-trally located, prices reasonable. 526 S. SPRING.

SPRING. 20
TO LET-FURNISHED ROOMS, NEW AND first-class, 520 S. BROADWAY, Tel. green 704. TO LET-3 FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING-TO LET—3 FUNNSHED HOUSEREPING-rooms in cottage. 1927 S. FLOWER ST. 25

TO LET—SUNNYSIDE, 319 N. BROADWAY, rooms, \$5 to \$15 per month; first-class.
TO LET—NICELY-FUNNISHED ROOMS AT
256 S. BUNKER HILL AVE.
19

TO LET-WELL-FURNISHED FLAT OF 4 rooms. 641 S. FLOWER ST. 28 TO LET-NEWLY-FURNISHED ROOM, 238 E. FIRST ST. 19

## TO LET-Stores, Offices, Lodging-houses.

TO LET-STORE WITH 3 LIVING ROOMS, suitable for any business; rent \$12. 226 E. SEVENTH ST. 23
TO LET-STORE NO. 216 S. BROADWAY. Inquire at 218, S. BROADWAY, room 416. 19

TO LET—THE VAN & STORAGE PADDED vans at 75c, \$1 and \$1.25 per hour; the only safe, quick and economical way to move; we have expert plano-movers; our warehouse is the best, with lowest rates of insurance: cut rates to the East on household goods. Office removed to 436 S. SPRING ST. Office tel. main 19. Res., tel. black 1221.

SPRING ST. Office tel. main 19. Res., tel. black 1221.

TO LET — CLOSE-IN NEW 2-STORY, 8- room house, gas, electricity, porcelain bath, 2 pat. closets, furnace, kitchen, range, window shades, low rent to permanent tenant. Inquire at 123 E. FOURTH, 23, TO LET-NEW, COOL HOUSE OF 4 LARGE

rooms, built on new plan, excellent well water, celiar, bathroom, large chicken yard; rent \$8; close to Pasadena car, Ave. 39. In-quire MR. GFCMEN. quire MR. GFCMEN.

FO LET - DO NOT PAY RENT; BUY A
good 5-room house for \$1000; monthly payments, \$15; no cash payment required.
ALLISON BARLOW, 123 S. Broadway.

ALLISON BARLOW, 123 S. Broadway.

TO LET-HOUSE, 469 W. SEVENTH ST., near Hill st., 9 rooms and bath; window shades and gas fixtures complete; rent 330, Apply 844 S. GRAND AVE.

TO LET-MODERN HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS; hot and cold water and all conveniences; low rent to proper parties. 1430 DOWNEY AVE., East Los Angeles.

21 To Let — Save Time By Consulting My list of furnished and unfurnished houses. BRANDIS, 152 N. Spring st., room 4.

To Let — 5-ROOM HOUSE AND BARN; price \$12 per month with water; 316 Fremont ave. Apply 123 S. MAIN ST. 19

To Let — House of 7 Rooms, Until September, for board, close in. Address N, box 45, Times Office.

45, TIMES OFFICE.

19
TO LET - 2 TENTS ON CORNER, FURpished for housekeeping; 3 beds; Catalina.
552 S. FLOWER.

TO LET-NEW 8-ROOM HOUSES. WESTlake Park; \$25, \$30 and \$35 each. Room 308
HENNE BLOCK.

TO LET - 8-ROOM CORNER.

TO LET — 6-ROOM COTTAGE, CLOSE IN; also 5-room cottage. M'KOON & PALLETT, 234 W. First st.

TO LET—1;ARD-F'INISHED 3-ROOM HOUSE \$8.50, and a 2-room house \$5. 733 DUCOMMUN ST. MUN ST.

TO LET-248 WINSTON ST., HOUSE FOUR rooms, close in, near postoffice, \$10, with water.

# water. 25 TO LET — SMALL COTTAGE RIGHT IN town. 214 E. THIRD ST. 22 TO LET—COTTAGE 6 ROOMS, BATH, \$15.

# TO LET-

TO LET - \$20; A 6-ROOM FURNISHED house, suitable for 2 families; will rent the whole or in part; bath, stab e, large grounds, flowers and fruit trees; healthy location. 1156 E. 27TH ST., ½ block from Central-ave. car line.

TO LET-AVALON; "MANILA" COTTAGE,
5 rooms, furnished, 2 weeks July and month
August. Address A. EUNICE ANDREWS,
Maiden Lane, Avalon.

25 Maiden Lane, Avalon. 25
TO LET — COMPLETELY-FURNISHED 2:
story, 7-room house, cheap to right party
until October 1, 811 BEACON ST. 19

# M ACHINERY-

THE "CHARTER" GASOLINE ENGINE was the power selected by the U. S. government for pumping water for our boys in blue at Camp Alger. The "Charter" is the leader. CALIFORNIA IMPLEMENT CO., sole agents, 217 N. LOS Angeles st.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND HOISTING ENgines, full set pipe manufacturing tools, 2 sett trolley ways, steel ropes and cables. HEMET LAND CO., 103 S. Broadway.

THOMPSON & BOYLE CO. WATER PIPE, well pipe, oil and water tanks; irrigation and water supply material. 204 to 314 REQUENA ST.

WOODMANSE & HEWITT MFG. CO. Branch House, 614 N. MAIN ST. Wood-manse windmill and towers. FULTON ENGINE WORKS, FOUNDERS and machinists. Cor. Chavez and Ash sts. PERKINS — GASOLINE ENGINES AND pumps, 1025 N. ALAMEDA, LOS Angeles. IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 950 to 966 BUENA VISTA ST.

# PERSONAL-

PERSONAL—GEO. A. RALPHS—GOLD BAR Flour, \$1.25; City Flour, \$1.00; Lion Coffee, 10c; granulated Sugar, 17 lbs. \$1.00; 4 lbs. Rice, 25c; 8 bars German Family or 14 Rex Sap, 25c; 10 lbs. Corn Meal, 15c; 5 bars Gold Medal Borax Soap, 25c; 10 lbs. Rolled Wheat or 8 lbs. Oats, 25c; 3 cans Salmon, 25c; 6 boxes Sardines, 25c; 6 gai. Gasoline, 65c; Coal Oil, 60c; 3 cans Oysters, 25c; Lard, 10 lbs. 65c; 10 lbs. Beans, 25c. 60 lS. SPRING ST., cor. Sixth. Tel. 516.

ST., cor. Sixth. Tel. 516.

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER, PALMIST, life reading, business, lawsuits, removals, travels, mineral locations described, property, speculations, love, health, and all affairs of life. 416% S. SPRING ST., room 3. Fees 50c and \$1.

PERSONAL—MISS WILLARD, COMPLEX—ton specialist; one treatment free. THE FLORENCE, 508 S. Main. PERSONAL—S. FRANCES CRANDALL THE only scientific palmist in this city. PARK PLACE, Fifth and Hill.

## PERSONAL-C. M. SNODGRASS, PALMIST, life and character readings. 316% S. SPRING. 21 IVE STOCK WANTED-

WANTED-GOOD SAFE HORSE FOR ITS keep; light driving; best care. Address N, box 42, TIMES OFFICE. 19 box 42, Times Office. 19
WANTED—TO BUY FROM 100 TO 800 CATtle. R. D. LIST, 226 Wilcox Block. 21
WANTED—HEIFER CALVES, JUST BORN.
Drop postal, 2331 E. FIRST ST.

## MONEY TO LOAN-

UNION LOAN CO., ROOMS 113-114-115, STIMSON BLOCK,

ROOM LOAN CO.,
ROOMS 113-114-115, STIMSON BLOCK,

Loans money on all kinds of collateral security, watches, diamonds, life-insurance policies, furniture and pianos, without removal; business strictly confidential; private office for ladies. R. C. O'BRYAN, manager. Tel. main 1851. Reference, Citizens' Bank. To LOAN — MONEY LOANED ON DIAmonds, jewelry, pianos, carriages, bicycles, and all kinds of collateral security; we will loan you more money, less interes, and hold your goods longer than any one; no commissions, appraisers, middlemen or bill of vale; tickets issued; storage free in our warehoues. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL KINDS OF personal security, diamonds, watches, pianos, furniture, life insurance, or collaterals of any kind. We loan our own money and can make quick loans; private room for ladies; business confidential. CHARLES W. ALLEN, rooms 115 and 117 Hellman Block, corner of Second and Broadway.

TO LOAN—MONEY IN LARGE OR SMALL amounts, at lower rates of interest than others charge, on all kinds of collateral; diamonds, watches, jewelry, planos, furniture, life insurance and all good collateral; partial payments received; money quick; private office for ladies. G. M. JONES, rooms 12-14, 254 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN-MONEY IN SUMS FROM \$1000 to \$200,000 on choice business and residence property only. Inquire F. Q. STORY, room 303 Henne Block, 122 W Third st. THE SYNDICATE LOAN CO. — MONEY loaned on all kinds of security, notes and mortgages bought and sold; loans quick and confidential. We loan our own money. Rooms '4-8, 1334, S. Spring st. Tel. M. 583. GEO. L. MILLS, manager.

GEO, L. MILLS, manager.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CARRIAGES, Machinery, safes, pianos; storage at reasonable rates; freight advanced on carloads. SOUTHWEST COMMERCIAL COMPANY, 820-822 San Fernando st. Ring up green 1191.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOciety of San Francisco will make loans on improved city poperty; building loans as apeclaity; expensee light R. G. LUNT, agent, 140 S. Broadway, Heliman Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPOUNDS agent, 140 S. Broadway, Heliman Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL estate; easy terms; interest decreases 28 you pay, STATE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION. 141 S. B'dway.

MONEY LOANED PEOPLE HOLDING PERmanent positions with responsible concerns, without security; easy payments. TRADERS' EXCHANGE, 23 Bryson Block.

POINDEYEER & WADSWORTH BOOM 208

ERS' EXCHANGE, 22 Bryson Block.

POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, ROOM 308
Wilcox Bldk., lend money on any good real
estate; building loans made; if you wish to
lend or borrow call on us.

WE HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD
city improved at 6 to 7 per cent. net.
M'GARVIN & BRONSON, rooms 3-4-5, 2200;
S. Spring st.

WILL LOAN MONEY ON GOOD UPRIGHT
pland for the use of it; no interest private

TO LOAN—\$500 TO \$25,000 PRIVATE MONEY, 6 per cent. net, on first-class residence prop-erty. LOCKHART & SGN, 316 Wilcox Block. TO LOAN-\$200 TO \$35,000 ON CITY OR country real estate. LEE A. M'CONNELL & Co., real estate and loans, 218 Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT AT reasonable rates; \$500 to \$50,000 at 6 p.c. Inquire WM. F. BOSBYSHELL, 107 S. Bdwy. MONEY TO LOAN - \$5000 TO \$10,000 AT per cent. on business property. W. I. HOLLINGSWORTH & CO., 343 Wilcox Block. 2 LINGSWORTH & CO., ROOM 219, WILCOX J. C. CRIBB & CO., ROOM 219, WILCOX bldg., lend money on good real estate. If you wish to lend or borrow, call on us. TO LOAN-\$50,000 TRUST FUNDS, SMALL MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT TO \$50,

MYERS, 404 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE. H.
DEUTSCH. room 169, New Hellman Block,
Broadway and Second.

10

TO LOAN—41 UP ON ANYTHING, D. L. ALlen, 237 W. First st. next to Times Bldg.
TO LOAN — 5 TO 5 PER CENT. MONEY,
BRADSHAW BROS., 202 Bradbury Block. MRS. HARRIS, HOTEL CATALINA, 439 S. Broadway, room 41, fourth floor; elevator. \$200 TO \$50,000 AT 7 PER CENT. INTER est. E. C. CRIBB & CO., 218 Broadway. 2 est. E. C. CRIBB & CO., 218 Broadway. 23
MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE, MORTIMER & HARRIS, 78 Temple Block,
ERNEST G. TAYLOR, 412 BRADBURY
bldg., loans money on mortgages.
LOANS MADE ON ANY SECURITY. A. H,
HEDDERLY, 206% S. Broadway.
MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE,
Room 444, WILCOX BLDG.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES. R. D.
LIST. 226 Wilcox Block.

MONEY WANTED-

WANTED-LOAN OF \$5500 ON AN EXTENsive tract of choice improved orchard land
within 1 mile of station in San Gabriel Valley: low valuation, \$25,000; good interest and
commission. Address OWNER, H, box 71,
Times office.

WANTED-MONEY\$500, 7 per cent., 40 per cent. loan.
\$800, 7 per cent., 40 per cent. loan.
\$800, 7 per cent., 50 per cent. loan.
\$1900, 8 per cent., 50 per cent. loan.
19 J. C. CRIBB & CO., 219 Wilcox Bldg.

WANTED - \$1000, \$2000, \$2200, \$2500, ALL
good city loans at 8 per cent. POINDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 308 Wilcox Block. 19
WANTED-TO BORROW \$500, PORA YEAR WANTED-TO BORROW \$500 FOR A YEAR on first-class collateral. Call at once at 421½ S. SPRING ST., room 18. WANTED-LOANS ON NEW HOUSES, \$2000, \$2250 and \$2500; ample security. W. N. HOL-WAY, 308 Henne Bidg.

# WANTED-\$450, \$700, \$1000, 8 PER CENT. net; also \$6500; gilt-edged southwest. TAY-LOR, 104 Broadway. 20 L IVE STOCK FOR SALE-

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MT. TAMALPAIS MILITARY ACADEMY, San Rafael, Marin county, Cal. Accredited by the University of California. Commandant detalled by War Department. Ninth year begins Aug. 17. Arthur Crosby, A.M., D.D., head master. City references: W. S. Bartlett, Fres. Union Bank of Savings; Chas. C. Carpenter, Esq., Harper tract. For catalogues and further information, see GEO. W. PARSONS, agt., 107 S. B'dway, city. LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE, 212
W. Third st., Currier Bidg, Long established; thoroughly practical; superior advantages; new rooms, cool and well lighted;
complete courses in book-keeping, shorthand,
telegraphy and assaying; also give lessons in
either vertical or sloping penmanship; students may enter at any time. Write for
particulars. Catalogue free.

particulars. Catalogue free. GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, 1918-1928 S. Grand ave., will reopen Sept. 15. Delightful home, beautiful location, large grounds; a school whose reputation is based on thorough scholarship. For catalogue address MISS PARSONS & MISS DENNEN, principals. PARSONS & MISS DENNEN, principals.

O C C I D E N T A L C O L L E G E-THREE courses, classical, scientific, literary; thorough preparatory department. Fall term opens Sept. 13 at new building. Highland Park. Address REV. G. W. WADSWORTH, 827 Grand View ave. Los Angeles, Cal.

ATTEND THE EXCELLENT SUMMER School, now in session at the Woodbury Business College, 226 S. Spring st. (Stowell Block.) Individual instruction; competent and thorough teachers. Call or write for catalogue.

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LOS ANGELES ACADEMY (MILITARY)—A

classical and English boarding and day
school. Reopens September 14. Illustrated
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## DHYSICIANS-

DR. MINNIE WELLS. AT HER BLOCK. 127
E. Third, off Main, hours 10 to 4. Consult free experienced doctor; gives prompt relief all fomale troubles; invites doubtful cases for examination by "Little Wonder" endescope; 15 years in city. "Dr. Minnie Wells well known to me. She is a critical and applysician, having large and successful experience in private practice."—J. McInier, M.D., State Prof. Clin. Surg., St. Louise.

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DR. ELIZABETH J. PALMER—SPECIALTY disease of women; 10 years' successful-practice; electricity; consultation free and confidential. 322 S. SPRING ST., over Owl Drug Store. Hours 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Tel. main 809.

DR. NEWLAND'S PRIVATE HOME FOR ladies before and during confinement; everything first-class; special attention paid to all female irregularities. Office, Stimson Block, 204-205. Hours 10-12, 1-3.

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DR. REBECUA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 133-134-135 Stimson Block. Special attention given to obstetrical cases, and all diseases of women and children. Consulation hours, 1 to 5 p.m. Tel. 1227.

DR. GARRISON CURES CANCERS, TUMORS and rupture without the knife. 108 E. FOURTH, opposite Westminster Hotel. 25 DR. UNGER CURES CANCERS AND TUmors without knife. 107½ N. MAIN ST.

## FOR SALE

Hotels, Lodging Houses, FOR SALE—THE BEST ROOMING-HOUSE bargain in the city; nearly 40 rooms, lib-erally and handsomely turnished, offered at 50 per cent. off from cost on account mis-fortune; a \$300 plano included. For price and terms see J. C. OLIVER, 214 S. Broad-way.

way.

FOR SALE — \$650: 20-ROOM LODGING-house, close in: about half cash; can't be beat for the price. J. C. OLIVER, 214 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—\$275; A NICE ROOMING AND boarding-house, close in on Hill st., cheap. J. C. OLIVER, 214 S. Broadway.

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ENTISTS

And Dental Rooms.

SCHIFFMAN METHOD DENTAL CO., rooms 20 to 26, 107 N. Spring st. Painless extracting, filing, crown and bridge work; fexible rubber plates; pure gold filings, si up; all ther fillings, 50c up; cleaning tech; 50c up; solid 22-k gold crowns and bridge work, \$4 up; a full set of tech, \$5. Open evenings and Sunday forenoons. evenings and Sunday forenoons.

ADAMS BROS. DENTAL PARLORS, 239½ S. Spring st. Painless filling and extracting; plates from \$\frac{4}{3}\]; all work guaranteed; established 13 years. Sun. 10 to 12. Tel. black 125.

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PA. DENTAL CO. — FIRST-CLASS PLATE work. 226 S. SPRING, room 231.

# EXCURSIONS-

With Dates and Departures. PHILLIPS-JUDSON CONSOLIDATED EXcursions, personally conducted, via the
Denver and Rio Grande route, leave Los
Angeles every Monday. Lowest rates.
Quick time. Best service. Office, 130 W.
SECOND ST. (Wilcox Buildong.)

ROCK ISLAND PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED
excursions. via Denver and Rio Grande
route every Tuesday, car to Chicago every
Wednesday via Southern route; low rates;
quick time. Office 214 S. SPRING ST.

## BATHS-

Vapor, Electrical and Massage AMERICAN HYGIENIC INSTITUTE—PROF. JULES HEUGEN, Phillips Block, sun, vapor, electric baths, etc., massage and hygienic treatment. hygienic treatment.

MRS. L. SCHMIDT-EDDY, ELECTRIC, HOT air, hydropathic and massage treatment. Rooms 306-307, 226 S. SPRING.

#### MRS. STAHMER, 131 N. SPRING, ROOMS 103-104. Massage, vapor baths. Tel. green 12. DATENTS-

PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS OBTAINED, trademarks and copyrights registered. DAY & DAY, 233-4 Stimson Blk. Established 1849. KNIGHT BROS., PATENT SOLICITORS; Washington, Los Angeles, 424 Byrne Bldg.

PIONEER PATENT AGENCY OF SO. CAL., HAZARD & HARPHAM, 11 Downey Block.

And Patent Agents.

# CHIROPODISTS-

MISS STAPFER, 254 S. B'DWAY, TREATS corns, bunions; ladies electric baths. T.m.739
VACY STEER REMOVES CORNS AND bunions without pain. 124 W. FOURTH. LOST IN THE SHUFFLE. Complaints Against Violators of Sunday-closing Laws Pigeon-holed. "This is the way the force is treated with regard to the complaints made by them against saloon men who violate the closing ordinance," remarked Chief Glass yesterday morning, as he pro-duced a list containing the names of twenty-six violators. "Here is a list ranging from January 30 to April 27, against every one of whom a complaint has been made out, of which only two have been fined. Mr. Potter of the Van

Nuvs Hotel paid \$20, as also did Jean F. Gaul of the Plaza saloon."

The list is made up of the following January 30, S. Seever; February 1, Ah

FOR SALE—NICEST LIGHT DRIVING mare in city, safe for lady, \$25, cheap for \$50; also general, purpose horse, \$25. GLASS'S Horseshoeing Shop, Ninth and Main.

FOR SALE—HORSE 5 YERAS OLD, SOUND and gentle; children or lady can drive; cart and harness; all for \$60. 127 E. 22D ST.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE; VALUABLE maie and female dogs for sale very cheap. 622 STEVENSON AVE, near Third st. 15 FOR SALE—PONY, CART AND HARNESS, suitable for lady or children. 985 BURLING TON AVE.

FOR SALE—PONY, CART AND HARNESS, suitable for lady or children. 985 BURLING TON AVE.

FOR SALE—A SMALL HORSE TO RIDE or drive, \$10. 1365 W. 12TH ST.

FOR SALE—GREYHOUND, A PRIZE-WIN-ner. 2009 E. FIRST ST.

19

FOR SALE—GREYHOUND, A PRIZE-WIN-ner. 2009 E. FIRST ST.

# John S. Smith, a lineman employed by the San Gabriel Electric Company on College street near Buena Vista, was brought to the Receiving Hospital was prompting about noon suffering was brought to the Receiving Hospital yesterday morning about noon suffering from a badly crushed leg. Smith and a fellow-workman named Beebe were "framing" a fifty-foot pole when, without warning, the supports gave way, allowing the pole to fall a distance of about four feet, and in turning it caught Smith's right leg, crushing it to the ground and crushing both bones for four inches between the ankle and knee. Drs. Bryant and Hagan set the broken bones, after which the injured man was sent to the Sisters' Hospital, where he will be confined to his bed for at least eight weeks.

A Lineman Breaks His Leg.

days.

Police Inspection. The police force will be inspected this morning at 10:30 o'clock, in regular monthly inspection. The orders are for the officers to appear in fatigue coats, new helmets, carrying caps, and the rifle squad with their guns.

Fours at Madrid. MADRID, July 18.—Spanish fours closed today at 58.50.

# TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swolen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily if you want hot, and get tired easily if you want feet and swolen feet and makes walking feet on the feet and makes walkings if corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it TODAY. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

### Reliable Business Houses Of Los Angeles.

NITA BICYCLES \$35. Milwaukee Bicycles 825. Every wheel fully guaranteed. Honest wheels at Cut Rates. A. R. MAINES, 435 South Spring St.

RARGAIN IN LUMBER.

THEAP SUMMER FUEL.

TUTS ADVERTISERS 25C Plenty of cuts for any business at this price. Engraving by every process. Illustrate your ada. J. C. NEWITT, 224 125 Stimson Building.

HAY THERE!!! Phone Green 39!.

If you are in the market for Hay in car lots call or write us. We can save you money. ARIZONA HAY AND GRAIN CO., 377 S. Los Angeles St.

A. VAN TRUCK AND CO. 427 S. BROADWAY.

Furniture moving packing and storing done by expert workmen. Padded wans and prompt work. Phone M. 872

EW CROP OF HAY.

MATS \$1.15 SACK Number one quality and special prices if you want to take ton lots. Phone West 69. W. E. CLARK, 1249 South Pearl Street.

CTEEL SIGNS In any quanty, 1 to a million. Made of armor-plate steel. Indestructible, attractive: Cheaper than tin. J. C. NEWIIT, \$24 Stimson Building.

Advertisements in this column.



Prof.Fandrey, Specialist in Rupture Curing

642 South Main Street.

# Auction Foot Sale of Real Estate,

230 W. Twenty-fourth St., TUESDAY, JULY 19,

At 11 a.m., sharp, a 9-room house, modern in every respect, beautiful in design, handsomely decorated, having every convenience, in short, a palatial home.

The lot is 50x173, with orange, lemon, apple, peach, pear and plum trees in full bearing, for domestic use; also a small but complete barn: cement sidewalks, graded and sewered street, all in complete order, and must be seen to be appreciated. Choice neighborhood.

Anyone desiring a lovely home eighborhood.
Anyone desiring a lovely home in a growng section of Los Angeles, should go and
ee this property at once, 230 West Twentyourth Street, and will be shown the premses, and every possible courtesy extended.
Do not fail to see it before day of sale.
Terms made known on day of sale: 10 per
ent of the purchase money to be paid to
he auctioner upon drop of the hammer
und ten days to close the purchase and
urnish certificate of title. This property must be sold and will go to the highest bidder without reserve. Do not fall to attend the sale BEN. O. RHOADES, Auctioneer. Omce, 557 South Spring Street.

Wednesday, July 20, 1898, 10 a.m. Three Upright Folding Beds. with fine Hair Mattresses; Bedroom Suits in Oak and Ast; Dining-room and Kitchen Furniture, Book Cases, fine Oak Sideboard, Extension Tables, Wardrobes, Handsome Upholstered Parlor Furniture, Lounges, Couches, Body Brus-sels, Moquet and Tapestry Carpets, etc. BEN O. RHOADES, Auctioneer.

The Elite Millinery 249 S. Broadway. Meets all cuts in prices made by any one. Come and see if we don't.

RUPTURE Rectal Diseases postively cured in from 30 to 60 days—without operation or detendent of the state of



The Pile Cure
That Cures

Ovo Pile and Tumor Cure

\$.100 All Druggists

The Kind You Have

900 Drops

AVegetable Preparation for As-

similating the Food and Regula-ting the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promote's Digestion, Cheerful-ness and Rest Contains neither Opnum, Morphine nor Mineral.

of OLA DESMEEL PUTCHER

Aperfect Remedy for Constipa-ion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverish-

ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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NEW YORK.

116 months old

35 Doses - 35 CENTS

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NOT NARCOTIC.

Always Bought Bears the Signature

You Have Always Bought.

CUDIDENT TWO WORNOUT USweakened vitality of home work of here of her

415 1/2 S. Spring St.

We don't make your foot fit our shoes; we make our shoes fit your feet.



We are making a special price on 1000 pairs of Men's Russia Calf and Vici Kid Shoes, Opera, Savoy and Bulldog last. The best makes. Regular \$4.00 Shoes for

\$3.00.

Hamilton & Baker,

239 South Spring St.

W. J. DAWSON,

Medical Electrician, Gives Static, Galvanic and Faradic electricity: massage; medicated vapor baths; fumigating baths a speciatv; rheumatism routed from the system; nervous and sexual diseases quickly eured; no medicine equals electricity in efficacy; 12 years' practice in city.

733 South Broadway.

Cleaning and Dyeing.

Have your garments cleaned or dyed and renovated; also blankets, curtains and household goods, at reduced rates.

AMERICAN DYE WORKS

# Outing Tents

Don't be deceived into buying eastern made tents. A tent is some thing that should be substantial. If you'll come in we will show you just how ours are made. We have them in stock or made to order. You save made to order. You save two profits when you

"BUY OF THE MAKER," W. H. HOEGEE, 

STOLE HIS MOTHER'S HORSE. Then Sold it to Have a Good Tim Here.

Edgar McBride, 14 years old, and Henry Escavada, 18 years old, both of Montalvo, a village this side of Ven tura, were arrested last night by Deputy Constable Trice of Ventura on a charge of having stolen a horse. Both charge of having stolen a horse. Both boys admit the offense. According to the McBride boy, he suggested to Escavada that they steal a horse from McBride's mother and sell it before reaching Los Angeles. With the proceeds they intended to have a good time here. McBride is a stockily built boy, dressed in overalls, a slouch hat and boots. Escavada is a Mexican boy very much larger than his companion, but apparently not near so bright. McBride made no secret of his escapade, and willingly told a story of the events that transpired since he left home with his mother's horse last Thursday. "You see," the boy said, "Henry and me was stuck on seeing the town. It's no fun living in a small place all the time. So we went to mother's corral and got out a good horse, mounted her and rode off. That was Thursday night. We had a couple of dollars when we started, and Friday we stopped at Hueneme, to rest up all around. We rode off again the next morning, and Sunday we sold the horse to a rancher for \$5, but I don't know what town it was near to. After we sold the horse we got a ride of twenty miles on a lumber wagon, and the balance of the way to Los Angeles we walked. We were just going to the 'opry' house when the copper from Ventura nabbed us. Say, feller, this is a hot town, what I've seen of it, and Henry and I're sorry we can't have a better look at it. But the next time we come, we will."

Ventura is about 125 miles from here, and Hueneme is about thirty miles from Ventura toward this city. Subtracting the twenty miles the boys say they rode in a wagon, they must have walked seventy-five miles. The youngsters will be taken back to their homes today. In view of the fact that the horse belonged to McBride's mother, it is thought that they will not be prosecuted. boys admit the offense. According to

BROWNE'S OIL-BURNING FURNACE. for heating houses is a wonder, 1 to 2 cents an hour for cil. No. 123 East Fourth.

FREEHOLDERS MEET.

rganization for the Task of Draft. ing a Charter-Discussion of Salient Points in Reform-Old Charter May Be Entirely Aban-

The board of free holders, elected July

6. met in the Council chamber last evening, effected permanent organization by the election of a president, vice The members present were Messrs Cohen, Crutcher, Davisson, Groff, Haz-ard, Humphreys, Millard, Morgan, New-mark, O'Melveny, Stephens and Variel. Upon being called to order by tem-porary Chairman Groff, Mr. O'Melveny reported that the Council had appropriated \$600 to cover the expense of the freeholders' work, and was to fur-nish the present ward boundaries to the board for their guidance. Judge the board for their guidance. Judge Variel, chairman, reported for the Committee on Permanent Organization and Order of Business. The report provides for the officers and for fourteen subcommittees, consisting of three members each, to which all matters pertaining to the charter will be referred.

members each, to which all matters pertaining to the charter will be referred.

Mr. O'Melveny wanted a quorum to be nine members, instead of eight, but was outnumbered by his opponents.

The election of permanent officers resulted as follows: President, Maj. H. T. Lee; vice-president, A. M. Stephens: secretary, Maj. George N. Nolan. In the vote for president, H. T. Lee received six votes, H. M. Newmark one. A. M. Stephens three, L. A. Groff one, and H. T. Hazard one. The election of Judge Stephens for vice-president was unanimous. He took the chair, in the absence of Maj. Lee.

When it came to the election of secreary, the salary question was first brought up. Mr. Newmark favored \$50 per month; Mr. O'Melveny \$75 per month, while Mr. Humpareys and Mr. Hazard thought the work entailed demanded a first-class salary, and moved it be made \$100 per month. Finally, after considerable argument, the views of the latter prevailed, and it was voted \$100 per month. Five applications were read and the names placed in nomination, but before the vote Mr. Goudge withdrew his name. They were Herbert J. Goudge, George N. Nolan, M. T. Powell, F. K. Strahorn, F. D. Haddock, Maj. Nolan received eight votes, and his election was made unanimous.

In the absence of President Lee the applointment of the standing committees was laid over until the extended with will be to the standing committees was laid over until the extended.

In the absence of President Lee the appointment of the standing committees was laid over until the next meeting, which will be held Friday night. Secretary Nolan, in the mean time, will see if permanent headquarters can be secured in the City Hall, if not, in some other building, and the board will meet in the Council chamber, providing the consent of the Council is obtained. The places of assistant secretary and stenographer uture meeting. Judge Variel suggested that it was

mely to bring a few salient pro ons before the board, in order to oard take the present charter as a cundation for the new one, or would

it throw it away, and construct an entirely new one, as the law for the city? As for himself, he had some well-defined propositions, none of them, however, were as yet down to detail.

Mr. Hazard suggested that the board consider the suggestion that the fofficer in whom the appointment of commissions, etc., is vested, should not have the power to remove the appointee. He said he would stand for this point for the reason that some of the city's best citizens have been removed from office and from commissions for no reason whatever, and to the detriment of the city's interests.

Mr. Crutcher thought it a good idea to take the present charter as a basis, mark off all the dead matter, clear it of all dead-letter laws, and that which is not available and start on that structure. Not to make a charter which will be like the Constitution of the State of California, which not only makes the laws, but almost makes a code of civil procedure. The street-opening and improvement laws of the State were good ones and might be incorporated.

Judge Variel said there was a strong Sentiment in the city looking toward the diminishing of expense in the assessment and collection of taxes. Oakland has a charter, in use since 1889, which gives the county roll to the City Assessor after equalization, and the

sessment and collection of taxes. Oak-land has a charter, in use since 1889, which gives the county roll to the City Assessor after equalization, and the City Treasurer collects the taxes, act-ing as tax collector. He said he fav-ored such a section in the new charter. Mr. Millard said he wants members

of the Board of Education elected at large, paid a moderate salary, and elected so that the entire board shall not go out of office at the same time; in fact, he wants to have all boards and commissioners elected in this way. Messrs. Newmark, Stephens, Davisson and Humphreys think, with Mr. Millard, that boards and commissions shall be elected so that members should go out of office at different

times.
Mr. Hazard said he wanted some Mr. Hazard said he wanted some wholesome provision made whereby officers-elect can secure bonds from some one of the indemnity or surety companies, if desired, and the city pay a moderate sum as premium. This will a moderate sum as premium. This will do away with the "bondsmen pull" now in vogue in some places, wherein the bondsmen become such providing certain deputyships are promised to their friends. In this way "gangs"

their friends. In this way gauss keep in power.

Mr. Humphreys said he wanted dity elections to take place every four years instead of every two, as at present, the elections to alternate with the county elections. The board adjourned to meet next Friday night.

HORSE INJURES A BOY.

Tried to Get a Ball from Between the Animal's Feet.

Tommy Weiner, a three-year-old boy living at No. 207 East First street, was severely injured about the face by a horse last evening, while trying to get a ball that had rolled between the horse's hind feet. The accident oc-curred directly in front of the boy's curred directly in front of the boy's home. The little fellow in reaching for the ball, stooped so low that the left side of his face nearly touched the ground. The horse, in raising its foot and then bringing it back to the earth again, rather stepped on the lad's factor than kicked it. Tommy was brought to the Receiving Hospital by his father in a partly unconscious state. Police Surgeon Hagan found that he had a gash on his right cheek nearly four inches long, and penetrating to the check bone. The skin back of his right ear was badly lacerated and bruised. It was necessary to chloroform the boy while operating on him.

having stolen two watches and several other articles from William Dexter, entered a plea of not guilty yesterday, demanded a jury trial and will be heard Thursday morning, July 28, at 9:30 o'clock.

two boys complained of as duck and geese thieves, entered their plea of guilty yesterday afternoon and will come up for sentence this afternoon. The disturbing of the peace case against the three men who attempted to do up the driver of a hack for the Fashion Stables, and were in turn given a trouncing, were sentenced yesterday to pay fines as follows: G. W. Creaser, \$25; Charles Farrell, \$29; G. W. Summers, \$15.

A RUNAWAY ACCIDENT. Ralph Long Has His Left Ankle

Yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock Ralph Long, a young man about 17 years of age, who drives a delivery wagon for Long, Whitney & Co., was from the wagon at the corne of Fifth street and Central avenue, sus taining a compound fracture of the lef ankle, which will keep him in bed fo ankle, which will keep him in bed for some weeks to come. Young Long, who is a son of C. H. Long, ex-Police Commissioner, was turning the corner going toward the Arcade depot, when the tug broke, frightening the horse, which ran down Central avenue. The horse jumped again, breaking more of the harness, and dragging the young man from his seat. In falling he let go the lines, and in endeavoring to save his body, landed heavily on his left foot, turning it on one side and dislocating the small bones, while the patrol wagon was summoned and Long was taken to the Receiving Hospital, where Dr. Hagan set the fractured member, and made the sufferer as comfortable as possible.

#### CAPTURED IN DISGUISE.

MR. JACKSON-GOULD, THE JEW-ELER, IN THE TOILS.

of Helping to Swindle Rancher H. J. Loomis-Marcher. the Arch-Conspirator, not Yet Run Down-Dealings in Priceless

Charles A. Gould, accused of aiding Frank A. Marcher to work a gold-brick swindle upon H. J. Loomis, a Cucamonga rancher, was captured yes-terday by ex-United States Marshal Gard. He denied all connection with the crime with which he is charged, and boldly asserted his innocence of any knowledge of the arts of the bunco

man.

Gould is accused of having posed as
a jeweler last January, claiming to
have just arrived from Seattle, and
bearing the name of Jackson, and in this character of having secured from Loomis a loan of \$1100 upon a trunk-ful of brass watch cases and rings. Marcher, it is charged, "experted" the goods to convince Loomis that they were worth more than the amount of

were worth more than the amount of the loan. The allegation is that Marshal concocted the swindle and used Jackson as his stool pigeon. Mr. Jackson-Gould was discovered in the Somis lodging-house yesterday by Detective Gard. The detective sought the landlady, to whom Gould was married a month ago in Santa Barbara, and asked to see him. The woman declared he had gone to San Francisco. Gard asked to be admitted to the adjoining room.

"There's a lady in there," was the answer.

Gardrappedon the door several times. There was no response. "The lady must have gone out," said the detective, "but I believe there's a man in there."

Still he was refused admittance, so the detective departed—ostensibly—but in reality hid close at hand. Ten minutes later out came the detective's prey, dressed in a new suit of clothes, a new hat and a new pair of shoes, and with his mustache shaved off. Gard accosted him, and, after listening to his declarations that he was not Gould nor Jackson, and that he knew nothing of Mercher's business dealings, escorted the man to his office and read a warrant to him charging him with felony. The prisoner sent for Attorney Walter Rose and went in search of the 31100 bail required by Justice Sexton of Ballona township.

Marcher has stolen a march upon the police and melted into thin air. The man spotted by a conductor on an east-bound Southern Pacific train Sunday night, proved to be some one else than the fugitive, and the detectives are still chasing the wind.

Marcher's Los Angeles record is most unsavory. He formerly operated the Rival Jewelry store on South Broadway. The detectives allege that the revolving lights before his door were there as a cabalistic sign to thieves that stolen goods could there be sold in safety.

Marcher was a genius as a swindler. No one of commonplace ability could have played the part which he took in a safe of bogus gems to Charles R.

No one of commonplace ability have played the part which he to a sale of bogus gems to Charl Fletcher of Boston, a chemical neer and expert metallurgist. Mr. Fletcher is State Assays Ores and Metals for Massachu

Mr. Fletcher is State Assayer of Ores and Metals for Massachusetts, and was formerly lecturer on metallurgy in Boston University. While visiting in Los Angeles, he dropped into Macher's store and examined his stock of jewels. The bunco man discoursed with the enthusiasm of a connoisseur upon the history of his stones, their fine points, the mines in Mexico and Arizona, from which they came, and like fascinating details. Fletcher listened entranced, and, admiring the heauty of the western gems, bought \$175 worth as a memento of his trip to California.

On arriving in the East he showed the stones to Shreve, Crump & Low, eastern jewelers, and to T. T. Bouvé, the iron merchant, an eminent authority on gems. Both pronounced the stones fine imitations, but worth only one-fifteenth what they had cost the

ne-fifteenth what they had cost th

one-fifteenth what they had cost the Boston man.

The alleged gems were bits of glass, colored with metallic oxides, such as those of manganese and cobalt, and, though interesting examples of the misguided skill of Parislan workmen, as jewels they were worthless.

Vain attempts were made to recover the stolen money, but Marcher shifted the responsibility to the shoulders of his brother, who had another jewelry store, and he shifted it back again, and, despairing of bringing the culprit to justice, Fietcher decided to forget the whole business.

## TIMES PREMIUMS.

Story of Cuba-Atlases and Colored Pictures of Battleships.

The Times offers the following premiums:

f. "The Story of Cuba," a fine 660-page
volume by Murat Haistead, given with every
prepaid yearly subscription. Cash price at

the counter, 42.

II. Two hundred official photographs of the
United States Navy, with every prepaid threemonths' subscription. Price at counter, 25 ents per copy.

III. Rand, McNally's small war maps.

months such that the person of the skin back of his right ear was badly lacerated and bruised. It was necessary to chloroform the boy while operating on him.

Police Court Notes.

Jack McCloskey, who is charged with having stolen two watches and several other articles from William Dexter, entered a plea of not guilty yesterday, demanded a jury trial and will be heard Thursday morning, July 28, at 9:20 o'clock.

James Gray and Angelo Patrick, the Taxing was badly lacerated and bruised.

ARE THERE MANY?

So they talk to me. I have plenty of sympathy in my defection from Populating to him extra sympathy in my defection from Populating to him every three-months' prepaid subscription to The Times. Price at counter, 25 cents.

IV. A set of eight elegant colored pictrics of battleships of the United States Navy, free with every six-months' prepaid subscription to the daily. This complete set can be had at the counter for 50 cents cash.

WATCHES cleaned, 75c: mainsprings, 50c; crystals, 16c: Patton, No. 114 South Broadway.

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"ARE THERE MANY?

Telephone Company Pays the Tax.

So they talk to me. I have plenty of sympathy in my defection from Population of the clearage in the part of the doubt and pattorn of Sacramento. I do not know yet of some who will not. But besides these than that who will be the should pay the covernment of the revenue law as to the following series.

WATCHES cleaned, 75c: mainsprings, 50c; cents

## DEM-POP CONVENTION,

A disgruntled and disgusted member of the ancient Democracy thus pours forth his woes to a sympathetic world through the medium of The Times: s what the fellow

"All things come to him who walts and I have waited. Well, things are coming my way.

did it with too much confidefines dispatch. In spite of my defection two years ago. I have retained a pleasant, friendly relation—with many of my old-time Democratic associates. And often discuss things with them, particularly so in the last few days. It is pleasant to talk about this Sacramenjo convention, and its present results with possible results to develop later. For the edification of many, a few sample talks are here set down. No names will be given, for that would be to betray confidences. But the reader can imagine some of those who speak. They are all genuine talks with my friends. Let each head stand for a voter.

LET POPULISTS MAKE THE dispatch. In spite of my defe

LET POPULISTS MAKE THE TICKET.

"Do you think I am going to stand by this? Shall a lot of rank Populists get together and make a platform for us, put a ticket of their choosing on it and then say to the Democrats of California 'there is your platform; there is your ticket. You must accept the principles and vote for the ticket. Well I will not stand such medicine as that. I wish I had done as you did, get out of the party two years ago and save my self-respect.

NO MORE EDUCATION.

"Now see here. This has gone far nough. In Cleveland's first term he invented the phrase, 'a campaign education.' He sprang his great tariff message on the country. It was not wholly a new idea by any means. There were two years to discuss it in all its bearings. The country was full of tariff literature. The campaign echoed with the discussion of "free raw material," and "the markets of the material," and "the markets of the world," Welf, he went down ignominious defeat in that attempt

Iree silver is to be subordinate to more new-fangled principles which are brought to the front. Perhaps Maguire's 'single-tax' idea is all right. Perhaps the 'Initiative and referendum' business is a great reform. I know very little about either of them, and I known quite as much as most people I talk to about these matters. But right or wrong, I want no more attempts at playing keep school in politics with a new campaign of education. These principles, as I say, are little understood. People will be perplexed again with the babel of discussion and we will lose.

"What do I want? Get a Democratic convention together, ignore the Populists and their candidate and put up anyone. Old Jim Budd, if you like, and let us die at least as bravely as the Spaniards under our own colors.

SINGLE TAX AMONG THE PEOPLE.

SINGLE TAX AMONG THE PEOPLE. "Now just let us look at it this way: faguire is a known single taxer. Pop-lists, cranks and people who do not operty escapes taxation. Your land valued at its full worth. Your land valued at its full worth. Your imporements cost \$1900, all told, and ere are not taxes. But where you cape on \$1000 the railroad escapes on ndreds of millions. Or in the city. A or man owns a lot worth \$500, with home worth \$750. The house is not as house and lot bear under the esent system. He escapes nothing valuation, and his rates are five ness as great. But the Wilcox Block valued at \$500 a foot for the ground, if its value, and nothing for the impovements. Educate the plain people it to that that. Not in a life time, nor er.'

AN UNPOPULAR MAN.

AN UNPOPULAR MAN.

"Elect Maguire? Not by any means.
Mr. Maguire is a Populist, and the
Populist know him, and know what he
is. They made the platform to suit
themselves, and they got a man who
is perfectly fit to stand on it. Populism is unpopular in America. It is a
weight around the neck of the Democratic platform, if platforms have
necks. There are certain popular aspirations in the hearts of the American people at this time. Mr. Maguire
is doubly unpopular in running counter to these aspirations. I am a member of a little Democratic club. There
are only a dezen of us. We took a vote
last week on the annexation of Havali. Ten voted for it, two against it.
Mr. Maguire is unalterably opposed to it.

wail. Ten voted for it, two against it. Mr. Maguire is unalterably opposed to it. The people are for the war. They are for it heart and soul. Before it began Mr. Maguire opposed it. After it was on Mr. Maguire opposed it. After it was on Mr. Maguire opposed it. When the Spanish merchant ships were captured he declared it was an act of piracy. I suppose he would like to hang the men who made the capture. Above all places California is for the war, for the annexation of islands, and of all the islands Spain owns in the Pacific and Atlantic. Mr. Maguire is heartily opposed to every thing the people of this State favor, and I am not fool enough to dream we can elect him on a platform constructed by cranks, and containing only the ideas of cranks. What will I do? I do not know. Do nothing probably. I surely will not march with that gang, under that banner.

ARE THERE MANY?

#### APPEAL TO M'KINLEY.

THE SEVENTH REGIMENT.

sociation Telegraphs to Prest-dent McKinley Asking That the Regiment Be Sent to the Phil-

The people of Los Angeles have symre. The long detention of the ment in San Francisco has given to much dissatisfaction, for the ling has been general that the Sevin was entitled to a share in the ory that may yet be won by our oops in the Philippines.

As an expression of the strong sentihent that prevails upon this subject, he Merchants' and Manufacturers' As-ociation met yesterday and prepared McKinley: ANGELES (Cal.,) July 18, 1898.

o the President of the United s, Washington, D. C.: At a meeting he Merchants' and Manufacturers' clation of Los Angeles, the followng resolutions were unanimously assed and ordered submitted to Your Excellency, with the urgent request hat favorable action may be taken at

"Whereas, the Seventh Regiment of California Volunteers was among the first to respond to the call to arms in the defense of our country; and, whereas, the said regiment was the first thoroughly equipped body to report for duty at San Francisco; and, whereas, said regiment is in every respect the equal to any regiment that has been ordered for active duty to the Philippine Islands; and, whereas, other regiments that have been transported from the Far East have been designated for said duty; and, whereas, the said California regiment through its officers and men has expressed a strong desire and determination to defend and uphold the honor of our flag in active service, but has as yet received no orders to proceed to Manila, notwithstanding over two months have elapsed since the regiment was mustered into the United States army,

"Resolved, by the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association that the above facts be at once submitted to the President of the United States with the urgent request that the said Seventh Regiment of California be given an opportunity to fight for the Stars and Stripes, and be included in the next assignment of troops to the Philippine Islands.

ent of troops to the Philippine Islands. 'Merchants' and Manufacturers' Asso.

FRED L. BAKER, "F. J. ZEEHANDELAAR.

#### THE TIMES PRIZE CONTEST.

Now is the time, boys and girls, for rou to do your electioneering. That means for you to get all your friends to vote early and often that you may win one of The Times' prizes. The voting coupons will appear each day voting coupons will appear each day until August 1. All who wish to vote must do so before that date. On the uppper line write the name of the child for whom you wish to vote; on the lower line write the name of the school and town. Cut out the vote, fill it in and mail it to the "Prize Contest Editor."

number of votes each has received. Now see how many more of you can catch up, and if anybody can beat this number in the next ten days:

THE BOYS IN BLUE. We watched the boys go marching by, Mid cheering and flags flying high; They may be hot, and dusty, and tired, But their hearts with patriotism are fired.

Hurrah! hurrah! for the boys in blue, Hurrah! hurrah! for the boys so true, Let's give them three cheers as they proudly march by. While "Remember the Maine" is our battle-

V.

The American flag is floating o'er you, And boys in blue, whatever you do. Try to keep this flag pure and bright, And carry it safely through the fight.

" VI. May you all come back, brave boys so true, For your mothers will often be thinking of You,
Your mothers, and fathers, and sisters and
brothers, will all be thinking of boys so
dear.
And they'll not forget you, so have no fear.

VII.

March on, march on, brave boys in blue,
And don't let anything daunt you,
But march right on through the thickest fight,
For remember you're fighting for the right. VIII.

You are bound for Manila over the deep,
And the mothers who watch you will sorrow
and weep,
But God will protect you, ch soldiers brave,
And carry you safely o'er every wave. IX.

A cheery goodby now, boys in blue, And when I think of Manila, I'll think of you, And remember you responded to your country's call, So farewell, brave soldiers, farewell all.

THE TIMES PRIZE CONTEST VOTE.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,

## Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

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HARRY CHANDLER......Vice President and General Manager. L. B. MOSHER ..... Managing Editor. MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER. ALBERT McFARLAND Treasurer Office: Times Building, First and Broadway Telephones: Countine Room and Subscription Department, first floor ....

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#### THE WAR SITUATION.

Below are summarized the more important developments of yesterday in the war situation:

Gen. Miles leaves Cuba for Porto Rico with four batteries of artillery the company, and the offer has been and a few other troops.

The 13,000 troops at Tampa to be transported to Porto Rico as soon as possible.

Gen. Shafter's brigade to remain at Santiago. Difficulty in informing Spanish

troops outside of Santiago city that they have been surrendered.

The government to take immediate steps to collect revenue at Santiago. President McKinley issues a docu-

ment containing rules for the government of the captured city. C. P. Huntington consults with Sec-

retary Alger in reference to the transportation of troops from Camp Thomas and Camp Alger to the sea-

Congressman Lewis of the State of Washington informed by "high government officials" that no more troops will be sent to the Philippines, except in case of an unexpected emergency.

Forces at Camp Merritt thinning out. Troops go aboard the Pennsyl-

### AN OBVIOUS MISAPPREHENSION.

THE TIMES, in its issue of Sunday morning, among other matter bearing on the waterworks question, printed the substance of an interview had with H. Jevne, in which that gentlemade some statements that should not be permitted to go unchallenged, as they create a distinctly Company has to sell, and the actual In the course of his remarks Mr. Jevne said:

"If the city would treat fairly with the water company there would be no difficulty in settling the matter. The offer which the city has made to the company is much too low in my opin-lon. Would any careful business man. owning such property, take such an offer? I would not. It may be unpopular to say this, but it is the truth. the city will only offer what is fair and reasonable, I believe the company will accept it at once. This is not a matter which should fall through a difference of a few hundred thousand dollars. The city offers \$1,300,000, and the company demands \$3,000.00 there is a medium betweeen these two amounts which could be decided upon; which would be satisfactory to the company and which the city could well afford to pay. Do you think that an individual owning property which is giving the same returns as the company of the country of pany's investment, would be willing to take such a sum? If an individual would not take it, how can a corpora-tion be expected to accept such an offer? I have great confidence in the Council's ability to settle the matter, but if they would do so they must offer more than has beeen offered."

If the city has shown any disposition to treat otherwise than fairly with the water company, the fact is not anparent in any of the propositions and communications between the city's representatives and those of the com-The offer which the city has made for the company's property was based on a detailed and carefully prepared estimate, or inventory, of the property which the city is expected to acquire. This estimate was compiled under the direction of the City Engineer, by expert civil engineers employed for that particular purpose. The investigations of these experts extended over a period of several weeks, and included actual examination into condition of several miles pipes, and careful inspection the water company's entire The reports of the experts employed to assist the City Engineer company's property, but the cost of the barbarism of bull-fights.

duplicating the same with entirely new machinery and appliances. The total value of the water company's installation at the time the City Engineer's report was submitted (July 26, 1897.) was found to be \$1,203,250. Of this amount, property to the value of \$12,595 was not needed by the city for waterworks or other purposes, leaving the actual value, to the city, of the company's property, \$1,190,655. cost of duplicating the company's plant with new material throughout was found by detailed estimates, based on the market prices of materials and

Since the City Engineer's report of a charge. The postage on this number year ago was submitted, the water company has made some extensions of pipes and some additions of other kinds to its equipment, as shown by its itemized account, presented to the Council a few weeks ago. These additions bring the present value of the plant (taking no account of a year's deterioration) up to about \$1,300,000, which amount the city has tendered to

> refused by that corporation. It should be borne in mind that all the water company really has to sell to the city is a lot of second-hand material, consisting of pipes, ma-chinery, reservoirs, etc. The company has neither franchise nor good-will to dispose of. In point of fact the city owns its water supply and its water system, and the ownership thereof has never passed from the city. The water company merely leased these utilities, and is bound to turn them over to the city at the expiration of the lease, the city being bound to pay for the improvements made by the company, and for nothing more. This the city is willing to do whenever the company is willing to accept a fair price for the same.

> It is a serious misapprehension to uppose that the present value of the water company's property is dependent upon its earning capacity in the past. With the lapse of the lease, the earning capacity of the property lapses. as the company has no right thereafter either to deliver water in the city or to collect water rates. No matter how large the profits may have been in the past, the present value of its installation is the value of the second-hand material of which it is composed, and no more.

Is there any reason in the world why the city of Los Angeles should pay more for the water mains, machinery, etc., belonging to the water company, than it would cost to duplicate the entire plant with new machinery, mains, etc.? The whole issue wrong impression as regards the property which the Los Angeles City Water tual value of the company's plant has been carefully determined by disinterested expert investigation, and the city has made a liberal offer to the company, based upon the detailed in ventory of the experts. It is manifestly unfair, therefore, to accuse the city of dealing or attempting to deal unjustly with the water company. The city is willing to meet the company half way in any amicable arrange ment. It proposes to abide by the terms of the contract, and if litigation ensues it will be the fault of the com pany, not of the city. There is but little doubt that the city will win its case in the chourts in the long run, though the law's delays may prove somewhat vexatious and expensive. It is necessary, however, to know just where the city's rights begin and end in this matter. If we have got to fight the thing out in the courts, there can be no time better than the present

> There is certainly neither desire nor disposition on the part of the citizens of Los Angeles to undervalue the property of the water company. If the correctness of the City Engineer figures is seriously questioned it might be well to have them reviewed by a commission of engineers, in order that they may be verified or corrected, as the case may be. If the water company's property is worth more than it appears from the City Engineer's figures to be worth, more should be paid by the city. With this proposition every fair-minded man must agree. We do not wish to defraud the water company of a penny which is justly its due. On the other hand, we do not wish to pay more than the property is worth. The city wants nothing more than simple justice, and will be satisfied with nothing less.

to set the machinery of the law in

Our troubles will not end when we have subjugated the Spanish possessions. We will be compelled to open schools of self-government therein, in were entirely disinterested, and cov- which shall be taught the doctrines of ered not only the actual value of the civilization, as in contradistinction to

THE COUNCIL STANDS PAST.

At yesterday's session of the City
Council all pending propositions relating to the water question were laid aside, and it was made apparent beyond all doubt that the Council intends to proceed steadily and unfalteringly to the accomplishment of muni-cipal ownership of the water system, in accordance with the expressed will of the people.

The Council is to be congratulated upon the firmness of its position on this question. The time for decisive action is close at hand, and it is vitally essential that there shall be no wavering, no weakness, no disposition to temporize. The city's rights must be maintained firmly and at all hazards. If we must go into the courts to defend our right to possess that which belongs to us, well and good. The city has right and justice on its side in this controversy, and there can be no reasonable doubt that it will be victorious in the end.

The City Attorney presented, at yes terday's Council session, an ordinance to provide for and regulate the management of the municipal water system, after the city has acquired possession of the same. This was a wise precaution, and the adoption of the ordinance will place the city in a position to go ahead with the management of the waterworks in a systematic and efficient manner, so soon as the system comes into possession of the city.

On Friday of this week, (July 22,) the thirty-years' lease of the water system to the Los Angeles City Water Company win expire. The precise means which will be employed to enable the city to regain possession of the vater system, in case possession is refused by the company, have not been disclosed. But the city's representatives are acting under the best of legal advice, and there is no reason to doubt that the city's interests will be protected, so far as possible, at every point.

The outcome, beyond question, will e satisfactory and advantageous to the city. In the meantime, the City Council is to be commended for its firm attitude, and the people are to be congratulated upon the fact that municipal control and ownership of the water system is in sight.

THE NEW BANKRUPTCY LAW.

In the excitement attendant upon the war, comparatively little attention has been paid to the recent passage by Congress of a most important measure, which the business men of the United States have been struggling to obtain for several years. This is the new federal bankruptcy law, which has received the signature of President McKinley and will go into effect on Monday, the 1st of August. As the enactment of such a law by Congress was for the purpose of making bankruptcy proceedings uniform throughout the States of the Union, the present State law will consequently die a natural death with the expiration of this month in accordance with the provisions of the federal constitution.

In two particulars the new law is radically different from the present one. In the first place insolvency proceedings will hereafter find no place in the superior courts: in this section all such matters being heard in the Circuit Court. This will consequently make the fees in all insolvency cases higher, for the federal fees are much greater than those of the State court.

Another important clause in the aw, and a good one, is similar to the law prevailing in some European countries, where bankrupts have to pay a fair percentage of their indebtedness before they can obtain a discharge from court. In some European countries this percentage is placed as high as 40 per cent. The new United States law fixes the figure at 33 1-3 per cent, which is certainly one ceptional cases that a debtor who rs honest and anything of a business man cannot settle for a third of his idebtedness.

## ANOTHER CONVENTION FOR LOS AN-

From news lately received, it is conclusively settled that Los Angeles will be favored with the National Educational Convention of 1899. The selection of this city for the convention was brought about through the efforts of Prof. Foshay, who left here for Washington, D. C., on the first of the month, armed with strong invitations from the Chamber of Commerce Board of Trade, Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, Board of Supervisors, City Council, Board of Education and several fruit associations also letters from educational and public officials throughout the State, all setting forth the advantages of Los Angeles as a convention city.

This is the fourth attempt to get the orvention. Last year the committee sent on was too large; this time it seems to have been effective.

These conventions carry with them more than ordinary weight. Besides delegates, many friends and tourist take advantage of the low rates, swelling the attendance to many times the number of actual workers. This is what Los Angeles wants. At San Francisco in 1888, 5000 strangers came overland. In 1895 Buffalo claims to have had 10,000, in 1896 Denver 15,000 in 1897 Milwaukee 10,000, in 1898 Washington 10,000. Los Angeles can safely count on from 5000 to 8000 visitors, which, added to the local educational people, will swell the number

to nearly 10,000.

The problem that now confronts our citizens is how to accommodate them. Shall we build a convention hall, or use our present facilities, and have the meetings divided up in sec tions? One complaint from Milwaukee was that the convention hall was too large, so that the audience

could not hear the speakers.

The guestions should be carefully

considered, in good time, by our public-spirited citizens, in order that the coming convention may be thoroughly ccessful, and add to the good reputation which Los Angeles has already

earned as a convention city. CHEAP LIVING IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The low cost of living in the Phillippine Islands will be a surprise and an attraction to Americans who go there, and may tempt many of them to prolong their stay. An American, writing from Manila, tells of what it costs him and a friend to live there in good style. They had a good house with about ten rooms, including bathroom, and a garden with an iron fence around it. The cook served dinner every evening for four, in order to be prepared for guests. At the end of the nonth the total expense, including house rent, wages of three servants, food, drink, ice and light, amounted to only \$29 each for the two Amer-The same writer says that icans. good servants in Manila get from \$8 to \$10 Mexican money per month, or from \$4 to \$5 in American gold.

At this rate an American veteran with a pension of \$8 per month, American money, could live in good style in the Philippine Islands. But then there is a dark lining to this cloud With such a climate as the Philippines "enjoy" during a large part of the year, many Americans would prefer to live in California on "beans straight," and cook for themselves, rather than have chicken pre pared by a native cook in Manila.

The boys of the Seventh Regiment will not improve their chances for going to the front by an unseemly exhibition of chagrin. The good soldier takes his medicine, no matter how unpalatable the dose and obedience to orders is frequently extremely trying, but there is nothing else for the man in the military service of his country to do. The man who serves in Callfornia is just as good a soldier, just as brave, just as worthy of honor, as the man who charged up the bulletswept slope at La Quasina. The patriot who offers himself to his counountry for enlistment can do no more when he has done this he should be patient, uncomplaining and obedient, no matter what service be demanded of him. Let us hope that our gallant boys of the splendid Seventh will not prejudice their case by exhibiting impatience, and let them remember that everything comes to him who waits.'

The City Council stands fast in the rifle pits for municipal ownership of the water plant, but a host of howlers who have for many months been yawping for that same thing have gone over to a proposition for a new fifty-year lease, body, boots and breeches. It would be interesting to know just what this change of front on the part of the yawping press and the blatant mountebanks has cost somebody. Meanwhile, let the fact not be overlooked that the cause of municipal ownership is moving straight ahead. The action of the Council in tabling all propositions looking to private control of the city's water meet with the approval of all good

California is strictly in evidence in this war. The Olympia, which did the big end of the fighting at Manila, was built in California; the first American wounded on Cuban soil was a California newspaper correspondent: the star ship in the fleet that destroyed Spain's armada in front of Santiago the magnificent Oregon, was con-Kittrick, of Gen. Shafter's staff, who raised the Stars and Stripes over Santiago, is a Californian. There are other California features about the movements on the enemy's works, but these examples are enough to bear us of the Golden West is at the same end of the procession occupied by the hand, as usuai.

The action of the Populist City Central Committee, and that of the Democratic mass meeting, in declaring against the Kessler proposition and in favor of municipal ownership, was al right. But this action would have had considerably more prestige if it had een taken while the Kessler propo sition was pending, instead of after that proposition had been laid aside by the Council.

The correspondent of the London News, who telegraphs his paper from Gibraltar that it has been arranged to elect Blanco president of Cuba, after peace has been declared, should either change his beverage or hie him to an asylum for the feeble-minded. When Blanco is elected president of free Cuba, Cervera's fleet will be raised from the deep, and transformed into air ships.

We are glad to hear that Irving M. Sectt has secured a big contract to construct ships of war for Russia, but we trust he will build them a little less swift and strong than those turned out for our own navy. We should greatly dislike to see replicas of the Oregon sailing under some other anner than the one that bears a flock of stars in a field of blue.

The London Times, our highly esteemed namesake and contemporary, thinks a joint British and American protectorate over the Philippines is about the proper caper, but we are probably quite big enough and able enough to do whatever protecting is necessary in the premises. Should we need assistance, of course, our Uncle Sam will ask for it.

We trust the soldiers we are sending home to Epain will not have to fight their way ashore. If they do they will feel the loss of their guns more keenly than they did when called upon

to stack them between the lines. have an idea that their reception by the Spanish people is not going to be the most enthusiastic in the world.

That was a great, if belated, story that came over the wires vesterday of the Oregon's beautiful work in assisting at the obsequies of Cervera's fleet, but it's a story that will bear elling again and yet again. Glorious country, glorious flag, glorious Yankee tars, glorious battleship Oregon!

According to a Madrid dispatch, "the rise in the price of necessaries is caus ing effervescence" in Valencia, Seville, and other cities of Spain. This is really bad. There is no reason to fear that if the dons should get to effervescing too violently they may slop over.

The water company has secured an injunction against the city, but it is barely possible that this is a game that two can play at. There are other ways of killing a calf than by choking him to death with butter.

Bread riots are rife in Spain, the poor old thing; and Weyler is still alive on the soil of that country This combination of horrors is a trifle too much for any country to stand.

In the light of the developments of the past few days at Santiago, one cannot but wonder what Dickie Davis thinks of himself and his asinine kicks at everything, by this time.

It is clearly apparent that Spain will not succumb until she has been jolted a few more times. Therefore gentlemanly sailors and soldiers, pre pare your jolters.

If Spain doesn't wake up to a realization of the situation presently she is likely to become resolved into nothing more than an unpleasant recollec-

Capt. Cook of the Brooklyn is sure hat the Infanta Maria Teresa can be saved. The Yankee navy will be greatly pleased to adopt the founder-

A picture of Moro Castle, with the Flag of the Free rippling above it in the tropical breezes is another thing that the world has to be thankful for

There is a hiatus in the proceedings

at Santiago. We do not appear to nave received Dickie Davis's approval of the terms of surrender. The Democracy that has been caved

lown the bank by Kessler & Co. are trying to climb up again, but the "toe holts" are mighty poor.

Perhaps Madrid would be more clamorous for peace were that city not out of range of the Oregon's 13-inch warm babies.

Gen. Toral complains that he had secret troubles in addition to the ones in plain sight. We do not wonder he

there is much to be accomplished yet before we are even with Weyler and Blanco. The Spanish batteries in the forts at

The Maine has been avenged, but

Santiago were found to be like many other things Spanish-a good deal of Nothing that ever previously waved

over Santiago de Cuba looked quite so gloriously beautiful as Old Glory. If Spain is wise she will attach some

hawsers to her bull-fighting old pen nsula or she may loose that also. On to Porto Rico, is a very good

watchword while we are resting after

the arduous duties at Santiago. Zola and Cervera have much in common just now, the poor old chaps.

## LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

[The Times freely publishes the views of The times irrely publishes the view of correspondents on timely topics, without holding itself responsible for opinions thus expressed. Letters should be brief, plainly written, clear in statement and properly vouched for. No attention is paid to anonymous contributions. Cut it short; the space of 250 words, on the average, is sufficient for the expression of an idea. When the contributions are too long for insertion in full, extracts will be printed.]

Municipal Ownership and "Civil Service."

N. P. CONREY, Los Angeles: Many citizens who believe that in theory the ribution is correct express a fear that are not capable of safe and hones administration. They would hesitate about any increase of public responsi-bilities, because they see in such development of public local government an increase of plunder for political Timid citizens are the sport of spoils-

men. Stay-at-home taxpayers are the dearly-loved meat of the bosses. If our city would profit by a public water system, well administered, then the city ought to go forward boldly along the path upon which it has entered. We should never give up our faith that as a progressive American community we shall be able to conquer all difficulties that hinge upon the presence of integrity in the management of our affairs. The people are the source from which public affairs derive their character. If under our free institutions we continue to be a people substantially capable, we shall have full right to expect that our government will stand all the strain that may come upon it in the performance of its legitimate administrative labors. Everywhere, from township up to State and nation, this fact must exist. Los Angeles ought to enter upon the new century under a charter containing full recognition of the principles of civil-service leagues, in spite of the anticivil-service leagues, in spite of the organized opposition of machine politicians, the grand cause of civil-service reform. In spite of the anticivil-service leagues, in spite of the organized opposition of machine politicians, the grand cause of civil-service reform goes on. It is being established in our laws, it is rooted in the tearts of the people. To it are committed all of the great political parties. A little while ago it was announced from Washington that the national civil-service law would be repealed, but it still stands. The nearer future of our country is in the hands of the Republicant the hands of the Republicant to cause a prompt approval of his place. nen. Stay-at-home taxpayers are the

tion, in its hour of greatest triumph have dared to do that which, in the history of our country, would have read as a step toward barbarism. Let the spoilsmen and the timid citizen both read Spanish history, and profit thereby. Let each of them understand the cause of our victories , and that will help them to stand side by side for good government.

# The Mayhouses

ORPHEUM. Although there are new things in the bill at this theater this veek, and good things galore in a vau deville way, it is left to the Four Co-hans to make the great big hit—a hi which keeps the house shricking with laughter and booming with applause throughout their entire act. Their sketch this week is called "Running for Office," and, in addition to the unique terpsichorean features introduced by the winsome and graceful Miss Helen, and the eccentricities of "Brother George," contains the ele-ments of genuine comedy in big meas-ure. There is a real plot in the breezy

ments of genuine comedy in big measure. There is a real plot in the breezy skit, and the clever quartette make the most of every line and of every farcical situation. No better and brighter bit of good clean fooling has ever been presented on the boards of the Orpheum. It is a whole show in itself.

Jones, Grant and Jones are a coon team of newcomers who "caught on" with a swift whirl. The male Jones of the team is a chunky bit of a darky, who has a mouth that would shame the famous facial opening of Billy Kersands, and he does a turn at acial gymnastics with his "Get Your Money's Worth" that beggars description. The skit the trio presents is full of rollicking humor, good dancing and coon didoes characteristic of this rollicking and devil-may-care race.

skit the trio presents is full of rollicking humor, good dancing and coon didoes characteristic of this rollicking and devil-may-care race.

Charles Wayne, an old favorite, is back with a lot of new gags, songs and funny stories, and his familiar but funny feats of tumbling, all of which were in big favor last night.

Anna Caldwell, the singing soubrette who has been seen here before, presents something new in the way of songs, and transforms one of Lew Dockstadter's coon melodies into a topical patriotic ditty which is very successful. Tim Murphy presents his character impersonations without the assistance of the make-up box or change of costumes, and offers a number of new bits that are very taking. Mr. Murphy's work is genuinely artistic, and he never fails to meet the reward of applause given with lavish generosity. Douglas and Ford, in their lively song-and-dance turn: the Judges, with their difficult acrobatic feats, and the Watson sisters and Zamora, complete the bill.

The management of the Orpheum prints in the programme this week a stanza of "The Star Spangled Banner," and invites the audience to stand up and help in the singing. The lower floor audience took the hint last night, and made the welkin ring, but patriotism and enthuisasm is, from all appearances, extremely scattering in the balcony and gallery—in marked contrast with the way the national air is honored in San Francisco and elsewhere throughout the country, where everybody in the house rises the moment the first bar of the-grand old tune is played. As a finale to this feature last night the curtain was raised displaying Old Glory, the flag of Cuba Libre and the flag of Hawaii grouped together as a curtain, the trio of colors illuminated with red fire, and saluted by a noisy explosion of bombs. This patriotic exhibition was greeted with great enthusiasm. The same bill goes all the week.

LOS ANGELES THEATER.

LOS ANGELES THEATER. A change in the style of opera has been adopted by the Carl Martens Opera Company, which opened last night with "The Privateer." This opera is adapted from "Paul Jones," and modified in some degree. It is a patriotic American opera of the time of the revolution, and is full of catchy airs. The scene is at first laid in Salem, the home of Paul Morand, as the famous buccaneer is named in this arrangement of the opera. Paul is a reckless ne'er-do-weel who loves the ward of a wealthy merchant. He is driven away by the unsympathetic guardian and goes to sea in search of fortune. In four years he returns, only to be captured by a British officer, who is his rival for the hand of Lila. He is taken to Nassau, where he escapes through a lucky confusion ish officer, who is his rival for the hand of Lila. He is taken to Nassau, where he escapes through a lucky confusion of identities with the very man who had first driven him to embark in his career of piracy. His ship is chased by a British frigate, but he repels the boarding party by the novel method of sending them adrift in barrels, and comes off victor in the skirmish which follows. The role of Paul Morand is sung by Miss Linck, who makes an exceedingly natty and handsome jackle in her smart uniform. Miss Gooch is daintily pretty as Lila, the girl for whose sake Paul becomes a pirate bold. The part of Mrs. Kerbynew, who first opposes and then champions the cause of Paul and Lila, is sung very well by Miss Strang, who received a cordial welcome and many flowers from friends in the audience. Mire Delamotta sings the comedy role of Kerbynew, and the low comedy parts of Pather Bernard and Little Pete are taken by Mr. Rattenberry and Mr. Smith. Jules Simonsen has the tenor role of Capt. Thompson, the English officer who is Paul's rival. Mr. Semler sings the part of the Governor of Nasau, and Charles Dubois that of John Mark, an old privateer.

Violet Dale has a specialty which is

teer.
Violet Dale has a specialty which is extremely pretty, though rather an anachronism as a part of this particu-lar opera. She bounds out upon the stage dresed in the national color, lar opera. She bounds out upon the stage dresed in the national color, and carrying a Cuban flag, and sings in a very sweet contraito voice a patri-otic song which should make a hit as a vaudeville turn. The song is followed by some clever toe dancing, and the whole pretty turn called forth a hearty encore.

encore. Next Thursday evening a benefit performance of "The Privateer" will be given for Manager H. C. Wyatt, who has used every effort to provide Los Angeles with standard operas during the summer, when there is a dearth of the usual attractions that crowd the Los Angeles Theater.

#### POLITICS.

Henry T. Gage's candidacy for the Republican nomination for Governor is the chief topic of interest in local po-litical circles. He has headquarters at the Hollenbeck and headquarters at litical circles. He has headquarters at the Hollenbeck, and has entered upon an active campaign, which has opened the eyes of some of his opponents, as to his real strength. It is already unmistakable that he will have strong support throughout this city and county, to say nothing of other parts of the State. He is daily receiving fresh ac-

published that Mr. Gage is practically without newspaper support. In view of without newspaper support. the fact that a majority of the Repub-

the fact that a majority of the Republicans papers of this county are already committed to his candidacy, the assertion is rather amusing.

Mr. Gage was asked yesterday who was managing his campaign in Southern California. He replied with emphasis: "Nobody is managing my fight but Henry T. Gage."

In view of the public discussion as to the most desirable method of electing delegates to the State convention, Mr. Gage was asked for his views upon the subject. He replied: "Whatever the people want is eminently satisfactory to me. The will of the peome should control, and I have no preference for any particular method."

The Executive Committee of the Re-

The Executive Committee of the Republican State Central Committee will meet at San Francisco on Friday, July 22, and the full committee will meet on the day following. At the latter meeting the date and place of the Republican State Convention will be fixed. It is expected that the committee will decide to hold the convention at Sacramento on August 25.

H. A. Barclay of the Fourth Ward is a candidate for the Republican nomination for District Attorney. He is well known in Los Angeles, having practiced law in this city for the past twenty-three years.

The fight for the Republican nomination for Sheriff is the most interesting contest in County politics. Burr is easily in the lead, though some of the other candidates are putting up a good fight. J. L. Starr of the Fifth Ward has come out as a declared candidate and his candidacy is well received. He has lived in the county for the past eleven years and has always taken an active interest in Republican success.

Prof. C. W. Childs of San José is an aspirant for the Republican nomination for State Superintendent of Schools. However, the state and was one of the earliest graduates from the State Normal School, while it was at San Francisco. He was elected principal of the Normal School in San José in 1890 and held the position until last year. He has a high reputation as an instructor.

It does not seem to have occurred to the Populist pot-hunters who engithe Populist pot-hunters who engineered the recent convention at Sacramento that however desirable fusion might be from their standpoint, it would be viewed with much less enthusiasm by the Democrats, in the event of a split in the Populist ranks. Many Democrats are now asking whether there is any real inducement to fuse. They do not desire any coalition with Populists unless it be with the party as a whole. They are fully alive to the fact that the self-seeking leaders who ruled the recent convention do not represent the rank and file of the party.

This Hobson of ours! God bless the man For the daringest young American For the daringest young American
That ever was seen on sea or land!
(The Admirel has a job on hand,
To scuttle a ship or loaded boat
In Santiago de Cuba's throat;
And this will demand a dozen men,
Or it may be six or it may be ten,
Seeking no prises and knowing no fear,)
"Now who," said our Sampson, "will vol
teer?"
And more than a hundred, ready to die,
Spring eagerly forward, shouting "I,"—
This Hobson of Alabama.

Naval constructor? Now who is he?

Never heard of the youth before!
Under-lieutenant? (The man, I see,
Isn't twenty-eight by a month and more,)
But his lips are set, and the admiral saw
No quiger about the under jaw
Of Hobson of Alabama.

"Take that old sea-tramp, the Merrimac,
And sink her deep in Cervera's track,
Crosswise in the channel—wish you well—
It's a red-hot job—look out for hell,"
The admiral said. And the seven men stood,
Their young necks red with American blood,
By Hobson of Alabama.

The old tramp heaved with her heavy load, But Hobson prodded her hard with his goad, And on she went, and the Spanish guns Began to vomit their shells by tons. And the storm came down, and hell broke

loose.
On the back of the poor old ocean goose,
As she went to the spot and turned her side
To the bellowing batteries ere she died!
"To the boat, boys, quick, while I let her go—
And wait for me at the port below,"
Said Hobson of Alabama.

Then all of a sudden the big torpedo Rocked ocean and land from Key West to Toledo!

The black ship rose in her agony and plunged headforemost into the sea! And Hobson? Well, he with his men afloat Put off with a shout in his daredevil boat, And shook out a flag and signaled afar To Cervera to take him, by rule of war! And the Admiral could but hear and heed The call, as he witnessed the matchless deed Of Hobson of Alabama.

Hurrah for Hobson! Hurrah for his band—Each fellow who tok his life in his hand—And volunteered to sink the ship, and did it, and then gave Death the slip! The republic lives! The stern old day of heroic valor has come our way! Hurrah for the sailors and soldiers, too, Who follow the flag with its field of blue, with its stripes unstained and its quenchles stars.

outliving ten thousand rents and scars!
And when our children in far-off days
Are falling away from their fathers' ways,
And the sun of freedom seems like to set,
Revive their courage, and don't forget
Brave Hobson of Alabama.

—[John Clark Ridpath, in July Arena,

M. Zola's Sentence. PARIS, July 18.—Mm. Zola and Per-reux were today each sentenced to a year's imprisonment; to f.3000 fine, and to pay the costs of the suit.

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40 Years the Standard.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, July 18.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the parometer registered 29.98; at 5 p.m., 29.90 Darometer registered 29.9s; at 5 p.m., 23.90.
Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 63 deg. and 70 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 89 per cent.; 5 p.m., 70 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., west, velocity 1 mile; 5 p.m., west, velocity 9 miles. Maximum temperature, 80 deg.; minimum temperature, 60 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE. Los Angeles .... 63 San Francisco ... 52 San Diego ..... 62 Portland ...... 50

Forecasts .- Local forecast for Los Ange les and vicinity: Cloudy tonight, fair Tues

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Mayor Snyder realizes now what is the meaning of "a dull thud."

Randsburg keeps right on uncovering pay rock in spite of heat and

When Charles L. Fair proves with his plant in San Francisco that illuminoting gas can be made from potato pelings, slops and old shoes, the problem of municipal lighting will be

Mrs. Stanford's generous act in voluntarily having her personal income reduced has won increased esteem for her everywhere throughout the State. The press comments concerning it are

Lieut. Byram of Wood's Rough Riders writes to Gov. McCord of Arizona that the Arizona flag was unfurled from the first Spanish blockhouse the

S. A. Drummond was released by Judge Owens yesterday morning, after having been in jail for some time on two charges of having obtained money by false pretenses. Drummond was given two sentences, one of \$180 or 180 days, and the other 180 days straight. Judge. Owens suspended the sentence pending his good behavior. If brought in again he will be put in the chain gang to serve the full time.

### WHERE ARE THEY AT?

DEMOCRATS SORRY THEY SPOKE ON THE WATER QUESTION.

The City Central Committee Gets Roasting for Indorsing the Kessler Proposition - Some of the Members Do the Baby Act.

The Democrats held a mass meeting last night in Turner Hall to take some sort of action on the work perpetrated by the Democratic City Central Comthe goods before our store is torn mittee on Wednesday last, when the Kessler proposition was indorsed. The committee was lambasted most vigorously. The erring ones seemed to real-

fession of its sins was presented by one of the members, though whether this profession of penitence represented the attitude of all the recalcitrants was

not apparent.

Anybody who attended the meeting in the hope of ascertaining the present position of the local Democracy upon the water question, must have 15c Socks, black or tan...3 for 25c been sorely puzzled. The unterrified were equally ready to applaud to the echo the Mayor's declarations that the contract with the water company must be enforced, and Judge vehement assertions that the should summarily confiscate the com-

should summarily confiscate the company's property.

The Democratic party seems to be in the same predicament as the dog that was lost. "He done chewed his tag," soliloquized his finder, "an' he dunno whar be b'longs, an' I dunno."

The meeting was called to order by Prof. Wilhartitz, who appointed W. R. Burke chairman. Mr. Burke stated the object of the meeting, and then appointed Dan Newhardt secretary. Resolutions were read and adopted condemning the action of the members of the City Central Committee, and affirming adherence to municipal owner-

The press comments concerning the revery numerous. Lieut. Byram of Wood's Rough Riders writes to Gov. McCord of Artsonata the Artsona fage was united to the control of the

THAT TEA TARIFF.

Many to a dealers regret exceedingly when the government exacted a 10-ce pound duty on tea, they did not likewis a law to force all old teas to be pr designated, so that the public might stand that the teas sold at former price stale, and thus inferior in quality. This much to expect, and yet people naturally the new tea.

Our Alteration Sale is now in full the goods before our store is torn

	me positive reductions.	
	75c Golf Shirts. \$1.00 Golf Shirts 75c White Shirts \$1.00 White Shirts. 25c Neckwear. 50c Neckwear \$1.00 to \$1.50 Neckwear. 40c Underwear	50
	\$1.00 Golf Shirts	90
1	75c White Shirts	65
١	\$100 White Shirts	90
1	25c Neckwear	.15
1	50c Neckwear	25
1	\$1.00 to \$1.50 Neckwear	50
3	40c Underwear	25
5	50c French Balbriggan	
,	50c French Balbriggan Underwear	45

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cipal periodicals, as well as the fine Japan Teas advertised in this country by the Japanese government. We carry perhaps the largest assortment of better teas on the Coast, as well as the more moderate priced. One thing you can depend on—when you buy tea at Jevne's you get TEA. We sell the Ceylon Teas you see advertised in the prin-

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## WATER QUESTION.

ONLY MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP WILL BE CONSIDERED.

The Kessler Proposition and All thers Laid on the Table-Petitions Filed Too Late.

THE WATER COMPANY'S FIGHT.

THE TRIAL OF GEORGE VIGNOLO FOR MURDER BEGINS.

\$5000 Damages-Suit to Restrain Hydraulic Miners from Using San Gabriel River Water.

sion of the City Council yesterday was devoted to the water question. The Water Supply Committee recommended that all propositions except that of municipal ownership of the water plant be filled or laid on the table. That re-port was adopted. Later several petitions asking the Council to take just that action were presented by various organizations, but as action had al-ready been taken in the matter, the petitions were fied.

An extension of time until December 1 was granted by the Council to the Traction Company in which to complete its proposed extension into Boyle Heights. It was stated that this is the last extension that will be granted.

The Council has appropriated \$600 for

the expenses of the Board of Freeholders. With this amount they must pay all the bills that they may incur while preparing a new charter.

Water Overseer has been irected to turn sufficient water into ne park lakes to keep them in a sani-The contracts and bonds of the firms

to whom was awarded the contracts for furnishing the city with supplies for the ourrent year were approved yesterday. The lighting contract was also ap-

The lighting contract was also approved.

The Oil Producers' Protective Association has petitioned the City Council for a repeal of that portion of the license tax law which refers to their

The Board of Equilization organized rhe Board of Equinization organized pesterday with President Herman Silver of the Council as chairman. Daily sessions will be held until August 15.

An ordinance indicating how the city will operate the water plant when it sturned over to it, was adopted yesterday.

terday.

Hereafter no bids accompanied by bonds will be accepted by the City Clerk, until the internal-revenue law has been complied with, in reference

Clerk, until the internal-revenue law has been complied with, in reference to stamps.

The Traction Company has paid the bill for the culvert at Third and Main street, about which there was such a dispute several weeks ago.

Patrolman Randolph is charged with having used improper language in a crowd at Agricultural Park on July 4. Chief Glass is expected to report on the matter this morning.

The City Council has wired the President asking that the Seventh California Volunteers be included in the next expedition to Manila.

Yesterday afternoon the Los Angeles City Water Company and the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company each filed suit in the Superior Court, asking that the municipality and its agents and servants be perpetually enjoined from interfering with the respective properties. In the case of the water company, affidavits were appended to the complaint, setting forth the probability of the city taking forsible possession of the company's property, and upon the representation so made, a temporary restraining order was made by Judge Clark and made returnable on Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The trial of George Vignolo on the

o'clock.

The trial of George Vignolo on the charge of having murdered his wife, Mrs. Alie Vignolo, on Sunday, June 12, on the San Fernando road closely adjacent to Al Barrel's road-house, began yesterday in Department One. The case of the prosecution was fully told at the preliminary examination, and consequently interest attaches only to the defense. At the time of the murder, the defendant acknowledged having shot his wife, but maintained that ing shot his wife, but maintained that he did so in self-defense, she having attempted to stab him with a knife. there any sign of a scuffle at the pla where the woman's body was found lying, but from what counsel for the defense intimated yesterday, it is quite possible that in the defense an attempt ant's first statement was absolutely

(AT THE CITY HALL.)

THE PEOPLE'S WATER.

CITY COUNCIL DECLARES POSI-TIVELY FOR A WATER PLANT.

The Kessler Proposition Laid on the Table-How the City Will Man-age the Water Plant When it

If the water question can be consid-If the water question can be considered as at all important, yesterday's regular session of the City Council was one of the most important that has one of the most important that has one held in several months. Action was taken which will have an important bearing upon the settlement of whether the city shall own its own water system or not and that atoin contents of the contents whether the city shall own its own water system or not and that atcion consisted of clearing away all the underbrush and leaving for the consideration of the Council, and therefore of the city, of the one question as to whether the city shall own and operate its own plant or not. All propositions other than that of municipal ownership were aid on the table and only the question of municipal ownership is now before the Council for such action as may be taken.

of municipal ownership is now before the Council for such action as may be taken.

Anticipating a lively session, the Council chamber was filled with people long before the hour for the meeting yesterday morning. In the lobby were a number of contractors interested in public work, but as the time for the beginning of the session approached, the chamber was filled with people interested in the water question. Some came through curiosity, but many of them had affixed their names to one petition or another that was to be presented in the water matter, and they were there to see what disposition was to be made of the matter. They might as well have remained at home for all the good any of the petitions did, for the Water Supply Committee of the Council took just the action that their petitions were filled. As soon as the Council convened and the minutes of the last neeting had been approved the Water Supply Committee submitted the following report:

"Your Committee on Water Supply"

to whom were referred the petitions and propositions from Messrs. Kessler & Co., and Burbank & Merrill, with reference to leasing privileges for water in the Los Angeles River, would be leave to report recommending that the above petitions and communications be idd on the table."

The reading of this report caused a murmur of surprise in the crowded lobby, for the action which the committee recommended was just what many of those present had come there to urke, and the report of the committee effectually took the wind out of their sails and made their later efforts useless. The report of the committee was adopted without comment and without a dissenting vote, for to dissent from that report would have been to dig the political grave of the man who voted nay. Nothing was said in regard to the report, and the vote was not on a call of the woll. This action really settled the matter, but in spite of it there were those who had come there to oppose any other measure than that of nunicipal ownership, and they proceed to state their opposition.

BURBANK PLAN WITHDRAWN.

BURBANK PLAN WITHDRAWN. The first to secure an audience after the report of the Water Supply Com-The first to secure an audience after the report of the Water Supply Committee had been adopted, was C. C. Wright. Several weeks ago he had presented on behalf of W. F. Burbank a proposition somewhat similar to that of the Merrill proposition, offering to furnish the city with all the water it needed in consideration that he be allowed to use all the water that the city could not use. Judge Wright presented a communication from Mr. Burbank, in which he stated that under the circumstances he had decided to withdraw his proposition. Judge Wright asked that the Council allow the matter to be withdrawn. The subject had already been laid on the table by the adoption of the report of the Water Supply Committee, but on motion of Mr. Nickell, the request was granted.

DEMOCRATS EAT CROW A committee numbering twenty-sever appeared and alleged that they represented the Democrats of the city, the official body of which party had already declared in favor of the Kessler proposition. A. Willhartitz acted as spokesman for this committee, and presented a series of resolutions, by which the Democrats attempted to repudiate the action taken last week by the Democratic City Central Committee. The resolutions called upon the Council to reject any proposition other than that of the ownership by the city of the water plant. Mr. Willhartitz made a brief speech, in which he pointed out the necessity for just the action that the executive and official body of his party had declared officially was just what the city should not dp. As the matter had already been disposed of, his resolutions were filed.

PRESIDENT SILVER TALKS.

In order that there could not be appeared and alleged that they repre

As the matter had already been disposed of, his resolutions were filed.

PRESIDENT SILVER TALKS.

In order that there could not be any misunderstanding of the action by or the attitude of the Council in the matter of muncipal ownership. President Silver delivered a brief but forcible speech, in which he showed just what the stand of the Council was. "I think it is only my duty," said he, "to state that every step taken by this Council in the water question has been wholly and solely with a view to securing for the city the ownership of the water system, and thereby carrying out the wishes of the people as repeatedly expressed. A good deal has been said during the discusion of this subject, as to suspicions that the Council had departed from the main issue in this matter, and that undue consideration was being given to propositions which the people did not desire. For the whole Council I can say that there has not been the slightest disposition on the part of any member to attempt to defeat the will of the people. The majority of the Council, including the chair, have thought all along that every proposition which might be made should be carefully considered, and at the same time announced to the public in order that they might determine whether the propositions should be accepted. Neither the Council nor the Water Supply Committee has allowed any of these propositions to obstruct their view of the main purpose, as set forth in the party platforms relative to the municipal control of the water plant."

The speech of President Silver was received with warm applause, in which several members of the Council participated, and at the conclusion of the session he was complimented upon his concise statement of the attitude of the Council in the matter.

A BELATED PETITION.

In spite of the fact that the entire

A BELATED PETITION. In spite of the fact that the entire matter had virtually been disposed of, another petition for just such action another petition for just such action as had already been taken was presented. It was from a so-called citizens' committee and was an echo of the mass meeting held late in January. Like the others it was received and filed. The petition follows:

"We, the undersigned members of a committee appeared by a public pass."

We, the undersigned members of a mmittee appointed by a public mass ecting held January 29, 1898, of the tizens of Los Angeles, representing e different wards of this city, recetfully petition your honorable body to entertain any proposition by any ivate corporation or person to lease, re or rent the water of the Los Anders Biver or water tributary thereto. private corporation or person to lease, hire or rent the water of the Los Angeles River, or water tributary thereto. We wish to remind the members of this honorable body that public sentiment is as pronounced today as it was at the last municipal election, when the platform upon which each member of this Council and all other city officials were elected, specifically pledged them to municipal ownership, control—and distribution of the water for the city. Our committee and the people we represent request that you cooperate with us by rejecting any and all propositions that have for their object the diversion of said water into the hands or control of any private person or corporation. The lease with the Los Angeles City Water Company expires next Friday, July 22, and the only claim which the water company. will have after the expiration of the lease will be the award agreed upon by the three arbitrators provided for in the lease, or, in their failure, by the court. We believe in the validity of the lease and are anxious and willing to see that the city carry out its part of the lease with due regards toward a fair, just and equitable adjustment of any claim due to the water company. "We would respectfully request that

the water company.
"We would respectfully request that
ou act upon this communication toouy in order to relieve at once the suscases and anxiety of the public mind
the premises."

The communication was signed by Henry T. Hazard, Joseph Mesmer, John Burns, A. M. Stephens, G. R. Weeks, D. Neuhart, C. C. Wright, E. K. Green, M. C. Fordham and C. M. Wells.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE. For the benefit of those who had not followed the actions of the Water Sup-ply Committee through its negotiations ply Committee through its negotiations with the representatives of the water company, Councilman Nickell delivered a brief speech, in which he stated that the actions of the committee had been with the one fixed purpose of securing for the city the ownership of the water plant. He said all the actions of the committee had been with the advice of the city's legal advisers and that such a course would be continued. The committee had taken some actions that had not been made public and which would not be publicly announced until the proper time came, but he assured those present that the committee had never lost sight of the one wish of the people and had been striving for the public control of the water system.

City Attorney Dunn then presented

a draft of an ordinance which had been prepared by the city's legal advisers, the provisions of which were to designate how the city is to manage the water plant when it shall have been acquired by the city. At the request of the City Attorney this ordinance was referred to the Water Supply Committee, with the request that they report at the afternoon session.

EXTENSION GRANTED.

The LOS Angeles Trection Company.

The DOS Angeles Trection Company.

The board of freeholders presented a presented as the company.

EXTENSION GRANTED.

The Los Angeles Traction Company and those associated with it in the matter of the completion of the work of extending the line of that road across the river to Boyle Heights, applied for an extension of time in which to complete the work. An ordinance granting an extension until December I was adopted under a suspension of the rules.

WANT THE SAME RIGHT.

For several months there has been

adopted under a suspension of the rules.

WANT THE SAME RIGHT.

For several months there has been imminent danger of a personal clash between the forces of the Los Angeles Railway Company and the Los Angeles Traction Company over the right to use certain tracks in the neighborhood of the Arcade depot. Only last Saturday it was reported that the Traction people intended to take a car to Fifth and Central avenue and compel the other company to allow them to use their tracks, but no such action was taken. The granting by the Council last week of a special privilege to the Los Angeles Railway Company to extend its tracks to the Arcade depot from the intersection of Fifth street and Central avenue, was quite an advantage to that company in that it gave them a terminus much closer to the depot than that of any other company. Of course the Traction Company, wanted the same right, and yesterday Judge Lamme, the attorney for the Traction Company, appeared before the Council with a petition for a similar privilege. The wording of the petition was almost identically the same as that by which the other company had secured the right to extend its lines. He also presented an ordipetition was almost identically the same as that by which the other company had secured the right to extend its lines. He also presented an ordinance granting the right asked for. The matter was discussed at somelength by the Councilmen. Mr. Grider finally moved that the matter be referred to the Board of Public Works and the motion prevailed, despite Lamme's objection.

The reports of the Auditor, Treasurer and Assessor with reference to collections and the condition of the funds of the city, all of which have been heretofore published, were referred to the Finance Committee.

In a report from the Board of Health, an ordinance amending the ordinance which regulates the plumbing of the city was presented. The Board of Health recommended that the ordinance be adopted. In order that it may be carefully examined, the Council referred the matter to the Board of Public Works.

The estimate of expenses by the Board of Education for the next year was referred to the Finance Committee.

The Board of Park Commissioners

tee.

The Board of Park Commissioners presented an appeal for more water in the lakes in several of the parks. It was stated in their communication that the water in the lakes was running so low that the health of the neighborhoods of the parks might be seriously low that the health of the health of the parks might be seriously effected as the lakes were becoming stagnant. It was stated that if sufficient water could be turned into the lakes from the zanja system, the trouble could be obviated and the water could again be used for purposes of irrigation.

Integration.

Later in the session, Water Overseer Casey submitted a report in which he showed that on account of the dry season he had been unable to supply the amounts of water that he had sold to irrigators. He pointed to the complaint of the Park Commissioners and asked the Council what he should do in the matter. Mr. Nickell first moved that the petition of the Park Commissioners be granted and that the City Water Overseer be directed to turn into the park lakes a sufficient flow of water to supply all demands. With reference to the report of the Overseer, Mr. Nickell asserted that there was a standing order to the Water Overseer not to sell any water to out-of-town irrigators when there was use for the water in the city. He said he did not see how the people out of the city, who depended upon city water, could complain at the inforcement of such a rule and he insisted that the Overseer live up to the instructions that he had received from the Council. He thought the use of the water in the park lakes was of great importance and if it was properly supplied, there would be no complaint. There was in his opinion some doubt as to the right of the city to sell water to any person residing out of the city. The report of the rrigation. Later in the session, Water Over some doubt as to the right of the city
to sell water to any person residing
out of the city. The report of the
Water Overseer was therefore filed, the
Clerk being instructed to inform him
to follow instructions already given

him.
At the last meeting of the Council

CONTRACTS APPROVED. Contracts and bonds with the folwith certain supplies during the next

with certain supplies during the next year were presented and approved: Off & Vaughn, Standard Oil Company, Sale & Sons, J. A. Reibling Sons' Company and the W. P. Fulier Company.

The contract and bond of the Los Angeles' Electric Company for lighting the city for the next year under the contract awarded to that company at the last meeting of the Council, was also approved. The bond attached to this contract is for \$25,000, and the sureties are H. W. Hellman and George H. Bonebrake.

Bonebrake.

A deed conveying to the city certain lands intended to be used as a part of a new alley, was presented by Allison Barlow. It was referred to the City Attorney for investigation.

Mr. Mathuss moved that the City At-torney be directed to present an ordi-nance providing for the immediate is-

nance providing for the immediate issue of the bonds for tunnel and park purposes, which were recently approved by the voters of the city at the polls at the special election held for that purpose. The motion prevailed without division. If this ordinance is at once presented the tunnel and park bonds may be issued in advance of the fire department and bridge bonds, in spite of the fact that the latter bonds were voted for nearly six weeks before the other bonds were submitted to the people.

the other bonds were submitted to the people.

On motion of Mr. Mathuss the Los Angeles City Water Company was directed to put in a 4-inch water main on Bixell streets between Third and Sixth streets.

The board of trustees of the First Methodist church filed a formal protest against the proposed opening of a twenty-foot alley from Fifth to Sixth streets between Broadway and Hill. The reason for the protest is that if the alley is opened according to the present plans it will necessitate a complete change in the plans for a new place of worship which that congregation is perparing to build.

REPEAL REQUESTED.

The board of freeholders presented a petition asking that the Council ap-propriate \$1000 for their expenses. This The board of freeholders presented a petition asking that the Council appropriate \$1000 for their expenses. This matter, although it had been considered at the last meeting of the Finance Committee, was not included in their report. Councilman Nickell objected to the allowance of \$1000 to the freeholders, saying that that amount was altogether too large for them. Mr. Mathuss said that the committee had considered the matter, and had agreed to give the freeholders \$600. He, therefore, moved that that amount be appropriated. The motion prevailed, Mr. Nickell voting in the negative.

The League for Better City Government presented a resolution in which the adoption of the so-called Kessier water proposition was opposed. As the matter had already been disposed of, the resolution was received and placed on file.

At the request of the board of free-holders, the City Engineer was directed to furnish them with such maps of the city as they might require.

On motion of Mr. Ashman, the Los Angeles City Water Company was instructed to repair the fire hydrants at Fifth and Los Angeles and Sixth and Los Angeles streets.

Mr. Ashman moved that the Street Superintendent be directed to have the gutter on the east side of Los Angeles street' between Fifth and Sixth streets swept daily. The motion prevailed. On motion of the same member the Southern Pacific Company was instructed to have safety gates placed at its Second-street crossing.

The communication from the Chamber of Cammerce with reference to street sprinkling, which has been published in full, was referred to the Board of Public Works.

J. B. Hughes, to whom was awarded the contract for sewering Broadway between Third and Seventh street, presented a communication asking that the contract be annulled. He asserted that he did not know what the formation of the street was at the time that he bid, and thought that the asphalt on the surface was supported by a layer of concrete instead of loose stone. The matter was referred to the Sewer Committee.

ORGANIZED THE BOARD.

ORGANIZED THE BOARD.

Just before the adjournment of the Council for the noon recess the Board of Equalization was organized. On motion of Mr. Nickell, President Silver was elected chairman of the Board of Equalization. The rules which govern the Council were declared to be the rules of the board, and on motion the board adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

How the City Will Operate the

The hearing of protests against proposed public improvements was the first order of business at the afternoon session of the Council. The first of these was the protest of the property owners interested against the opening of Park Grove avenue between Twenty-first and Twenty-third streets. Mr Bonsell appeared for the protestants and stated that the objections con-tained in the protest were not because and stated that the objections contained in the protest were not because the property-owners objected to the improvement, but because they thought the district of assessment should not include their property. The people residing on the avenue north of where the street was to be opened objected to being assessed for the work, for the reason that they had two openings to their property, and they did not think they should be made to pay for an improvement which would benefit only the owner of the land through which the street will be opened. He suggested that the matter be referred to the Board of Public Works, and on motion of Mr. Toll the matter was so referred. Before the next meeting of the Council the board will examine the place and report to the Council.

The hearing of the protest of John Keifer et al. against the sewering or San Fernando street, between Bellevue avenue and Alpine street, was continued for one week.

Similar action was taken with reference to the protest against the improvement of Pleasant and Summit avenues. In the matter of the appeal from the report of the commissioners on the opening of Hoover street between Washington and Twentieth streets, the special committee to whom it had been referred was not ready to report.

and Adams streets was heard, and the objections of the property-owners was stated to be that the opening would give them too many streets in a short distance. It was decided that the Board of Public Works visit the place next Thursday and report later to the

Council.

The hearing of the protest of Abbot Kinney against the acceptance of the work of resurfacing Main street between Eighth and Ninth was postponed for one week

for one week.

The hitching ordinance amendment by which it is proposed to allow hackmen and others the use of the streets, was not acted upon, action being deferred until the next meeting of the Council.

Council.

In the matter of the attempts to sell the Ballerino property on Hoover street for street improvement, which has been deferred from time to time on account of the fact that there have been no bidders, Mr. Toll moved that the sale be continued from day to day until further notice. The motion prevailed, and it is probable that the property will be purchased by a syndicate as soon as the matter of the title is settled.

CITY ATTORNEY'S REPORT. The weekly report of the City Attorney was accompanied by several ordinances for public work. The first of these was for the opening of an alley from Fifth to Sixth streets, between Broadway and Hill. This proceeding had been protested by a number of property-owners, but in order to make their protests effective, it was necessary that the proceeding be begun and the ordinance presented by the City Attorney was but the ordinance of intention. It was adopted under a suspension of the rules.

An ordinance appointing I. R. Dunkelberger commissioner for opening Twenty-seventh street, vice Frank McCoy, resigned, was adopted.

HOW TO MANAGE IT. The weekly report of the City At-

HOW TO MANAGE IT.

Chairman Nickell of the Water Sup-ply Committee, made a verbal report ply Committee, made a verbal report on the ordinance presented by the City Attorney at the morning session, providing for the management of the water plant after it shall have been placed in the hands of the city. He said the committee had examined the ordinance, and after making some minor changes, had concluded to recommend its passage. Relieved of its repetitions and needless qualifications, the ordinance is as follows:

"Section 1. That for the management and operation of the domestic waterworks system of the city of Los Angeles, now in possession of the Los Angeles. Now in possession of the Los Angeles City Water Company and its auxiliary corporations, there shall be two departments, one to be known as

the maintenance and construction department, and the other to be known as the collection department.

"Sec. 2. That the maintenance and construction department of said waterworks system shall be managed and conducted by the following officers and employés, namely: A general manager, as superintendent, an assistant superintendent, four mechanical engineers, five mechanics, five mechanics helpers, three watchmen, twelve laborers and one draughtsman.

"Sec. 3. That the general manager shall be a competent hydraulic engineer, and shall be appointed by the Council, and he shall have the management and control of the maintenance and construction department of said water-works system, including the appointment, removal and direction of all employés of said department. He shall receive a salary at the rate of \$300 per month, payable at the end of sach month.

"Sec. 4. That the superintendent shall be a competent hydraulic engineer, and shall have direct charge of said maintenance and construction department, under the control of the general manager, and he shall discharge the duties of general manager in case of his absence.

"Sec. 5. That the salaries and wages of the employes of the maintenance and construction department, salaries and construction department, salaries and salaries and construction department, salaries and salaries and construction department shall be as follows: Superintendent, \$250 per month; assistant superintendent, \$125 per month; one mechanical engineer, \$100 per month; three mechanical engineers, \$75 per month each; mechanics helpers, \$2.50 per day each; watchmen, \$65 per month each, and laborers, \$2 per day each.

"Sec. 6. That the collection department of said water-works system shall be managed and conducted by a cashier and the following employés, namely; Six rate collectors, seven clerks, one rating inspectors, and four other inspectors.

"Sec. 7. That the cashier shall have control of the collection of all water

rating inspector, and to spectors.

"Sec. 7. That the cashier shall have control of the collection of all water rates, and other moneys payable to the city on account of said waterworks system.

"He shall have the appointment and removal of all employes of the collec-

works system.

"He shall have the appointment and removal of all employés of the sollection department, but in case of the removal of any employés he shall report the name of such removed employé and the cause of such removal, by the Council. The cashier shall be appointed by the Council, and shall receive a salary of \$200 per month. He shall give a bond to the city of Los Angeles in the penal sum of \$50,000.

"Sec. 8. That the monthly salaries of the employés of the collection department shall be as follows: Chief clerk, \$150; head book-keeper, \$150; assistant book-keeper, \$100; draughtsman, \$125; rating inspector, \$125; two inspectors. \$100 each; two inspectors and rate collectors shall furnish their own transportation in attending to their duties.

"Sec. 11. That the effice hours of

duties.

"Sec. 11. That the office hours of the general manager and of the collection department shall be from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., and eight hours shall constitute a day's work of all officers and employés of both departments.

"Sec. 13. That the water rates for water supplies for other than municipal purposes shall be adjusted and collected by the cashier in accordance with the ordinance of the city establishing water rates then in force. Connections of building lots with the water mains of building lots with the water mains in the street in front of such lots shall be made for \$12 for half-inch service; \$16 for three-quarter-inch service, and \$25 for one-inch service; such service to extend only to the curb of the side-

to extend only to the curb of the side-walk.

"Sec. 14. That a fund, to be known as the domestic water fund, is hereby created, and it shall be the duty of the City Treasurer to keep all moneys deposited with him which may be derived from said water-works system, in said fund, and to pay all demands out of-said fund which may be drawn on him on account of said waterworks system. Said fund shall be kept inviolate for the sole purpose of meeting expenses incurred on account of said water-works system, and shall not be paid out by the treasurer on any other account, nor shall any of the moneys of said fund be used for any other purpose.

"Sec. 17. That the duties of the general manager shall be performed by

Before the next meeting of the Council the board will examine the place and report to the Council.

The hearing of the protest of John Keifer et al. against the sewering of San Fernando street, between Bellevue avenue and Alpine street, was continued for one week.

Similar action was taken with reference to the protest against the improvement of Pleasant and Summit avenues. In the matter of the appeal from the report of the commissioners on the opening of Hoover street between Washington and Twentieth streets, the special committee to whom it had been referred was not ready to report, and the hearing was continued until the next meeting of the Council.

The protest against the opening of Magnolia avenue between Washington and Adams streets was heard, and the objections of the property-owners was stated water-works system at his office. moneys paid to the city on account of said water-works system at his office. "Sec. 18. That the Council may at any time remove any officer or em-ployé of either department." The ordinance was adopted by unani-

The ordinance was adopted by unanimous vote.

Mr. Mathuss moved that the City-Clerk be authorized to receive no bids for street work which were accompanied by bonds unless the same were regularly stamped with internal-revenue stamps. The motion was adopted. Councilman Baker presented the following resolution addressed to the President of the United States which, on motion, was adopted:

"Resolved, by the City Council of Los Angeles that the President of the United States be hereby urged to designate the Seventh Regiment of California Volunteers to proceed to the scene of action on the next expedition to the Philippine Islands.

"Resolved, that the people of Southern California are thoroughly in sympathy with the patriotic desire of said regiment to serve our country to the fullest extent in upholding the honor of our common country."

The City Clerk was directed to wire the foregoing resolution to the President.

On motion of Mr. Nickell the Coun-

dent.
On motion of Mr. Nickell the Council will hold an adjourned session
Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

CITY ENGINEER'S REPORT.

On recommendation of the City Engineer the specifications for the construction of graveled streets were amended so as to require of all contractors that they place sewer manholes in newly-improved streets on the official grade of such streets. The following ordinances of intention were presented by the City Engineer and adopted: To establish the grade of Avenue 54, between Alviso and Longfellow streets so sewer Sixth street from Witner street to Loma drive and a portion of Loma drive; to construct a sewer on the following streets: San Pedro street from Ninth to Washington street; Eighteenth street from San Pedro street to Griffith avenue; Seventeenth street from San Pedro street to east terminus. CITY ENGINEER'S REPORT.

several days ago by Judge Anderson, and before they were even examined by the Mayor they were sent to Chief Glass. It is alleged in the written charges that Randolph, while trying to keep back the crowd at Agricultural Park on the 4th inst. used language in the presense of ladies which is unfit for publication. He is said to have ordered a number of people to stand back, and in doing so applied an epithet which would make almost any man fight. Just what the report of the Chief will be is not known, but it is expected that he will recommend an investigation by the board.

Paid the Bill.

The cost of building the culvert at Third and Main streets, about which there was, several months ago, so much trouble between the city and the Los Angeles Traction Company, has been paid by the company. Street Superintendent Drain yesterday received from the company a check for \$259.10, the full amount of the claim of the city against the company. The bill for the work was receipted in full and sent to the company at once. When the work of resurfacing Spring street reaches Third street, a similar wrangle between the city and the company is expected.

LAT THE COURT HOUSE,

THE CITY ENJOINED.

WATER COMPANY SECURES A TEM

Springs Company to Protect Itself-Afraid the City Will Take Forcible Possession When the Company's Contract Expires.

The questions at issue between the city of Los Angeles and the City Water Company yesterday obtained standing n the Superior Court of the county by two actions begun against the city, the Mayor and the various members com-prising the City Council, by the Los Angeles City Water Company and the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company.

Both suits are in the nature of applications for a perpetual injunction to restrain the city from following out a certain line of policy when the contract existing between the city and the water company expires on July 22.
Upon filing the complaints, supported
by a number of affidavits, a temporay restraining order was signed by Judge restraining order was signed by Judge Clark in chambers, pending the hearing of the cause on Monday next, at 10 o'clock, when the defendants are called upon to show cause why a preliminary injunction should not issue pursuant to

upon to show cause why a preliminary injunction should not issue pursuant to the prayer in the complaint.

The complaint filed by the Los Angeles City Water Company is a voluminous document, consisting of sixtynine typewritten pages. The history of the water company from the time when the city entered into the now noted contract with John S. Griffin, President Beaudry and Solomon Lazard, on July 22, 1868, and assigned by them to the present time, is set forth at length and in detail. The contract itself, as well as the several ordinances passed by the Council in the interim, are embodied in the complaint, and the extent of the company's plant, as it has been increased to meet the needs of the city in its growth from being a small town of 5000 inhabitants to being a city of the second class, with over 100,000 inhabitants, is minutely detailed. Of necesity, too, albeit in an incidental manner, the history of the organization and purposes of the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company are set out in full.

VIOLATION OF A CONSTITU-TIONAL RIGHT.

Many of the contentions raised by the plaintiff water company have hereto-fore been well ventilated, but there are several that are put rather strikingly. Alluding to the adoption by this State of the constitution of 1880, in which pro-Alluding to the adoption by this State of the constitution of 1880, in which provision is made by which water rates may be fixed by the municipality, it is alleged that at the time of the execution of the contract of 1868 and its assignment to the water company two years later, there was no provision in the law of the State of California providing for any forfeitures of the properties of any water company, or of the property rights vested by the said contract, for the charging of rates in excess of these established by the municipal Council, nor forfeiting the property of the plaintiff, or of any other company in the State of California for any cause whatever. It is therefore contended that the constitutional provision whereby it is attempted to enforce the forfeiture of the plaintiff's property, and the provisions of the constitution attempting to confer upon the municipal Council the power to regulate the rates to be charged for

property, and the provisions of the contential tempting to confer upon the municipal Council the power to regulate the rates to be charged for water, contrary to the provisions of the contract of July, 1868, impaired the obligations of the contract, and are in violation of the provisions of the constitution of the United States prohibiting any State from making or enforcing any law abriding the privileges of citizens of the United States and prohibiting any State from depriving any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, and prohibiting any State from denying to any person in its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Furthermore, it is alleged that under the constitution of 1879, the power of cities to incur an indebtedness is limited, and a city cannot incur a liability in any manner or for any purpose exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for it for such year without the assent of two-thirds of the electors. The value of the improvements referred to in the contract of 1868 is placed at \$2,000,000, and the plaintiff urges that the lowest estimate that has ever been placed upon the works by the city is more than \$1,000,000, and that amount exceeds the annual revenues of the city. In these premises the city has failed and refused to raise the money necessary to pay the value of the improvements in the proper manner prescribed by law. CITY'S THREAT TO SEIZE.

the proper manner prescribed by law. CITY'S THREAT TO SEIZE.

After narrating the more recent actions of the City Council it is further alleged that the city claims that the properties of both the Los Angeles City Water Company and the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company belong to the city, and that it has the right to take possession of the properties and oust the plaintiff, taking the rates and income from the said property and applying them to its own use without making any payment therefor, or paying any part of the value, and without having taken any steps to raise money to pay for the same, claiming that it is entitled to possession immediately after July 22, 1898. Plaintiff also alleges that the city claims that it is not bound to take any steps to determine the amount to be paid for the works by arbitration, or to appoint any arbitrator, until after the expiration of July 22, 1898; and the city threatens that on July 23, 1898, it will take possession by force of arms of all of the properties, the lands, waters, water rights, rights-of-way, pipes, reservoirs, and all other property of the Los Angeles City Water Company, and of the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company, and of the East Side Spring Water Company, the stock of which latter company is held by the water company, without making any payment, or making any provision for CITY'S THREAT TO SEIZE.

the payment of any award; and that it will upon taking possession, proceed to collect the rates and to take all of the income and profits of every kind and apply the same to its own use. These threats of seizure, so plaintiff contends, have depreciated the value of plaintiff's property, and if carried into effect would have a tendency to further depreciate the value of the said property estimated according to the true intent and meaning of the said contract, and would have the effect also of greatly lessening the amount which would be awarded, by arbitrators chosen as provided in the contract, or determined by any tribunal to which the controversy should be submitted.

If the award of the arbitrators should be unsatisfactory to the electors of the city, they would refuse to give their consent to incurring the liability to pay, plaintiff surmises, and then the water company would have no remedy for the inforcement of the award under the laws of this State as they now exist.

THE PENDING LITIGATION. With regard to the claim of the city hat the Crystal Springs Land and Wathat the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company is not the owner of the water developed by it, but is part of the Los Angeles River and belongs to the city, the plaintiff alludes briefly to the suit brought by the city against the Crystal Springs company to have that very point determined, which suit is still pending in the Superior Court. Reference is also made to the kindred suit brought against the city of Los Angeles by the Crystal Springs company in 1893, in the United States Circuit Court for the southern district of California, to have the court determine that the complainants were owners in full of the developed waters, water rights, and pipes. The court dismissed that suit upon the ground that the court had no jurisdiction, from which judgment an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, and is still pending.

The water company charges, too, that the city will not submit the matters in controversy to arbitration at any time unless the property of the Crystal Springs company be included, and alleges that plaintiff has no power and will not include the property of the Crystal Springs company in such arbitration; but is willing to submit to arbitrators to determine, as provided in the contract, the value of all its properties and to turn the same over upon the award of such arbitrators, as provided for in the contract.

That the city has not performed the ter Company is not the owner of the

VIOLATIONS OF CONTRACT

That the city has not performed the onditions of the original contract the

That the city has not performed the conditions of the original contract the plaintiff earnestly contends, for it has within the last ten years repeatedly established rates far less than those fixed by the minimum of the contract; and for a year past has asserted claims in plaintiff's property and announced its intention to the public of taking charge of the property and ousting the water company from possession; by such means and the exercise of all the powers of the municipality over the said matters, endeavored to depreclate the value of the property which it had agreed to purchase and pay for.

Notwithstanding such violations of the contract plaintiff urges that it has continualy performed all the terms and conditions; that the city, through the Council, has as occasion required demanded the erection of fire hydrants and extension of the system of pipes, and plaintiff has been obedient to such requests. Even within the last three weeks plaintiff has been requested to extend the pipe service in several directions in such manner that the work cannot possibly be completed by July 22, but the plaintiff has in obedience to instructions begun the work and incurred the expense necessary, in pursuance of the Council's request.

The WATER COMPANY'S PRAYER.

In all of these premises the court is THE WATER COMPANY'S PRAYER

In all of these premises the court is asked to issue a preliminary injunction restraining the defendants from taking possession of the plaintiff's property, or in any manner interfering with it, or ousting plaintiff from it; and from in any manner interfering with plaintiff's collection of water rates. And that upon final hearing the defendants, their agents and servants, be perpetually enjoined from interfering with the said property in any manner until plaintiff has been paid therefor. Also, that it be decreed that the plaintiff and the city of Los Angeles appoint arbitrators, as provided in the contract, to determine the value of the property; and that upon the coming in of the award of the arbitrators, the court decree that the city pay the amount of said award within a reasonable time, to be fixed by the court, and upon such payment the Los Angeles City Water Company be required to turn over the said property so valued and paid for to the city of Los Angeles. And unless such payment by the city be made within the time fixed by the decree of the court, then that there be a decree that the said city has no right, title or interest in the property, nor any right to purchase the same; but that the Los Angeles City Water Company be adjudged to be the owner in fee simple of the property, free and discharged of any right on the part of the city arising under the contract. That if the parties fail to In all of these premises the court is asked to issue a preliminary injunction the part of the city arising under the

the part of the city arising under the contract. That if the parties fall to agree as to the property coming within the contract, then the same be determined by the court.

The compalint is signed by White & Monroe, and J. S. Chapman, Esq., attorneys for the plaintiff, and annexed is an affidavit, subscribed to by W. H. Perry, S. H. Mott, W. J. Broderick, and J. C. Drake, wherein the facts in connection with allegations regarding the city's purpose to take possession of the water company's property on the 23d are duly set out.

THE CRYSTAL SPRINGS SUIT.

THE CRYSTAL SPRINGS SUIT. The complaint filed by the Crystal Springs Land and Water Company is of similar nature to that filed by the of similar nature to that filed by the Los Angeles City Water Company, without, however, the complexities arising from an original contract with the city, or, indeed, any direct negotiation with the municipal authorities. The history of the organization is given, and also an inventory of the several properties held by the company, and a preliminary injunction is asked for, pending a final hearing when an order perpetually restraining the city of Los Angeles, its agents and servants, from in any manner interfering with the property, or its revenues, or the use, management, control or operation thereof, is desired.

VIGNOLO MURDER TRIAL.

A Missing Witness Said to Know About the Knife. The trial of George Vignolo, charged

with the murder of his wife, close to Al Barrel's roadhouse, on the San Fer-nando road, on Sunday evening, June 12, began yesterday in Department

cuting the case, and the law firms of Jones & Knight and Reymert & Ad-cock are representing the defense. Be-fore the jury was empaneled, Johnston Jones, Esq., moved for a continuance, on the ground of the absence of material witnesses. He stated to the court that save for the absence of one witness, Joe Dominguez, he was ready to go to trial, and he had learned that the man was ill at Ensenada, Lower California, and would return if money was sent for his passage. Counsel maintained that the evidence of Dominguez was essential to the proper defense of his client, but Mr. Williams objected to counsel stating in open court what it was expected the absent witness would testify to. The propecuting attorney intimated that he knew what it was and stood prepared to combat it with opposing testimony, ston Jones, Esq., moved for a continu-

and he didn't believe Dominguez would dare show his face in the courtroom. The motion for a continuance was overruled, but it was whispered around the department that if Dominguez ever did reach the court in time for the trial he would testify to Mrs. Vignolo having been armed with a knife on the fateful Sunday night when she was shot and killed by her husband.

The morning hours were consumed in obtaining a jury, but by noon the panel had been filled with the following jurors, sworn to try the cause: Frank H. Merrill, Henry C. Benton, L. C. Mason, Anton Musser, John G. Kenyon, E. B. Rivers, C. W. Hyatt, James Crail, William Sex, E. W. Keller, L. E. Boyer, Emmer Bowen.

The somewhat unusual order was made that during the trial of the case the jury should be kept together.

In the afternoon Coroner Campbell, Dr. Johnson, who assisted in making the autopsy on the body of the deceased; Detective W. H. Auble, All Barrel, proprietor of the roadhouse, and George Hunter testified in almost identical terms as at the preliminary examination of the defendant.

The arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Vignolo at the roadhouse on the Sunday afternoon; their quarreling in the saloon as the liquor they had imbibed obscured their judgment; the foul language and combativeness of Mrs. Vignolo toward her husband, and their departure from the roadhouse when its doors were barred against them, was all again gone over and retold in detail. Then of the finding of the body of the dead woman on the highway a short distance from the saloon of George Hunter, the summoning of the Coroner by telephone, his arrival, and the search in the darkness on the person of the dead woman, and in the vicinity of the spot where she had fallen, for any weapons; the arrest on the Sunday night of the defendant, and his confession in the presence of Coroner Campbell and Detective Auble, were all gone over again.

The interest in the case altogether centers in the defense. The prosect-

sion in the presence of Coroner Campbell and Detective Auble, were all gone over again.

The interest in the case altogether centers in the defense. The prosecution really made its case out at the preliminary examination, and it needs no strengthening to secure a conviction on the showing. But the defense indicated so far by the cross-examination is to be one of justification. It may probably be conceded by the prosecution that the murdered woman was big, powerful, foul-mouthed and gross beyond expression. The defendant is slimly built, and will contend that his wife attempted three times to strike him with a knife, and in fear of his life he-pulled his pistol, and as she swurg past him the third time he shot her. That is the statement Vignolo made at the time of his arrest, but neither at that time nor since has any trace been rained of the knife with which Mrs. Vignolo was armed, according to defendant's story.

The utterly bad character of the decoded may be proven, and the crime palliated in some degree, but unless Joe Dominguez should appear from Lewer California and testify to finding the knife, the plea of self-defense would appear to be a matter difficult of proof.

#### MAIN-STREET HOLE.

Damage Suit Filed Against I. N. Van Nuys.

A sult was begun yesterday by R. A. Tucker against I. N. Van Nuys to recover \$5000 as damages. The plaintiff alleges that he sustained painful and subtass half of the faller into a help

cover \$5000 as damages. The plaintin alleges that he sustained painful and serious injuries by falling into a hole or trench in front of the Van Nuys Hotel on Main street.

The accident occurred on March 13, and the trench wherein the plaintiff fell was made when the curbing was moved and the sidewalk widened in front of the hotel. Tucker alleges that despite the fact that such a trench was known to be dangerous, it was suffered to remain open and exposed, and without protection to travelers. In attempting to cross the street to the Westminster Hotel the plaintiff, who is a large and heavy man, fell into the trench. His injuries were of such a nature that he was laid up for three weeks, and still continues to suffer from the injuries he then received.

### FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

Miscellaneous Driftwood Thrown into the Courts.

A FATHER'S RIGHT. Judge Clark vesterday made an order granting Unigate Lindsay permission to visit his children once a week during the pendancy of divorce proceedings between himself and wife.

TWO HORSE THIEVES IN JAIL Charlie Moore, said to be a Mexican, and George Any, have been sent to the County Jail from Los Nietos township, having been committed by the Justice of the Peace at Rivera on the charge of horse stealing. They were held to answer in the sum of \$500.

answer in the sum of \$500.

QUICKLY ARRANGED. The divorce suit instituted by Mrs. Kate Spear against her husband, Samuel D. Spear, at one time promised to develop very sensational features, but a better feeling supervened and yesterday the matter was amicably adjusted. For a year the couple have not lived together, and yesterday the husband was allowed to get his divorce on the cross-complaint, on the ground of desertion. The property interests were also arranged amicably, Mrs. Spear getting the furniture, fixtures, etc., of a lodging-house on South Hill street and \$500 in cash, and the husband retaining the homestead in East Los Angeles.

A WRONG DIVERSION. George T. Brown, James Slauson et al. have brought suit against W. G. McGinty and fifteen other defendants to restrain them from diverting the waters of the San Gabriel River above the place where the plantiffs divert the stream for the irrigation of lands at Duarte, Azusa and Covina. It is alleged that defendants have no right or title to any of the river water where the natural flow is less than, 5000 inches, miner's measurement, and at the present time the river does not furnish more than 600 miner's inches.

A MINOR'S ESTATE. Anna E. V. Hilles has petitioned that she be appointed the guardian of Rebecca Edith Hilles, a six-year-old daughter of the petitioner. The estate consists of personal property inherited from her grandmother, whose estate in the State of Delaware has not yet been distributed.

GUARDIANS WANTED. Elmer T. Galley has petitioned to be appointed guardian of Hattie B. and Harry O. Galley. The estate consists of a prospective interest in property belonging to the mother. Mary Shoemaker has petitioned for the guardianship of Grace E. and Jesse Ralph Shoemaker, the minors' estate consisting of a small amount of money left by the children's father.

Next month the Wilmington Trans-Next month the Wilmington Transportation Company will lay the keel of a new steamer for the Catalina Island trade. The vessel will be built at their yards at Mormon Island, and will be the largest vessel ever built in San Pedro Bay, dimensions as follows:

Length, 123 feet over all, 23 foot beam, 12 foot depth of hold, and will have power to drive her twelve knots an hour.

Minister Rockhill's Wife Dies ATHENS, July 18.—Mrs. Rockhill, the wife of W.W. Rockhill, the United States Minister to Greece, died yesterday of typhoid fever.

THE STORY OF THE INVASION.

MEN ON THE TRANSPORTS CHEER THE PRELIMINARY SKIRMISH.

Spanirds Scatter Like Sheen-First Night Spent by Our Boys in Cuba.
Assiduous Attentions of Overfriendly Crabs.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, near Siboney, province of Santiago, Cuba, June 28, 1898.—[By the Times Special Correspondent.] The exciting events of Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, June 22, 23 and 24, in the province of Santiago de Cuba, will live in unfading vividness in the memory of those who witnessed them. The first those who witnessed them. The first foreign invasion since 1845 by armed forces of Americans was successfully accomplished. The bombardment and destruction of two Spanish towns was thrilling and sensational. The rapid

HOW THEY LANDED

| looking toward a concerted plan of action. Cuban spies who were in Santiago when the great fleet of forty-four steamships and war vessels appeared in the offing, as reported by signal from the peaks, say that a reign of terror immediately ensued. Families prepared to move from their houses, and fly to the hills, and every available Spaniard, soldier or civilian was marshaled for defense of the city. Santiago, one of the oldest cities in Cuba, has a population of about fifty thousand, exclusive of the garrison, which numbers about nine thousand men. But when the fleet sailed away, their terror turned to re-



LANDING OF THE SECOND CAVALRY AT BAIQUIRI (DISMOUNTED.)

joicing. The cafés at night were thronged with soldier and civilians, drinking and carousing in highest glee, because "the Yankee pigs," were struck with terror when they saw the impregnable fortifications of Santiago, and all but came face to face with the valorous soldiers of Spain. They had run away; they were cowards, and old women.



advance of the boys in blue, and the swift, impetuous, almost vicious, dash with which they broke down the lines of primitive fortifications of the enemy, who, retreating as rapidly as the rough character of the country would permit, sought to check our progress, was a revelation to Spaniards who were used to fighting an enemy that remained concealed, awaiting attack. The miles of entrenchments and rife pits and the succession of strong Morello towers, or blockhouses, constructed at great expense and with infinite labor, were all abandoned before they could be used, and the Spaniards fied to the woods in panic. Not that they are cowards, for they have given us ample proof that they are well-trained, seasoned regular troops, who will fight, and fight against overwhelming odds, but because no living being could face the rain of shell and shrapnel hurled against their works, before any attempt was made to land our forces.

twenty pacificos, men, women and children, many of them entirely nude, and all nearly famished. They were wives, children and brothers of Cubans, who had lived near Daiguiri, who are fighting with Garcia's army. If the Cuban dogs told the Yankee pigs about the little harbor of Daiguiri, the guards to who held these pacificos captives were to kill them and flee to the hills. Before world could reach them, however, the Cubans, advancing, from the east, put the guard to flight and rescued the perishing prisoners from cold-blooded massacre. Aguilla, meantime ordered the machine shops of the Spanish-American Iron Company to be burned, and soon the fine structure, with its



THE FIRST AMERICAN ARMY CAMP.

THE FIRST INFANTRY FORCE LANDED ON CUBAN SOIL.

I have already told the story of the voyage to Cuba, in the transport ships. We arrived off Santiago on Monday, and received word from Admiral Sampson that Moro Castle, the frowing fortification that guarded the narrow entrance to the harbor, had been battered to ruins, only the day before, but that the Merrimac, which had so successfully corked Cervera in his own bottle, also presented an insurmountable barrier to the entrance of the victorious Yankee ships. A shore battery of heavy guns, well inside the harbor, remained intact, safe out of the reach of our warships, and would have to be taken by a land force. Our transports then put out to sea over night, under convoy and we were told that a conference would be held next day between Gen. Shafter and the admiral,

half a million dollars worth of machinery, tools, locomotives, and other property, was in flames.

The Spanish officer, on the porch of his cottage, directed the incendiaries, but just as matters seemed to be going his way, a puff of white smoke burst from the forward barbette of the New Orleans, and a heavy shell went crashing through the wooden walls of his home, and exploded in the room which had been his office. The shell was but the first arrival of a myridad of its kind. The five gunboats accompanying the New Orleans had rounded the noint. The Castine took positions not more kinan 500 yarpis off shore, and in a few seconds, clouds of gravel, large stones and dust. marked the transports with all gree stones and dust. marked the transports with all gree stones and dust. marked the transports with all gree stones and dust. marked the first arrival of a myridad of its kind. The five sunboats accomponent with the puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their names, for the incessant bark of their rapid-fire guns, and the white puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their sames, for the incessant bark of their rapid-fire guns, and the white puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their sames, for the incessant bark of their rapid-fire guns, and the white puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their sames for the incessant bark of their rapid-fire guns, and the white puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their sames for the incessant bark of their rapid-fire guns, and the white puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their sames for the incessant bark of their rapid-fire guns, and the white puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their sames for the incessant bark of their rapid-fire guns, and the white puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their sames for the incessant bark of their rapid-fire guns, and the white puffs in the bushes on the allisides where their same for the puff of cramped confinement on ship-board suspendent of the puff of cramped confinement on ship-board substit

is soaked with rain or perspiration, about all the time.

The army got through its first night as best it could, but profited by experience, as well as by Cuban advice. An army blanket, tied up by its corners, does good service as a hammock, and will bear a heavy man. Half a shelter tent, hung over a rope, stretched taut between trees, makes a good roof, and all of the above-mentioned nuisances that are not provided with wings, are foiled, except the ants and sand fleas. These seem to know when a man is going to bed, and climb up his legs on the side of his trougers where they will be most appreciated.

Thursday was a busy day. Troops continued to come ashere until all but the artillery had been landed. Four batteries of light artillery and all of the siege guns of the heavy artillery were left aboard until June 25. Through

STRICTLY RELIABLE.

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The only Legally Registered Physicians in Southern California treating every form of Weakness and

# DISEASES OF MEN ONLY.

Our guarantee to cure means something, for

We Never Ask for Any Money Until Cure is Effected. We mean this emphatically, and it is for everybody.

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VARICOCELE, PILES and RUPTURE positively cured in one week.

Weakness, Prematureness, Information and all diseases of a private nature a specialty. Inflammation on what we can do for you at home without cailing at office, sent cheerfully, securely sealed.

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SPEECHES

# Spring Motor Gramophone

IS A GREAT PLEASURE. THESE people have been told what a successful machine the Spring Motor Gramophone was: they now believe every word of it. You should certainly have an opportunity to see and hear it for yourselves. We would be glad to enter into correspondence with you concerning it, and give you all the information we have at hand.

Gram-o-phone, complete with Two Records, \$27.50
Records, 60 cents each.

A standing reward of \$1000 in Gold, is offered by the Gramophone Co. for any record bearing etheir mark, and sold by them, that was not made by the performance of the person to whom it is accredited. Money refunded, less express charges, if instrument is not satisfactory, and is returned immediately. For printed matter, Catalogue of Records, etc., address

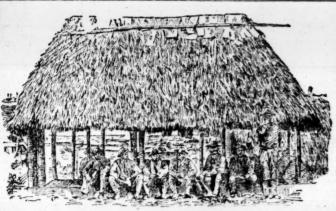
SHERMAM, CLAY & CO., SAN FRANCISCO MUSIC DEALERS AND PACIFIC COAST AGENTS GRAMOPHONE

- KOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKOKO 250-2-4 S. Spring St., Stimson Block.

one of those delightful blunders in loading the ships at Port Tampa, for which no one seems to be responsible, the men of two batteries, with their horses, were put on one ship, their guns on another, and their saddles and harness on a third. The horses were jumped overboard and allowed to swin sahore from the ships, half a mile from the landing. The guns were unloaded on the 24th, and as fast as order could be brought about from the chaotic mas of artillery paraphernalia dumped on shore, the batteries were sent to the front. An engagement is expected to

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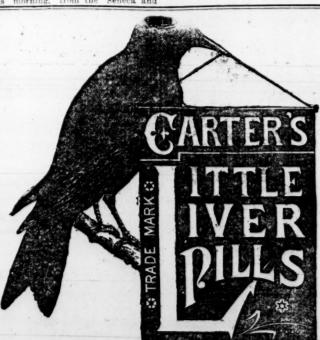


morrow, or this afternoon, near Siboney. If the artillery achieves the success that is expected of it, the Spaniards will be driven into Santiago, where their last stand will be made. Their army is divided; half is at Guan tanamo, surrounded by 5000 Cubans, 1800 marines and confronted by sea, by a fleet of gunboats. Cervera's fleet, rusting its steel plate in the slimy waters of Santiago Harbor, might as well be in the moon or on Mars, 16 far as any damage it can do, is concerned. Five thousand of Garcia's army were landed within five miles of Santiago this morning, from the Seneca and

morrow, or this afternoon, near Si-send this letter by the Cherokee, which surely to come, at Siboney, tomorrov W. J. ROUSE.

WILSON RYE, finest Pennsylvania product.

VICTORIA FOOT POWDER in bulk, for sale at Ellington's, nowthwest corner Fourth and Spring streets.



SUBSTITUTION THE FRAUD OF THE DAY.

Don't hesitate to ask for Carter's. See you get Carter's.

> Take nothing but Carter's. Insist on having Carter's. The only perfect Liver Pill.

SURE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.



#### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES, Monday, July 18, 1898,

Charles G. Dawes, Controller of the Currency, made the following state-ment regarding the condition of national banks at the close of the fiscal ear: "The last year has been of growth and expansion in the b of the national banks of the country, as reports of their present condition compared with former reorts clearly indicate. The individual eposits of the banks, which, on July 3, 1897, were \$1,770,480,536, reached on 4ay 5, 1898, the sum of \$1,999,308,438, 23. 1897, were \$1.770.480,536, reached on May 5, 1898, the sum of \$1.999.308.428, and the five statements called for during the last year show that the rate of gain was quite uniform. The declaration or war did not stop this gain, the increase between February 18 and May 5 of this year being \$16.647,505; and the individual deposits of the national banks of the United States now stand at the highest point in the history of the system. The expansion in loans since May 14, 1887, has been \$1.63,728.265. The concurrent expansion in the loans and individual deposits of our banking system is the best possible evidence of growing confidence in the business and banking world. Increasing deposits with contracting loans are conditions which may exist without being considered as necessarily includently prosperous conditions; but the conjunction of a steady increase in deposits almost without exception the evidence of marked increase in the activity of profitable business exchanges of the country, and its general prosperts.

THE ARMY AND BUSINESS. The feeding of the army is exercising a marked influence on business. The marked influence on business. The bakers of the United States, as well as bakers of the United States, as well as others, are getting a good deal of trade this way. The National Biscuit Company has received in all orders for 3,000,000 pounds of army bread. It will take 50,200 barrels of flour to make this. The sending of 20,000 or 30,000 Spanish prisoners home will create a great demand for many food products.

FRUIT CROPS. News comes from RUIT CROPS. News comes from Francisco of a great excitement in California canned fruit market. ches and apricots are likely to mand a large share of attention. crop of both fruits is short in state, and there are no large y-over stocks. Add to this a short

arry-over stocks. Add to this a short rop at the east. Special Agent I. N. Mills of the belaware Railroad Company, has sompleted the regular annual railroad stimate of the peach crop for 1898, and it shows that the crop is practially a failure. Railroad men visit he different orchards and estimate the product of each, in order that the allroad company can estimate the number of cars which must be fitted o move the fruit. Mr. Mills's estimate shows that the crop will be 311, 324 baskets. Last year's crop was askets. Last year's crop was ered poor, yet the yield was 1,000,000 baskets. In 1896 the eached nearly 3,000,000 baskets. or five years ago the crop reached rd of 9,000,000 baskets. The le this year is the curculio, a lesime insect, and its devastating can be seen in nearly every or-

### GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

IN THE ORIENT. The war promises to bring the United States into closer commercial relations with the Orient than have been prevalent for some years past. But in the beginning of this trade American merchants were very prominent. This is recognized by the English ,who foresee that American en-

English, who foresee that American enterprise is about to enter this field again. An English contributor to the New York Tribune says:

"The Americans are by virtue of their experience in their own southern possessions admirably fitted to develop the latent possibilities of the Philippine group: their genius under the new conditions is untried, but full of promise; the natives would flourish exceedingly under honest treatment and capable rule, while the thought that between the Stars and Stripes at Manila and the Union Jack at Hongkong there were hands stretched across, joined, it may be, in an invisible embrace, would be silent but sufficient warning to any power that, for reasons

on ,and among its earliest nurs several prominent Americans, whose names subsequently became household several prominent Americans, whose names subsequently became household words among commercial men. They brought waffles, cocktails, and good stories to the social board, but they gave the river steamers to China, and they taught our somewhat conservative Clyde ship-builders the class of vessels best adapted for the internal navigation of that empire. It is to American push in China, under somewhat discouraging circumstances, that we owe the gradual abolition of the junk trafficant will be substitution for it of cheap, suick and suitable steamer service. If ever it was true of any community, it is true in this regard of the former American settlers in China, that they labored and that we have entered into their labors. Every consideration, therefore, be it of justice or of policy, points to the welcoming of our American cousins should they deem it right to take a new departure in the Far East.

"We owe much to Lord Elgin and to

can cousins should they deem it right to take a new departure in the Far East.

"We owe much to Lord Elgin and to Sir James Hope, but it must never be forgotten that it was Commodore Tatnall who, on a famous occasion, recognized that blood was thicker than water, and who showed by prompt action that brotherly sympathy which should and must underlie all the relations between the United Kingdom and the United States."

## LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

Eggs ruled steady yesterday at 17½ for re-candled and 17 for other kinds. Butter is firm under light supplies and an

carly all kinds yesterday morning.

Potatoes are steady at recent quotations.

Vegetables are generally easy under abundant supplies. The demand is good at current

h fruit is very abundant, but there is

an active demand and prices are steady.
Dried apricots are sought after at 8 cents.
Fine poultry is in fair demand, and if the quality is right, prices can be obtained.

Hay is weak.
EGGS, BUTTER AND CHEESE. EGGS-Per doz., 17@17½.

BUTTER-Fancy local creamery, per 32-oz. square, 50; northern creamery, 32-oz., 47½-11ght-weight, 40@42½; fancy darry, per 32-oz. roll, 42½-45; light-weights, 40; fancy tub, per ib. 22.

ib. 22.
CHERRE-Per ib., eastern full-cream, 12@
134; California half-cream, 11: Coast fullcream, 12: Anchor, 13: Downey, 13: Young
America, 14: 3-lb. hand, 15; domestic Swiss,
28@20; imported Swiss, 26@28; Edam, fancy,
per dcz., 200@3.50.

BEANS.

BEANS-Per 100 lbs., small white, 2.25@2.50; Lady Washington, 2.15@2.25; pinks, 3.25@3.50. Lines, 2.00@2.50. POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

FOTATOES—Fer cwt., fancy new Burbanks, \$5690; pink eyes, 80685; Early Rose, 85690; aweet. 2.50; new aweet, per lb., 768. ONIONS—Per cwt., 70678. VEGETABLES — Beels, per cwt., 90; caba

FLOUR AND FEEDSTUFFS. FLOUIL-Per Ibl., local extra roller process, 180; northern, 4,90; eastenn, 6,007,25; Oregon, 4.80; graham flour, 2,20 per cwt.

GRAIN AND HAY. WHEAT AND HAY.

WHEAT Per cental, 1.43@1.45 for shipping; millers' quotations, 1.65 for job lots.

BARLEY — Per cental, 1.30@1.25 for shipping; millers' quotations, 1.35.

CORN—Per cental, large yellow, 1.60; small rellow, 1.65; white, nominal; milers' quotations, small yellow, 1.25; large yellow, 1.15.

HAY—Per ton, alfalfa, 12.60@14.60; harley, 1.60@18.60

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS. RAISINS - London layers, per box, 1.50@ 70; loose, 4@6 per lb.; seedless Sultanas, 7

1.70; loose, 466 per lb.; seedless Suitanas, 7 gs.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, fancy, 879; apricots, new, 839; peaches, fancy, 7,98; choice, 5466, pears, fancy evaporated, 839; plums, plited, choice, 9401; prunes, choice, 4 d66; fancy, 76/10; dates, 669; figs, sacks, California, thick, per lb., 667; California, fancy layers, per lb., 8510; imported Smyrna, 136/15.

NUTS — Walnuts, paper-shells, 778; fancy softshells, 778; hardshells, 4475; almonds, softshells, 1761; hardshells, 467; peanus, 8612; filberts, 113-114; paper-shells, 1114/6124; hardshells, 667; pecans, 9612; filberts, 113-114; propers, 820; california, new, 465; roosted, 64/67.

FRIESH FRUITS AMD BERRHES.

FRESH FRUITS AND BERRIES. Per box, Valencias, 2.25@2.40;

ORANGES — Per Dox, Valencias, 2.2042.10, edilings, 1.25@1.50.
LiMES—Per 100, 50.
COCOANUTS—Per doz., \$5@90.
GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 3.00@4.00.
PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 2.50@5.00.
STRAWBERRIES—Common, 4@5; fancy, \$ 112.

BLACKBERRIES—Per box, 4@5.

APRICOTS—Pér box, 65@75.

RASPBERRIES—Per box, 5@9.

LOGAN BERRIES—Per box, 5@6.

FIGS—Per box, 20 bbs., 1.00@1.25.

PEACHES—Per box, 65@70.

APPLES—White, per box, 90@1.00; ucd, 1.00

1.25.

GRAPES-Per crate, 1.25. PEARS-Eartletts, per box

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY—Per doz., good heavy hens. 4.50 a 5.00; light o medium, 3.00@4.25; young roosters. 4.00@5.00; old roosters, heavy. 3.50@4.00; torliers. 1.75@2.50; fryers. 2.75@4.00; ducks. 6.00@5.00; turkeys, live, 10@11 per lb.; geese, 15@1.00 LIVE STOCK.

HOGS-Per cwt., 4.50%5.00.
CATTLE - Per cwt., 3.50%4.00 for prims steers; 2.00%3.25 for cows and helfers.
SHEEP-Per head, wethers, 3.50%4.00; ewes, 1.00%3.50; shearlings, all kinds, 3.00%3.50; lambs, 1.50%2.05% 25. lambs, 1.50@2.25. PROVISIONS.

PROVISIONS.

BACON-Per lb., Rex breakfast, 104
wrapped, 11%; plain wrapped, 11%; lidium, 9½; medium, 8; bacon bellies,
HAMS-Per lb., Rex brand, 10%;
mild cure, 9%; plenie, 5½; boneless, 9
DRY SALT FORK — Per lb., clear bellies. 8½; short clears, 7½; clear backs, 7½.
DRIED BEEF — Per lb., insides, 14½; outsides, 11.
PICKLED BEEF — Per bbl., 13.00; rump butts, 13.00. PICKLED PORK - Per bbl., Sunderland, 14.00.
LARD-Per lb., in therees. Rex. pure leaf.
744: Ivery compound, 544: Sustene, 544: special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 7%; Orange brand, 508, 534; 108, 93; 58, 543; 594.

FRESH MEATS. BEEF-Per lb., 614@614. VEAL-Per lb., 7@714. MUTTON-Per lb., 7@71½; lamb, 8. PORK-Per lb., 7½. HIDES, WOOL AND TALLOW.

HIDES-Dry, as they run, 14% per lb.; kip, 2; calf, 15; murrain, 10; bulls, 7. TALLOW-Per lb., No. 1, 21/4@21/2; No. 2, 2.

HONEY AND BEESWAX. HONEY — Per lb., comb, in frames, 9@11; trained, @6\foralle.
BEESWAX—Per lb., 20@25.

NEW YORK MARKETS

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] NEW YORK, July 18.-The downward ought back slightly above Saturday's close overflow of funds into stocks was munifest today. The allotment of the government bonds, it is felt, will result in the recomment of large sums on account of the rejected subscriptions. Business in bonds was light today, and prices sagged early, but later recovered. Total sales were \$2.240,000. United States old fours registered declined 4, and the fives coupon advanced 34 in the bid price.

London Financial Market.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The Evening Post's financial cablegram from London says: "The stock markets were stagnant today, pending developments of Spanish-American affairs. Americangs were dull from the opening and quite featureless. Spanish bonds improved. rising to 37%. An influx of £100,000 in gold from South America to the Bank of England has reasured the money market, somewhat, although had the coins been full weight there would have been the less chance of their going into the bank, there still being an inquiry for gold in the market. The Paris and Berlin markets were quiet." London Financial Market.

Closing Stocks-Actual Sales. Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison ... 13% St. Paul & O. ... 81%
Atchison pfd ... 34% St. P. & O. pfd. 154
Baltimore & O. 13% St. P. M. & M. .153
Can. Pacific ... 83
Can. South ... 52½ So. R. R. ... 8%
Can. South ... 52½ So. R. R. pfd. ... 30%
Ches. & Ohio. ... 22%
Ches. & Ohio. ... 22%
Ches. & Ohio. ... 22%
Ches. & Ohio. ... 23%
C. & E. Ill. ... 54
C. C. C. & St. L. 41%
C. C. C. pfd. ... 88
D. L. & W. & L. E. ... 1
Del. & Hudson ... 104½
W. & L. E. ... 1
Del. & Hudson ... 104½
W. & L. E. ... 1
Del. & Hudson ... 104½
D. & R. G. ... 11½
Adams Ex ... 100
D. & R. G. ... 11½
Am. Express ... 133 & R. G. pfd... Adams Ex Am. Express United States Wells-Fargo A. Cot. Oil. A. C. O. pfd. Am. Spirits Am. S. pfd. Am. T. pfd. People's Gas Com. Cable Co. C. F. & I. C. F. & I. pfd. Gen. Electric Ill. Steel Prie (new)
Prie 1st pfd...
Port Wayne
Preat N. pfd.
Preat N. pfd. Gen. Electric Ill. Steel .... Laclede Gas for. West forth Am. Co... forth Pac. forth Pac. pfd. Ontario & W. 11-2
Or. R. & Nav. 48
Oregon S. L. 28
Pittsburgh 170
Reading 1046
Rock Island 554-2
St. L. & S. P. 73-2
St. L. 1st pfd. 61
St. L. 2d pfd. 2844
St. Paul 8845
St. Paul 9845
St. Paul pfd. 151

\*Offered.

box; Mexican Ilmes, repack, 5.50@6.00; pears, Bartlett, 1.00@1.25 box.

Poultry—Turkey gobblers, 14@15c hens, 13@14; old roosters, 3.75@4.25; young roosters, 5.50@6.50; small breilers, 2.00@3.00; large broilers, 2.00@4.50; fryers, 4.00@4.50; hens, 3.50@4.50; fryers, 5.00; old ducks, 2.75@3.00; young ducks, 3.00@4.00; geese, 75@1.00 per pair; old pigeons, 1:25. @1.50; young pigeons, 1.25@1.50; goslings, 1.00@1.25. U. S. 4s coup.... 110@111

N. C. 68 125 N. C. 48 107 N. P. 18t8 112½ N. P. 28 634 N. P. 43 98 98 98 N. Y. C. & St. L. 105½ N. W. 68 125 N. W. Con. 142½ N. W. Con. 142½ O. Nav. 1sts. 111 O. Nav. 1sts. 111 O. Nav. 43 95½ O. S. L. 68 127 O. S. L. 58 104½ Pactice 68, 95 101 Receipts. Receipts.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Flour, quarter sacks, 3301; wheat, centals, 240; Bort Costa, 44,639; barley, centals, 2505; oats, centals, Oregon, 1220; beans, sacks, 415; rye, centals, 390; petatoes, sacks, 6177; onlons, sacks, 891; bay, tons, 1941; straw, tons, 66; wool, bales, 215; hides, 4.04; quicksilver, flasks, 9; wine, gallons, 33,600. San Francisco Mining Stocks

San Francisco Mining Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18. — The official closing quotations or mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta ... 8 Ophir ... 13

Alpha Con 2 Overman 3 Beicher 8 Potosi 14

Best & Beicher 11 Savage 10

Caledonia ... 15 Scorpion 1

Con. Cal. & Va 33 Sierra Nevada 41

Crown Point 4 Sliver Hill 3

Gould & Curry 4 Union Con 14

Hale & Nor. 48 Utah Con 2

Kentuck Con 3 Yellow Jacket 9

Mexican 8 Standard ... 45

Occidental Con 55

Callboard Sales.

BOSTON, July 18.—Atchison, 13¼; Bell Telephone. 272; Burlington, 105½; Mexican Central, 4¾.

LONDON, July 18.-Spanish fours closed Spanish Fours at Paris.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS.

Grain and Provisions.

Grain and Provisions.

[ASSOCIATED PIRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, July 18.—Corn absorbed all the interest in the speculative pits today. There was an enormous business done in corn, and Saturday's advance was well maintained until near the end of the session. The weather was another factor of importance, and that was on the side of the bulls. The corn belt was without rains over Sunday, and the Weather Bureau forecast gave none for thirty-six hours. The wheat pit ceased to be attractive to the bulk of the grain speculators, who crowded the somewhat confined area of the corn pit to a most uncomfortable degree. A shower of rain on La Saile street had a tendency to create weakness near the close. There was generous profit taking by the smaller holders on the bulges, and offerings from this source greatly aided reactions. September closed ½c lower. Excellent weather for harvesting and threshing, together with good crop reports and lower cables, started wheat easy. The opening strength in corn, the small receipts of the new crop of wheat throughout the country, and the heavy decrease in the visible caused general buying of wheat on soft spots. As a result the early decline was more than recevered. July closed ¾c higher. September ½c lower and December ¾s. Oats followed corn, closing ¼c lower. Speculation in provisions was rather timble caused general buying of wheat on soft spots. As a result the early decline was more than recevered. July closed ¾c higher. September ½c lower and December ¾s. Oats followed corn, closing ¼c lower. The strength was also some improvement in botthe was also some improvement in botthe southern and foreign demand. Pork left of 2½c lower, lard unchanged, and ribs 2½c higher. Wheat. No. 2-JASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.

33% 33%@33% 34% 36% May Oats. No. 2— July September ...

By July 2314
Septemb r 19%
May 2234
Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was steady; No. 2 spring wheat, 75; No. 3 spring wheat, 7080; No. 2 red, 764/20764; No. 2 corn, 33%@34; No. 2 corn, 33%@34; No. 2 corn, 33%@34; No. 2 corn, 33%@34; No. 1 flax seed, 1.02; prime timothy seed, 2.55; mess pork, per bbl., 9.90@9.95; lard, per 100 lbs., 5.60@5.62; short ribs. sides (loose) 5.55695.85; dry salted shoulders (boxed.) 4%/@5; short clear sides (boxed.) 6.10 @6.20.

Grain Movement

| Recipts Shipments | Recipts | Reci

Chicago Livestock Market.
CHICAGO, July 18.—Cattle were steady and strong; choice steers, 5.05@5.59; medium, 4.65 @4.80; beef steers, 4.15@4.60; stockers and feeders, 3.094.65; bulls, 2.30@4.25; cows and helfers, 3.15@4.60; canners, 2.40@2.16; calves, 2.32@7.60; western steers, 4.30@3.15. Hogs were about steady; fair to choice, 3.85@4.40; packers, 3.80@3.82%; butchers, 3.80@4.45; mixed, 3.75@4.40; lights, 3.70@4.40; pigs, 2.75 @4.50; higher, 3.80@4.82%; higher, 3.80@4.82%; Receipts—Cattle, 17.60; hogs, 44.60; sheep, 11,600.
Kansas City, July 18.—Cattle—Receipts

KANSAS CITY, Live-stock Market.

KANSAS CITY, July 18.—Cattle—Receipts

000: the market was steady to strong;

tecers. 4.095.25: cows and heifers, 1.5094.55;

tockers and feeders, 3.256.50; bulls, 2.509

3.5. Hogs—Receipts 6000; the market was

weak to 5c lower; bulk of sales, 2.7562.95;

teavies, 3.0964.00; backers, 3.7562.99; missel,

covers, 3.7093.75;

joint Joint Market was firm; lambs 3.7566.15; muttons,

2.5094.50; 3.094.76; joint Jo

Visible Supply.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The satement of the visible supply of grain in store and affoat Saturday, July 16, as compiled by the New York Stock Exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 10,461,690 bushels: decrease 2,055,090 bushels. Corn, 19,983,000 bushels: decrease 2,372,000.

Oais, 5,577,000 bushels; decrease 383,000, Rye, 460,000 bushels; decrease 318,000. Barley, 585,000 bushels; increase 11,000. Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool for the week were: From Atlantic Diverpool for the week were: From Atlantic ports, 79,300 quarters; from Pacific ports, 800,00 quarters; from other ports, 39,000 quarters. Wheat — Futures closed quict, July, 68,74d; September, 58,74d; Corn—Spot American mixed, steady, 38,2d; October, steady, 38,2d; October, steady, 38,2d; Fruit at New York.

Fruit at New York.

NEW YORK, July 18.—California fruit sold today: Pears—Bartletts—1.7502.40. Prunes—Tragedys. 1.0501.30: Satsuma, 8001.10. Plums—Purple Duane, 1.2021.35: Burbanks, 750. 1.75: California Red. 1.6001.75: Royal Hetive, 1.05: Peach. 1.4001.60. Cherries—Royal Annes, 2501.25; Republicans, 5502.40. California Dried Fruits.

NEW YORK, July 18.—California dried fruits easy: evaporated apples, common, 6 ms; prime wire tray, 8\frac{1}{2}; choice, 8\frac{1}{2}\text{0} = \frac{1}{2} \text{1} \text{Mooparate, 10m212; peaches, unpecied, 12m36.} 011 Transactions.

OIL CITY, July 18.—Credit balances, 94; certificates, no bids; no sales; closed cash certificates, no blus, ...
coffered 94.
Copper and Lead.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Copper quiet at 1.50 Lead, quiet; brokers, 3.80; exchange, Fruit at Chiengo.

## CHICAGO, July 18.—California fruit sold today: Pears—Bartletts, 1.80@2.00 .

### SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Flour—Family extras, 4.63@4.70; bakers' extras, 4.40@4.50.

Wheat — Shipping, nominal at 1.23%@1.25; milling, 1.35@1.45 per cental; brewing, nominal.

Oats—Poor to fair, 1.20@1.25 per cental; fair to choice, 1.27½@1.25½; fancy feed, 1.35@1.37½; gray, 1.25@1.27½; milling, 1.30@1.35; supprise, 1.32½@1.37½; supprise, 1.32½@1.37½; supprise, 1.32½@1.37½; milling, 1.30@2.50; supprise, 1.32½@1.37½; supprise, 1.32½@1.37½; milling, 1.30@2.50; supprise, 1.32½@1.37½; supprise, 1.32½@1.37½; supprise, 1.32½@1.37½; milling, 1.30@2.50; supprise, 1.32½@1.32%; supprise, 1.32%; supprise, 1.3

Milistufis. Middlings. 19.502.12.60; bran. 15.06
file.00 per ton.
Hay-Wheat and oat. 17.50219.50; straw, per bale, 72295; alfalfa, 12.50213.50; wheat and oat. 17.50218.50.
Vegetables. Silverskin onions, for new red. 35260; green peas, 19.2024; garlic, 203; chile green peppers. 40275 box; egg plant, 7521.00; atring beans, 3; okra, 6521.00 box; summer adaptation of the seconds of

Caliboard Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Wheat was inactive; December, 1.27%; barley not quoted; corn, large yellow, 1.00@1.02½; bran, 15.00@16.00. Callboard Sales.

Drafts and Silver. SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Silv 584; Mexican dollars, 46%@46%; sight, 15; drafts, telegraph, 17%.

RAILROAD RECORD.

TRAINS TO BE ON TIME Excursion to Ensenada-Notes and

The Santa Fé Company has made a record in getting the line in New Mexico, which was damaged by heavy rains, in shape so soon. The line is now in working order and open for regular business. The delayed train will get here today, and from today trains both ways will be on time.

J. T. Whedon, at one time superin-tendent on the California Southern, afterward on the Mt. Lome road, has just been made superintendent of the United Verde and Pacific line near Je-

rome, Ariz.

The Santa Fé, in conjunction with the steamer St. Denis from San Diego, proposes an excursion to Ensenada, leaving here August 5 and 6 and San Diego the 7th. C. C. Sroufe, resident engineer of the

Southern Pacific at Tucson, is in the city on a visit.

W. G. Nevin, general manager of the Santa Fé, is in San Diego. The company is making preparations to put up more houses at that point for business in connection with the line of steamers expected to ply between there and the

The Burlington line brought in an excursion car full of well-to-do people yesterday. They all profess an intention to settle in this section.

tion to settle in this section.

The party of Turners who went to
Mt. Lowe Sunday numbered 250.

A. P. McGinnis of the Santa Fé made a start for the East yesterday.
S. B. Hynes, general manager of the
Terminal, is home from a long stay at
the Feet. the East.

WANTS HIS "GRIPS."

Bowers Calls on the Chief, but Will Have to Prove Ownership.

George D. Bowers, whose case for ceating the Van Nuys Hotel was dismissed last week, called at the office of Chief Glass yesterday afternoon and Chief Glass yesterday afternoon and demanded six valises shipped by him before his flight to Levi Strauss, Sacramento. The baggage is, however, under attachment issued by Routzahn & Gilkey for a bill of \$125 for clothes made and furnished Bowers. He left the office of the Chief without his baggage, as it is plainly consigned to Levi Strauss at Sacramento, and Bowers, while in jail here, would not admit that he ever went under that alias. Before he can get the grips he will have to make this acknowledgment and sign a receipt for them.

At the time Bowers was released from the charge of beating a hotel, it was known that the account had been squared, and the department paid for expenses incurred in sending an officer

expenses incurred in sending an officer north after him. It has since leaked out that it was "Poker Davis" who furnished the money, and that he is to pay the tailor bill, thereby releasing the valises, which contain Bowers's "tools," and with which he is to go to work for Davis and fix up ac-

The orders have gone out to the police force to keep an eye on Bowers, whom they consider a dangerous man, and if he attempts to "turn a trick" he will find himself in trouble.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

The California State Board of Pharmacy met at the College of Pharmacy, No. 113 Fulton street, San Francisco, No. 113 Fulton street, San Francisco, on the 13th to 16th insts. Messrs. E. C. Whiting, T. Allen, H. E. Turpin, W. R. Monroe, A. J. Dibert, C. D. Hakes, C. R. McNulty and Nora B. Curtis were registered as graduates in pharmacy. Messrs. Andrew D. Fretz and Wallace M. Hefton passed a satisfactory examinations and were registered as licentiates. Paul Herbing was registered as licentiate on diploma. The following were registered as assistants: A. Leavell, E. A. Cockburn, A. Spiro, W. A. Madden, Kate R. Chaigneau, L. Welte, C. Evers, D. R. Terwilliger and L. C. Jacobs.

Jacobs.

It was resolved to vigorously apply the law to all who are carrying on business as pharmacists in an illegal

manner.

The next meeting of the board will be held at Los Angeles on the 5th, and at San Francisco on the 12th of October, 1898.

Training School Graduates.

The graduating exercises of the first class to graduate from the training school for nurses attached to the Hospital of the Good Samaritan on West Seventh street, will be held on Wednesday evening at 8 p.m., in the parish hall at the rear of St. Paul's Church on Olive street. The graduating class consists of the Misses Catherine Caldwell, Allice Thorns and Eveline G. Burton. Short addresses will be made by some of the physicians and surgeons who are in attendance at the hospital, and the certificates will be delivered to the nurses by the president of the hospital, the Rt. Rev. Joseph H. Johnson, D.D., who will also make an address. Training School Graduates. make an address.

PATRIOTIC Americans, call only for Eagle American) liquors. Woollacott, agent. TRUNK', BAGS, LEATHER GOODS J. C. Cunningham, manufacturer, dealer; re-airing a specialty. 222 S. Main. Tel. M. 818.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powde AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY

## Wonderful Results

Sarsaparilla Makes Repeated Cures in this Family— inflammation of the Bowels, Headaches, Liver Complaint.

"After having the measles my father was left with inflammation of the bowels, and prescriptions did not do him any good. We read about Hood's Sarsapagood. We read about Hood's Sarsapa-rilla, and he began taking it and it cured him and he has had no bowel complaint since that time. My brother was a sickly child and was always troubled with headaches. He has taken four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is now well. My mother is taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for liver complaint and it is helping her. We regard Hood's Sarsaparilla as a wonderful medicine, and recommend it to others who are suffering. MISS MARY THURLOW, Bakersfield, Cal. Be sure to get only Hood's, because

## Hood's Sarsa-parilla Is the best-in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Hood's Pills do not cause pain or

But it is also true that a number of young men are to be found who are old before their time. Some even are said to be old before they are young. What causes this? Disregard of the of laws of nature. It is your duty to live your life according to the laws of good reasonto use nature's gifts with common sense and not to abuse them. The one certain result of excess is weakness. Will power goes; nerves get all unstrung; sleep does not refresh; confidence in your own power is destroyed, and you can do nothing with either satisfaction to yourself or any one else. The joy of vigorous manhood which you once had

# Forget.

Why not feel it again? Never despair, Thousands upon thousands have been cured and made men of whose vitality was wasting away, and from whom hope had almost gone. It is the mission of "Hudyan" to bring prompt relief and a permanent cure to all cases of weak and weakened vital force. "Hudyan" males the very fingers tingle with fresh life, with fresh hope, with buoyant spirits and with a sense of full power. Work is again a pleasure. Ask for free circulars and testimonials showing what wonders it has accomplished. There are cases from every State in the Union and many from abread. Remember, no particle of expense to you. Medical advice is free,

# Despair

Hudson Medical Institute, Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts., SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.



fresh by frequent spins Monarch

Headache and poor appetite yield to Built right, ride easy, none better. 13 Monarchs \$50 and \$60.

'97 Monarchs \$35.
MONARCH CYCLE MFG. CO...
HICAGO. Sold State | NEW YORK.

Sold at retail by Live Agents Wanted for Local Territory.

BAD BREATH

CANDY OCCUPETO

CURE CONSTIPATION. ... NO-TO-BAC Sold and gnaranteed by all drug

NEW

#### LINES OF TRAVEL

TERMINAL RAILWAY. TIME CARD IN EFFECT JULY 2, 1898.
From Los Angeles to— DEPART. ARRIVE.
Ilendale, "0:25 am "7:30 am
Tropico and "11:09 am "12:15 am
Verdugo Park ..... "5:30 pm "6:45 pm

## Pacific Coast Steamship Co.



AMERICAN AND RED STAR LINES.

AMERICAN AND RED STAR LINES.
To England, Antwerp and the Continent.
RED STAR LINE.
New York, Philadelphia, Southampton,
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(Philadelphia-Liverpool Service.) Philadelphia, Queenstown, Liverpool Under
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Speed, Safety, Comfort. Reliability.
For Alaska and the Gold Fleids
Steamer Pennsylvania, 3404 tons; Steamer
Conemaugh, 2404 tons. (Formerly in the
Transatiantic service of the American
Line) Appointed sailings from Seattle:
PENNSYLVANIA, JULY 16. CONEMAUGH,
JULY 23. Connecting with company's fleet
of new and modern steamers and barges
on the Yukon River through to Dawson City and intermediate points. For passage and freight apply to INTERNATIONAL
NAVIGATION CO., 30 Montgomery street,
San Francisco, or any of its agencies.

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EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, JUNE 5, 1898. EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, JUNE 5, 1898.

Leave Los Augeles— | Leave Redondo—
8:10 a.m. Sunday only 9:30 a.m. Sunday only 10:45 a.m. Sunday only 1:30 p.m. Daily 9:30 a.m. Bunday only 1:00 a.m. Daily 4:15 p.m. Bunday only 1:30 p.m. Sat. only 6:30 p.m. Sat. only

Take Grand-avenue | 6:30 p.m. Sat. only

Take Grand-avenue | Company | Co



Oceanics.S. Co Next sailing will be July 13, Steamship Alameda, for Hon-olulu. Samoa, New Zealand and Aus-tralia. HUGH B. RICE, Agent, 23) South Spring St

TENTS. FLAGS. Ore Sacks. Cotton Ducks J. H. MASTERS,

# Jacia Diemishes

NILES PEASE Furniture BIG CO. STORE. 439-441-443 S. SPRING ST.

\$3 Shoes

Unequalled elsewhere at \$4. Waterman's Shoe Store 122 South Spring Street.

# Rectal I roubles,

Chronic diseases and all female diseases— private hospital. Dr. Pritchard, 155 North Spring Street, hours 12 to 4. Tel. Green 261.

Going Fishing?
Want a Nice Hammock?
Piay Golf or Tennis?
Croquet or Baseball?
Ride a Bicycle?
Try the big store, for you can get
assortment, quality and prices. AVERY CYCLERY, 410 South Broadway

s successfully all Female Diseases and clarities; also Catarrh, Bronchitts, and other pulmonary troubles by test improved methods. Twenty-nve



NOTICE - UNITED STATES LAND OF-ce, Los Angeles, Cal., June 20, 1898. To il whom it may concern: Whereas, by let-"F" of April 15, 1898, the Hon Commis-NOTICE — UNITED STATES LAND OFfice. Los Angeles, Cal., June 29, 1898. To
all whom it may concern: Whereas, by letter "F" of April 15, 1898, the Hon. Commissioner of the general land office has disected that all lands lying within the oversapping limits of the Atlantic and Pacific
Railroad Company's grant, by act of July
7, 1866, and the Southern Pacific Railroad
branch line grant, by act of March 3, 1871,
and not within the twenty-mile primary
limits of the grant, by the former act of July
72, 1866, to the Southern Pacific Company for
its main line, heretofore reserved from entry
too the Southern Pacific Company for
its main line, heretofore reserved from entry
too the Southern Pacific Company for
its main line, heretofore reserved from entry
too the Southern Pacific Company for
its main line, heretofore reserved from entry
too the Southern Pacific Company for
its main line, heretofore between the secotions and directed that a day be set for such
restoration. Now, therefore, we hereby fix
10 o'clock a.m., as the day upon which said
ands will be subject to entry at this office.
The additions referred to above are as foilows, to-wit: The S's of sections 7, 9 and 11,
and all of sections 13, 15 and 17, in tp 7 N,
ranges 11, 12 and 13 W, S.B.M., being within
the twenty-mile primary limits of the Southern Pacific main line grant. The exceptions

cants for any portion of said restored lands, whatever the character of the claims asserted, that their said applications confer no right upon them, and the same shall be held by this notice to be rejected. And such applicants are further notified of the necessity critical presenting new applications for the protection of their rights, if any they have, and that such new applications will not be received until said 6th day of September, 1888, the day upon which this restoration takes effect, and on said day, said lands will be open to entry and disposal without regard to such prior applications. A. J. CROOK-SHANK, Register: ARTHUR W. KINNEY, Receiver.

## OPIUM HABIT CURED.

Oplum. Morphine and Liquor Habit absolutely and permanently cured in from 20 to 80 days. No publicity, no deten-tion from business, and no desire for the drug after the first dose of medicine.



Dr. Harry Smith,



Cleveland. 534 SOUTHBROADWAY.

See Our \$50 00

Cheapest Store on Earth. Send for Catalogue Broadway Department Store, Los Angeles.

#### PASADENA.

CO. I AND THE SEVENTH.

Traction Franchise Referred to the City Attorney Again—Advisa-bility of a Garbage Crematory

PASADENA, July 18.—[Regular Corre-pondence.] There was a buzz of interest in town tonight over the arrival from San Francisco of Capt. W. L. Lippincott of Co. and many were the people having sons and He says the boys, though very anx

make."

Capt. Lippincott has a short furlough, and will be in Pasadena three or four days. He is in fine form, and his stay in camp has not done him a bit of hurt. He says he has not had the slightest inkling as to when his command will be ordered from San Francisco.

GARBAGE CREMATORY.

employ a teacher and establish such a de-partment in the regular course.

The Pasadena and Los Angeles Electric Railway has received its new 500-horse power engine, and it will be ready to start in about a week. The road can then run a car a minute between the two cities if it is necessary.

a car a minute between the two cities if it is necessary.

Jocko, the pet monkey of Echo Mountain, has come to his death. He developed such an omniverous appetite that he at cats, chickens, dogs and apricots, indiscriminately, and a farmer down the valley shot him. Warren Rodgers was kicked in the breast, knocked down and almost dragged out by a frightened horse Sunday. He bled internally and suffered severe bruises, but pluckily came to the front again today.

The meeting at the Presbyterian chapel Wednesday afternoon is for all young women in favor of organizing a society for temperance work, and physical culture.

A deputy collector of internal revenue vis-

EWS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA TOWNS.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

ING TO A CLOSE.

Recorded-Fine Prospects for Next Year-Irrigation Discussed.

RIVERSIDE, July 18.— [Regular Correspondence.] The total number of boxes of oranges shipped from Riverside this season to late is 1,328,355. Saturday's shipment amounted to 1750 boxes. Very little fruit will

Held by Two Men and Pounded by

had been drinking and got into a brawl. Laruito claims that he was held by two men while a third pounded him with a stake. The cuts on his head were apparently made with a knife, though Laruito declared, when questioned by Dr. Johnson, that no knife had been used. The cuts extend clear to the bone. Fear of development of brain troubles is entertained. Laruito has so far refused to place charges against his assallants, though he

out cause.
SALE OF WALNUTS.

ORANGE COUNTY.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT BY INDIANS ON A CHINAMAN.

Left for Dead-Gray C. Southern Testifies in His Own Defense-A New Bridge Wanted.

The main feature of today's session of the trial of Gray C. Southern for the murder of Cuero, the old Indian who was are not dropping to any great extent. It is generally believed that next year's crop will be greater by hundreds of carloads than the one just marketed, on account of the increased acreage coming into bearing, together with the increase that follows with the age of the irrees.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.

An inquest was held Saturday evening at the office of Undertaker Squires, over the remains of Patrick Carroll, the Southern Pacific workman, who died as a result of injuries received Saturday morning. A verdict of accidental death was rendered, and the remains were interred here Sunday. Carroll was not well known by the men with whom he worked, and it is not believed that he had any relatives in this part of the country.

George H. Maxwell, Esq., an authority on irrigation matters, spoke at Y.M.C.A. Hall Saturday night, Mr. Maxwell advocates Pederal storage reservoirs, a State system and irrigation district disasters, and arid land reclamation. He vigorously condemns the Wright Irrigation Act.

SUPERVISORS MEET.

The County Board of Supervisors met today as a Board of Equalization.

A little other business was transacted in the way of auditing bills, and organizing a new judicial township, to be known as Bergman, and composed of Sage, Cottonwood and Cahullia Precinets. Temecula Precinct was an and composed of Sage, Cottonwood and Cahullia Precincts.

The board adjourned to sit as a Board of Equalization.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND.

Sunday Visitors—Big Fish Catches—Personal Notes. AVALON (Catalina Island,) July 18.-[Regular Correspondence.] The island was visited claims the attack was unwarranted and with- by many people yesterday, who found it hard

certained. Larvitto has so far refused to place chickens, dogs and apricost, indiscriminately, and a farmer flows the valley shot him, the control of the control of the valley shot him, the control of the control of the valley shot him, the control of the control of the valley shot him, the control of the

George Goodfellow, who have been guests of the Metropole for the past menth, left on this morning's early boat for their home in San Francisco. W. S. Goodfellow and two sons, who sailed down on their private yacht La Paloma, will leave next week for the North. Nat Wilshire and Peter Martin, guests of the Metropole for the past week, returned to Los Angeles yesterday. George D. Patten, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. U. B. Banning for a few days, returned to Los Angeles yesterday. Dr. H. G. Brainard of Los Angeles has Joined his family here for a two-weeks' outside.

Rev. Dr. William Noble to Succeed

REDLANDS, Ju'y 18.-[Regular Correspond-ence.] At a meeting held at the church yes-terday afternoon, the members selected Dr. recently of San Rafael, to succeed Dr. Miller,

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

RECRUITING CO. B TO ITS FULL STRENGTH.

imental Officers-Played With Dynamite and Has One Eye Left,

country, played with a dynamite cap and a match. A thumb and three fingers went, and the doctor has hopes of saving one eye. The pumps at the Coronado Springs are pumping 850,000 gallons daily. The San Diego Flume Company is taking advantage of the dry season to spread asphalt along the bottom of the flume box all the way down the line to prevent leakage.

Resort Notes.

HOTEL DEL CORONADO, July 18.—[Regular Correspondence.] Yesterday was an ideal day here. The surf was filled with bathers, while a short distance away the pier was black with anglers. All the fishermen made fain catches, too, with one or two especially lucky ones. John G. Hinkel of San Diego caught a let of fine fat pompano, kingfish, others got flounders, pompano, kingfish, croakers, perch and corbina. Several men, fishing from shore through the surf, got surf fish and corbina, weighing as high as four and five pounds.

The new boulevard along the sea was utilized by a number of drivers and riders. The golf grounds were in use, regardless of the fact that it was Sunday. Tennis, billiards and bowing were induiged in. The sacred concert in the ballroom attracted several hundred people. Miss Mary Butler of San Diego was the soloist, and when she sang, in honor of the recent victories, "Columbia Rules the Seas," there was great cheering.

CORANADO BREVITES.

R. F. Vogel of Los Angeles registered here vesterday. HOTEL DEL CORONADO, July 18.—[Reguar Correspondence.] Yesterday was an

R. F. Vogel of Los Angeles registered here

CORANADO BREVITTES.

R. F. Vogel of Los Angeles registered here yesterday.

J. W. Teasdale, a wealthy business man of St. Louis, is here with his family, consisting of the Misses Manute and Sadie Teasdale.

W. E. Cumback of San Francisco is here with the same time here.

J. W. Wicks of Toronto, Can., arrived yesterday to spend a week or two.

General Manager Nevin of the Santa Fé Pacific and family, left this morning for Los Angeles, after a rest and outing at the hotel.

George D. Curtis, editorial writer on the Hartford Times, left yesterday for the North with Mrs. Curtis, Mrs. Ransom and Miss Iola Ransom of Norwich, Ct.

Apartments have been reserved at Hotel de Coronado for Mme. Modjeska and company, who will spend a few weeks here resting and rehearsing. After her vacation me Mme Modjeska will play one night at Fisher's Operahouse and then go to New York.

A pretty little fawn, less than a week old, was one of the attractions for young and old yesterday. The fawn is with its mother in a little inclosure on the lawn, under the tral America, presented to E. S. Babcock by an officer from an English warship, All the deer thrive well in this climate.

The following telegrain was received saful day afternoon from Brig.-Gen. H. G. Otis Camp Merritt, San Francisco, July 16.—J. Britth, James Fleming, J. B. Parazette, W. S. Hooper and others: Your dispatch roceived I deeply regret by granted now. Superior that the same statement of the same superior authority has decreed otherwise." Superior authority has decreed otherwise.

Howard H. Baker of San Bernardino proposes to leave the law for the ministry. He has been granted a local license by Presiding Elder Caswell, and will have for his first charge the Methodist Church at Coronado, and the church at National City. Mr. Baker and family will remove to National City this week.

A marriage license was issued today to Jesse Frazier Liddell, aged 25, of Whittier, and Gussie Railford, aged 19, of Los Angeles. Joe Charles Burke of Lamanda Park, and ida Wierbach of San Diego, were married Saturday afternoon by Rev. J. C. Rollins, AZUSA.

Gold Found in the San Gabriel

Canyon.

AZUSA, July 18.—[Regular Correspondence.] The San Gabriel Mining Company, whose field of operations is at the head of San Gabriel Cafion, is just now in high glee by reason of a rich find yesterday. The company is running a tunnel under the bed of the creek to drain the gravel above down to bedrock, in order to work the auriferous deposits known to hold much gold. The tunnel is now in some 1500 feet, and at bedrock level. The test of the gravel at this point yesterday produced \$17 gold, among which was a \$6.50 nugget. V. M. Grever, the secretary of the company, has the gold in his possession. Some ten years of patient labor thus finds its reward.

tute the board of directors.

SUPERVISORS IN SESSION.

The County Board of Supervisors met in regular session today. The clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for thirty-six twelve and a half bell tents, for funigating purposes, the specifications to be furnished by the Horticultural Commissioners. The bids will be opened August 1. It was decided to insure the tents at present stored for \$500. County Assessor A. G. Kendall was granted a leave of absence of sixty days, beginning August 1.

and family will remove to National City this week.

Lane Smith today filed a claim to fifty inches of water, to be taken from the Mill Creek zanja at its intersection with West State street, Redlands. The water is to be used for irrigating property bounded by Citrus avenue, the zanja and New York street, the means of diversion to be a 12x15-inch flume.

Santiago Moreno, who is held to answer on the charge of grand larceny for the alleged stealing of a horse belonging to C. J. Mason of Chino, had his trial set by Judge Oster today for September 29, in Department Two. A venire of twenty-five jurors was ordered drawn.

Judge Campbell announced Saturday that after July 39 no probate calendar will be called until September 17, and no trial calendar until September 19, during which time Judges Oster and Campbell will enjoy their annual vacation.

The Ontario-Cucamonga Fruit Exchange apportional \$25,000 among its members early

annual vacation.

The Ontario-Cucamonga Fruit Exchange apportioned \$25,000 among its members early last week, and on Saturday over \$6000 was paid by the exchange for oranges. The total amount paid to members this season is \$69,000.

Canyon.

the valise was recovered from a pawn

The Huey preliminary examination went on again yesterday afternoon. Huey said that he saw the Zeller and Duquette boys the morning of his wife's accident in the rear of the butcher-shop which stands where Phil-lippi's peanut stand formerly stood. It was in this building he saw the boys, was in this building he saw the boys, and he was mistaken when he said it was the peanut stand. A man named Temple testified to having seen and talked to the two boys in the butchershop from 10:10 o'clock to 11 o'clock on the morning of, the accident, which covers the time when it occurred. The case will again come up this morning, when the prosecution will put in evidence in rebuttal.

More Boy Burglars.

Last Thursday Elisha K. Green, dealer in windmills and supplies, who does business at No. 661 Buena Vista street, reported to the police that some street, reported to the police that some 200 or 300 pieces of brass, including some valuable faucets, had been stolen from his place of business. On Saturday the detectives arrested Mike Ballestero and E. Lurkini, and yesterday Joe Lopez was sent to keep the other two company, all charged with the burglary. The three boys are from 14 to 18 years of age.

RIPPLES OF MIRTH.

[Fliegende Blatter:] "If it had not been for Miller's wife he would have quandered all his property in a year." "What did she do?" "She anticipated him."

ance is bliss, you know, tis folly to be wise. She. I know the poet says so, but still you don't seem to be of a specially

ment."
"Yes," said she, "and realism?"
"Oh," he replied, "that's what we are
up against now."

[Tit-Bits:] She. When you married ne, you said you were well off. He. I was, but I didn't know it.

[Tit-Bits:] Fond mother. What do you think baby will be when he grows

Exasperated father. I don't know; a town crier, likely. [Washington Star:] He. Do you be-lieve in marrying for money? She. I don't know; but I believe in divorcing for alimony.

JOHN BULL AND JONATHAN.

John said to Jonathan,
"What's gone wrong with you—
Waking all us quiet folk
With Yankee-doodle-doo?
You're not sole owner of the earthe
From Cuba to Luzon."
"Are all the lingoes our side, dad?"
Said Jonathan to John. John said to Jonathan,
"Where do you come in?
Spain's inside her own back yardYou're not the Cubans' kin;
One can't be always squaring up
When some one's put upon."
"Was Byron an Athenian?"
Said Jonathan to John.

John said to Jonathan.

"Can't you draw it mild?
A quiet talk may do them good,
But war will drive them wild.
He's got some pluck left in him yet,
This proud old Spanish don;"
"Drake's a sort o' cousin o' mine,"
Said Jonathan to John.

"Ay," said John to Jonathan,
"That sort of taik's all right,
But-ls it only chivairy
That stirs you up to fight?
There is a place called Wall street,
And we know its goings-on."
"New York's not all the United States,"
Said Jonathan to John.

"I do admit," said Jonathan,
"I'm plaguey apt to brag;
You're not so meek yourself, my dad,
When others taunt your flag;
But now we've actifed down to work
You'll find the bragging gone—
We'll not disgrace the family;"
Said Jonathan to John.

[A. W. José in Sydney Town and Country
Journal. Fruit at New York.

NEW YORK, July 18.—California fruit was auctioned today at following prices: Pears—Bartletts, 180@2.40 box. Prunes—Tragedys, 1.6@1.50 single crate: German, 1.10g1.30. Plums—Bradshaws, 1.45; Washingtons, 1.20 gl.40; Abundance, 95@2.1.5. Peaches—Early Crawfords, .80 box. Fifteen cars sold today.

stay. Al Kette and family of Los Angeles are camping here for a short time. L. Perrin and a games McDougall of Pasadena are pleasantly located on First atreet. Leas Bloakmore, Mrs. J. B. Bleakmore and E. R. Howard of Los Angeles are located on First atreet hear Clarissa are noted on First atreet hear Clarissa avenue for the summer. CATALINA BREVITIES.

Mrs. W. S. Goodfellow, Miss Marion Goodfellow, Miss Marion Goodfellow, Miss Edith Goodfellow and Master of the limit of the summer of the located on First atreet hear clarissa avenue, 12 minutes earlier. Central avenue, 12 minutes later.

The Boston Robe Store. C. V. Cain manager, was closed by the Sheriff on Saturday evening, on an attachment for \$170 placed by M. Cohn & Co., Los Angeles.

Incorporation is developing strong friends

Send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for a paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser;—Cloth binding ten cents extra. A whole medical library in one 1000-page volume.





Costs More to use Schilling's Best tea because you drink



Bumiller & Marsh. SHIRT MAKERS,

THE NEW -- Crystal Palace--IS NOW OPEN. MEYBERG BROS., 843-345 South Spring Street

123 South Spring Street

...... THE SURPRISE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MILLINERY ALWAYS THE LOWEST IN PRICES. 242 S. Spring St.

From the Sublime To the Useful

Pearline—Easy washing

One Pill Cures. DRS. SHORES' PRIVATE FORMULA FOR the cure of Constipation is put up in 25-cent boxes of one hundred plits in each. Directions—One pill at bedtime cures constipation: try them for sale by druggists or at Drs. Shores' office, 345 South Main street, Los Angeles.

Permanent, Painless, Harmless, No pay

J. S. BROWN, M.D., Saultarium,

Enjoy

These

**Bargains** 

While you can for

you'll never see the

like again, Of course,

you all expect millin-

ery to be cheap in

July, but the prices

during our wind-up-

of the season sale are

For instance, a big lot of

Stylish Dress
Shapes in all co'ors, worth
50c to \$1 each, at

Millinery Co.,

\*\*\*

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\$3.00

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SHOES

and wear,

SHOE CO.,

In Vici Kid or Willow

Calf than we carry can't

be found in this city. Drop in and see them. They

are on all the latest lasts. and that means comfort

INNES-CRIPPEN

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231 West Third St.

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Health Baking Powder.

It is a Pepsin Cream of

Tartar Baking Powder.

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LOWEST RATES.

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Compound

It cannot fail,

All housewives who

know how to bake

absolutely absurd.

Marvel CUT-

# City Briefs.

"Murat Haisted's Story of Cuba," cloth bound, containing over six hun-dred pages, they thus rate I given free

Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 236 South Main street.

Les Angeles Council, Y.M.I., will have Jinks at No. 1074 North Main tonight.

C. Edgar Smith, female, rectal

Police Clerk Gridley is confined to his home by sickness, his place being taken by Officer Walker.

officer Walker, are undelivered telegrams at tern Union telegraph office for Morongo, Weister & Co., Billy Morongo, Weister s. J. W. Hayes.

Dr. Joseph Kurtz will deliver a free ecture at 7:30 o'clock tonight at the ledical College, on Buena Vista street, Dr. Red Cross members who are in stian Church will give ion this evening in in honor of Mr. and ford, who are about

one of the horses attached to a de-lyery wagon of the Ohio Bakery fell nto an excavation on Fourth, between Main and Los Angeles streets, yester-lay afetrnoon. Only the fore feet of mal from its uncomfortable position, it was necessary to first widen the exca-vation, and then pull it out with ropes.

#### VICE-PRESIDENT IN TROUBLE. Harry Brown of the "Dewey Club"

Admiral Dewey has had streets named after him, bables have taken the same course, but it remained for Los Angeles to start "The Dewey Club," an organization whose president was ar-rested on Friday night on a charge of fighting, while the vice-president was also arrested for the same thing yesterday morning. Chief Glass says that if fighting is to be done the club mem-bers can go to the front, and not dis-turb the peace of the city of Los An-

turb the peace of the city of Los Angeles with drunken brawls and pugilistic encounters.

Harry Brown, the vice-president, was gathered in by Deputy Constable Mugnemi yesterday morning on a warrant charging him with having disturbed the peace and quiet of the neighborhood of First and Los Angeles streets Friday night, when he and "Red" Phillips opened up on some men who were after "Red's" coin. Brown will come before Thage Owens today for trial, on a "Red's" coin. Brown will come before Judge Owens today for trial, on a charge of battery committed on E. L.

### Knudsen Talked Too Loud.

Fred Knudsen is a street preache who has a fog-horn voice and one which Officer Murray said he could hear at least three blocks. For some time past Knudsen has been holding forth at the corner of Fifth and Broadway. Although he was requested to preach in a lower tone of voice he declined to do so, with the result that he was arrested on Saturday night and charged with disturbing the peace of Mrs. Van Bieber, who lives at No. 314 West Fifth street. The evidence was conclusive against him. Knudsen said that when the power took hold of him he was oblivious to everything and probably did speak louder than was necessary. Judge tho has a fog-horn voice and one which

T. E. NEWLIN, County Clerk.

NEARLY HALF RATES EAST.

e ship household goods in mixed car Van and Storage Co., 436 South Spri

One pleasure in using

# Cleveland's **Baking Powder**

You need never fear results. It raises just right every time.

## MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

THE CITY MUST OPERATE ITS OW!

Citizens Set Forth Their Views of How the Question Must Be Solved-Civil Service Adminis-tration of the Plant a Prime Necessity.

The settlement of the water question is aroused the keenest interest of the tizens of Los Angeles. The tabling of fifty years has met with universal approval. The opinion is generally ex-pressed that it is the duty and the best interest of the city to insist upon fulillment of its contract with the water company, and to buy the plant, as agreed upon years ago, at a price fixed y arbitrators. One question which auses a great deal of discussion is ays and means of putting the man-tement of the water plant, when once becomes city property, upon a

Below are printed a number of in-erviews with representative citizens, etting forth their opinions of the water

L. T. GARNSEY: "The water ques-L. T. GARNSEY: "The water quesion is of more importance to the peocle of this city than any national election, for it directly and immediately
concerns every citizen. The city ought
to own its own water plant. Los Angetes should not be subservient to any
class of people. If we have a contract
with any corporation or company, we
should insist that it should be carried
out and abide by its terms fully. I am
out afraid of the buraboo of long litigaot afraid of the bugaboo of long litiga on, threatened by the water company

not arrain of the bugaboo of long litigation, threatened by the water company.
Such litigation would be only an effort
to avoid fulfillment of a contract. If
five men are to control 100,000 citizens,
then I think it is time to move away
from Los Angeles. I believe that the
right will come out ahead if we just
stick to it.

"We ought to eliminate everything
under the city's jurisdiction from politics and place it under as nearly a
complete civil service as we can possibly acquire. I believe in addition
that the natural-born politicians in local offices are men who look after the
interests of their constituents,
and that if we could retire at least onehalf of them to private life we would be
better off. If we could kill half of them
that would scare the other half into
believing that we meant business and
make them give us an honest administration.

"The city must own its own water

The city must own its own water plant, and it must be administere honestly and in a busines-like way just a it would be run by private own ers. That is the solution of the water stroblem.

BURT ESTES HOWARD: "Un-

BURT ESTES HOWARD: "Unquestionably the city should own its own water plant. I am in this instance unqualifiedly in favor of municipal ownership. No corporation would want to take hold of the plant if there were not a profit to be made. Why not make that profit ourselves? Since they adopted municipal ownership of their water plants, a number of European cities have taken off taxes formerly levied on their citizens, and ceased to collect them because they were no longer needed.

"A thing which needs to be emphasized is the necessity of putting the administration of the water plant, when acquired by the city, upon a strictly civil-service basis. It is particularly fortunate that the water question came to the front just as the freeholders were beginning their labors to give the city a new charter. One of the most important things which ought to be accomplished by the new charter is to give the city civil service in the organization and conduct of its departments.

"The city need not be afraid of the

"The city need not be afraid of the threatened litigation. That is merely a bluff to keep the Council-from demand-ing the fulfillment of the contract. Bluff ing the fulfillment of the contract. Bluff is a game of two sides, and there is no reason why the city should not do a little on its own account. A fair price can be fixed for the water plant, and the citizens will be willing to pay it. But for \$3,000,000 we could build a complete new system. There is no intention for the city to act otherwise than would an honest business man, but we are not at the water company's mercy."

livious to everything and probably did speak louder than was necessary. Judge Owens took the case under advisement, allowing Knudsen to go on his own recognizance. As he left the room he was heard to remark: "I guess I'll stop preaching to Los Angeles people; they have made me too much trouble."

Yesterday's Fires.

The alarm of fire turned in yesterday morning at 7:30 o'clock was for a fire in the one-story dwelling at No. 173 North Soto street, occupied by Mrs. Babcock. The flames were extinguished after a loss of about \$200, which is covered by insurance. A gasoline stove and the necessity of keeping precise and the necessity of keeping precise and the aloss of about \$200, which is coords. The city should own its mains and pipes, just as it now owns the strong the barn belonging to dray the barn. A fence belonging to the cerrillos Coal Company was also burned, and a carload of coal standing an the track adjoining the barn caught are but was taken away by the switching he before a great deal of harm was lone. The total loss was about \$300.

\*\*VOTERS.\*\*

Registration closes August 15. All persons those names are not on the Great Register to 1896 must be registered before August 15 norder to vote at the coming election. Fransfers from one precinct to another which had the county must be made before to the county must be made before the county must be made the city soft the city and the city of the city should desire to own the plant the city of the city should desire to own the plant the city of the city should desire to own the plant the city of the city should desire to own the city should desire to own the

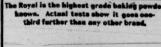
the city do the same? The only reason there could possibly be for permitting corporate ownership would be a fear of difficulty in selling the bonds, and this, I think, may be waived for Los Angeles."

M. H. NEWMARK: "It is a dangerous experiment to increase the number of public offices. When public utilities are managed by the government, as in the case of the postoffice, the results seem to be for the best interests of the people. But municipalities don't do things the way that the Federal government does. On account of the danger of official corruption, I am opposed to municipal ownership. If you are going to have the city run the water plant, why don't you have it run the gas works, the flour mills and the butcher shops? Not every man takes baths, but everybody eats bread. I may take a one-sided view of the situation, as my father owns stock in the water company."

GEORGE H. BONEBRAKE: "As a

situation, as my father owns stock in the water company."
GEORGE H. BONEBRAKE: "As a patron of the present water company I must say that I am well satisfied with both its rates and the manner in which It conducts its business. My present supply of water would cost me more if the city conducted the plant; nevertheless, as a citizen, I must say that I am in favor of having the city own every detail of the system. That is, providing it be an established fact that a city can conduct such a plant successfully. However, I am not certain if such an enterprise could be kept out of the grasps of politicians, and again, it is not well to have too many names upon the city's pay roll. But after all it would be a better, way out of the difficulty for the city to buy the plant, and so far as the financial side is concerned. I know we could do so. I am glad to see the manner in which Los Angeles's wealthy citizens have come to the front in this matter.

"Next to municipal ownership of the water system, I should prefer a new contract drawn on the lines of the old one, particular care being exercised to





prevent any infringement of the city's water rights, including all upper and lower currents of the river and its tributaries."

tributaries."
SHERMAN PAGE: "There is no question in my mind but that public policy and the best interests of the municipality require that the ownership of the water plant should be vested in the city—in fact, I am a firm advocate of the idea that all public utilities should be owned and controlled by the municipality. The policy generally adopted by cities in granting franchises is wrong; it is unwise to grant franchises to corporations without proper reservations—without re-

erally adopted by cities in granting franchises is wrong; it is unwise to grant franchises to corporations without proper reservations—without reserving any rights to the public.

"As to the Kessler proposition, it is bad—bad policy. All proposition, it is bad—bad policy. All propositions under the guise of furnishing water to the city are based upon a wrong theory. The water situation today is very serious and the question must be met squarely and earnestly; the sooner the better. There could be no advantage to the city in postponing the matter; it would prove just the reverse. As a general rule, arbitration in such matters is unsatisfactory on account of the difficulty of securing a perfectly unbiased tribunal to settle the issues involved. The water company would certainly have the advantage, as it would have no difficulty in selecting a man to guard its best interests. With the Council, however, the matter might be different, as one Councilman might favor appointing a water expert, another would want a legal luminary, and still another would prefer a business man. However, there is now, no other way. The contract with the city is explicit, affd it must be carried out."

J. FRANKENFIEED: "I am strongly in favor of municipal ownership of the water system. The city should own all public utilities, but the water system is the most important, and the people of Los Angeles should-never be content until they own their own plant. I am most decidedly opposed to any other solution of the question. The present contract should be strictly carried out to the letter. No, sir! No Kessler proposition, I would want one of Uncle Collis's fastest engines to get out of the country as fast as possible."

#### POPS BEGIN RESOLUTING

## They Follow the Lead of the Repub

The Populists are displaying a com-mendable eagerness to repudiate the action of their Democratic allies upon the water question, and to follow the example set by the Republicans. The Populist City Central Committee

met yesterday evening in the Downey Block, and adopted a series of resolu-tions, denouncing the Kessler proposition, and favoring municipal ownership of the water system.

of the water system.

The action of the Democratic City Central Committee, in approving the Kessler proposition was unkindly characterized as "an iniquitous proceeding." The spellbinders who framed the resolutions rung in the usual declamations against "gigantic monopolies" and "the blighting curse of special privilege for private profit."

Inasmuch as the Kessler proposition had received its quietus at the hands of the Republictn majority of the City Council some ten hours prior to the adoption of these resolutions, they were somewhat superfluous unless intended as a graceful indorsement of the attitude of the Republican party.

# THE COUNCIL COMMENDED.

Government League, The action of the City Council in tabling the Kessler proposition has met with hearty indorsement from the League for Better City Government. At a general meeting of the league held last evenig at Southern California

Music Hall, the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, that the League for Better City Government commends the action taken today by the City Counci in tabling the various propositions for leasing the water system of the city of Los Angeles."

#### The following licenses issued yesterday from the office of the County

Harry S. Richardson, a native of California, aged 24 years, and Jennie M. Harper a native of Illinois, aged 24 years; both residents of Los An-

HEATH—At the residence of her niece, Mrs. James F. Towell, on the 18th inst., Mrs. C. A. Heath, in the 87th year of her age, Funeral private. A. Heath, in the 87th year of her age.
Funeral private.
HAMLET—Mrs. John Hamlet, mother of Mrs.
Frank Willits and Mattie Hamlet.
Funeral Tuesday (today) at 2 o'clock p.m.,
from her late residence. No. 783 East Seventeenth street. Friends invited.
DENNIS—In this city, July 17. Eva May
Dennis (nee Milligan,) beloved wife of Albert Lee Dennis, aged 22 years.
Funeral from her late residence, No. 522
South Spring street. Tuesday, July 19, at 3
p.m. Friends invited.

### DEATH RECORD.



DAHLSTROM — In this city, July 18, 1898, Oscar F. Dahl-strom, a native of Sweden, aged 37 years. Funeral from parlors of Bob.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO

The Cash Grocer.

Our next Balloon Ascension will take place this evening at 8 o'clock. To this balloon will be attached an

3 cans Good Corn, 10 lbs. Rolled Wheat, 1 can Soup, 1 lb Soda Crackers.

The finder will be given the goods on presentation of order at OUR STORE.

Bargains at the Big Store Today.

## 3 cents

Loaf-OUR VIENNA BREAD. Owing to the low price on flour we have lowered our price on bread. 10 cents

## Cach-Large Cans ASSORTED JELLY.

18 cents Bottle - THOMPSON'S WILD CHERRY PHOSPHATE: regular price twenty-five cents. Served Free in our store today.

#### 23 cents Dozen-JELLY TUMBLERS with tin tops. We have only a few dozen left.

18 cents Dozen-JELLY GLASSES

See Our Display of Health Foods. 10 cents

## Bottle-Fine, Sweet, HOME MADE CAT-SUP, LARGE BOTTLE.

35 cents Pound—Chase & Sanborn's celebrated STANDARD JAVA and MOCHA COFFEE. We are SOLE AGENTS. Try them! ICE CREAM SODA-

> VERXA, YERXA CORNER



And faultless, too-stylish-durable-worthy. In different colored upholsterings, with fancy tops—newly improved and elaborately finished.

A fresh and varied assortment, up to \$25.

Furniture exchanged or sold on easy payments. nvalid Chairs and Baby Cabs sold or rented.

I. T. MARTIN, 531 to 535 S. Spring St.



ganitarium: 718 South Main Street.
Consultation FREE

DR. WONG,

Physician and Surgeon.

That can—that will cure you.
Locates disease by the pulse. Cures with Chinese herbs.

# メアメアメア メアメアメア 10c Madras-Mull for 5c.

Another half-price sensation in the Wash Goods section. Simply an incident of the Pre-Inventory Sale, yet worthy of

A cloth between mull and madras in weight, cool and sheer, but heavy enough for durability, pretty printings of all sorts, 30 inches wide and a 10c standard. Pre-Inventory price today only, 5c a yard.

## Pre-Inventory Sale of Women's Shoes.

Our every day shoe selling just now is a series of bargain days. Cut prices are general on brown and tan shoes, some blacks are included, but not so many. Less than two weeks to Inventory, and more than \$3,000 worth yet to sell. They'll go--prices indicate it and sales prove it. Its only a question of whether you or your neighbors will secure the bargains. Somebody will, that's certain. Every price is a straight cut. There are others besides these.

At \$1.20 Women's Oxfords in browns and tans, with hand turned-soles. Our \$3.00 to \$4.00 grades, but some sizes are gone. Choice of several kinds. At \$1.95 very latest styles in Women's Tan Lace soles and coin toes, all sizes, our \$2.50 shoes of last week, and they were worth it.

Women's Hosiery.

Three colossal values, 35c deep Wine Lisle Hose, 25c Richelieu Ribted Tan Lisle Hose and 25c Black Maco Cotton Hose; all have extra splicings and are excellent grades for good, hard 15c wear; Pre-Inventory price today,

Women's Ties.

Those neat little bows with band, so much worn with shirt waists, a new shape navy blues and changeable colors, some fancy ones, too; they were 25c yesterday and worth it; Pre-15c loventory price

#### L Ice Cream Freezers.

Pretty seasonable bargainthis. Hardly any bother to make ice cream in one of these; triple motion freezes quickly. 2-quart size: Pre-inventory price.

Straw Matting. 

Pique Shirts.

At \$3.50 Our finest Tan Shoes, The ones we have always sold for \$5.00. Made by John Foster & Co. Very latest shapes, soles turned by hand.

At 98c For Children. Dugan & Hudson's world famed \$1.50 and \$2.00 grades, button and lace styles of honest wearing tan leather. Broken lines, while they last at 98c a pair.

#### For Bathing Suits.

Best cloths known for Bathing Suits, 38 inch Brilliantines in white, navy blue and black, and half wool flannels in many and black kinds that usually cost nearly double.

25c

Sateens. The genuine Mulhouse goods, imported to sell at 25c and 35c a yard. Finest of dress Sateens, but excellent for petticoats and linings, better than regular lining sateens. All colors, no black, at lining department 10c

Petticoats. 

#### Lisle Vests.

#### Kid Gloves.

Guaranteed for wear and carefully fitted. An unusual happening at this price, but its a Pre-Inventory event. si.2) grade of Kid Gloves in red, brown tan and white. 2 clasps, very 75c pretty backs.

# A HAMBURGER & SONS とスとスとス とドメドメド





Every mother who has looked around for Boys' Wash Suits knows that our line is the most desirable; style and workmanship the best. We

\$1,00 to \$4,50 a Suit.

MULLEN & BLUETT CLOTHING CO.

\$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10

MID=SEASON SUIT SALE!

CASH IS KING. Our Mr. N. Jacoby has just returned from his semi-annual buying tour. He closed out the entire spring product of the far-famed firm of S. J. NATHAN, SON & CO., for cash, at 663c on the dollar. Bought for two-thirds! Sold

\$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10 \$10

for two-thirds. \$15.00 SUITS for

\$





\$10

\$10

\$10

SPECIAL SACKS

\$10 CHEVIOTS \$10 WORSTEDS \$10 CASSIMERES

SELL \$15.00 STRIPES SPECIAL CHECKS \$10 PLAIDS \$10 TANS \$10

A Solid Center Window Full Of Fine, New, Stylish Suits, "Special-ed" immediately

MADE

Jacoby Brothers,

128-138 North Spring St.